# The New-York Times.

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## THE CHARTER.

### Close of the Debate in the Assembly—Amendments—The Act Ordered to a Third Reading.

From Our Special Correspondent.

ALBANY, Friday, Feb. 21, 1873.

When the Assembly met this morning, at 10½ o'clock, various efforts were made to get in reports of committees, and do other miscellaneous business, but without success, owing to the tactics of Speaker Cornell. The only thing done was to sustain the veto of Gov. Dix, lately noticed, of a bill to which he objected, because it was special legislation. The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the New-York charter, with Mr. Moore, of St. Lawrence, again in the chair. He stated that the pending question was the amendment of Mr. Blumenthal, providing for appointments by the Mayor alone, to the substitute of Mr. Opdyke for section 25, which provides for nominations by the aldermen and confirmations by the Mayor. Mr. Opdyke made a few forcible remarks in support of his substitute, contending that it gave the Mayor more power than the plan of Mr. Blumenthal. Mr. Voorhis, of Rockland, then took the floor and saying, that being recorded with and supposed to belong to the opposition in this Chamber, he had often found himself voting with the majority, and especially on this charter, which he believed had been framed with a view to serve the best interests of the people. Being, therefore, in antagonism to his party on the charter, he took occasion to explain his position and went over its provisions generally. Mr. Voorhis, after making an argument in favor of the Opdyke substitute, proceeded to say that it would be most unwise to trust the appointing power to Mayor Havemeyer, who is in the hands of the remnants of the Tammany Ring, and he also denounced the Committee of Seventy as a machine for getting office. At the conclusion of Mr. Voorhis' remarks Mr. Blumenthal made a short defense of the Seventy, and Mr. Crawford, of Madison, then proceeded to deliver one of those harangues to which the Assembly has become so accustomed. There was further rambling debate, and finally, Mr. Beebe, being fortified by a stack of law books, proceeded to read various extracts as applicable to his proposition that the Mayor ought to have sole power in the municipality. Mr. Smith Weed was ready with another amendment to give the Mayor nominations and the Aldermen confirmation, which, after debate, was rejected by a vote of 30 to 43. The vote was then about to be taken on the Opdyke substitute, when Mr. Crary interjected another amendment, to require a two-thirds vote of the Aldermen to make appointments over the Mayor's veto. Speaker Cornell spoke against the amendment, and Mr. Husted then closed the debate, announcing that, at the close, he should move that the committee rise and report progress on the bill, with the intention, on getting into the House, of moving to disagree with the report of the committee, and order the bill to be recommitted to the Committee on Cities, with instructions to report the bill complete. He then proceeded to deliver an argument in favor of the charter as a whole, and, in doing so, went briefly over the history of charter struggles in the Legislature in 1870. He concluded with some references to the remarks of Mr. Jacobs last evening, and then moved that the committee rise, report progress on the bill, and ask leave to sit again. Mr. Cornell resumed the chair, and Mr. Pierson then moved to disagree with the report of the committee, and order the bill to a third reading. The general public doubtless requires to be informed that these motions were necessary in order to cut off further debate on the bill, and that such was their object was understood by everybody and denied by no one. In order to clinch the matter Mr. Pierson called the previous question on his motion, and it being sustained on a call of yeas and nays by a vote of 78 to 34, the flood-gates of Democratic talk seemed effectually closed at last. The bill was then ordered to a third reading by 75 to 34, on a call of yeas and nays, but the bill had then only reached the most critical point on its road to a final passage. It had been agreed in Committee of the Whole that the bill should be recommitted to the Committee on Cities, in order that some important amendments might be made, and it was desirable that this should be done in such a way that no time should be lost. The bill, as it was intended it should be in its final shape, was being prepared, and Mr. Pierson therefore moved that the bill be recommitted to the Committee on Cities, with power to report the bill complete at any time. Mr. Jacobs instantly rose and made the point of order that the bill having been ordered to a third reading, it was not competent for the House to recommit, and Speaker Cornell, although his ruling was plainly against a bill in the success of which he has the deepest interest, without any hesitation declared the point of order well taken. Having received this tribute to his mastery of parliamentary law, Mr. Jacobs became magnanimous, and said that he would now ask unanimous consent that the motion of Mr. Pierson might be considered. Mr. Smith-Weed was, however, anxious to get members on the record, and proposed to make no objection if Mr. Pierson would allow a yea and nay vote on the abolition of the Assistant Aldermen, and on the appointing power. This was agreed to by Mr. Pierson on behalf of the majority, and these votes were then taken. The first was on the amendment offered yesterday by C. G. Cornell, by which the Board of Assistant Aldermen would be retained, and was as follows:

YEAS—Beebe, Blessing, Blumenthal, Burns, Campbell, Carpenter, Cleary, Cook, C. G. Cornell, Couchman, Crary, Crawford, Cummings, Deering, Donohue, Healey, Hill, Jacobs, Johnson, Lewis, Lincoln, Mackin, McGuire, Oakley, Opdyke, Ray, Roche, Ryan, Stewart, Tompkins, Van Demark, Van Valkenburgh, Weed, Woods—34.

NAYS—Alberger, Babcock, Badger, Baltz, Biglin, Blackie, Brewer, E. S. Brown, J. H. Brown, Burritt, Clapp, Clarke, Cochue, Coggeshall, Cope, Denniston, Dexter, Elting, Flinn, Foote, Fowler, Furbeck, Gere, Gilbert, Goss, Griffin, Hardy, Heacock, Herrick, Herring, Higgins, Hillyer, Hollister, Husted, Lynde, Manley, Nice, O'Brien, Patterson, Pell, Philipot, Pierson, Porteous, Prince, Raynor, Rice, Rose, Smith, Mr. Speaker, Suydam, Sylvester, Tobey, Townsend, Van Cott, A. L. Van Dusen, W. J. Van Dusen, Vedder, Voorhis, Walker, Watt, Wells, West, Whalen, Wight, Worth, Yeomans, Young—71.

This was almost a strict party vote, the only Democrat voting in the negative being Mr. Voorhis, and the only Republicans voting in the affirmative being Crawford, Lewis, Lincoln, and Opdyke. The next vote, however, was more clearly the test of adherence to the chief purpose of the charter, as it was taken on the amendment of Mr. Smith Weed to give all appointments to the Mayor with confirmation by the Board of Aldermen. It was as follows:

YEAS—Beebe, Blessing, Blumenthal, Burns, Campbell, Cleary, Cook, Cornell, Couchman, Crary, Cummings, Donohue, Hardy, Hayes, Healey, Hill, Jacobs, Johnson, Lewis, Lincoln, Mackin, McGuire, Oakley, Phillips, Prince, Ray, Roche, Rose, Ryan, Tompkins, Townsend, Van Demark, Van Valkenburgh, Weed, Woods—38.

NAYS—Alberger, Babcock, Badger, Baltz, Batcheller, Biglin, Blackie, J. H. Brown, Burritt, Clapp, Clarke, Cochue, Coggeshall, Cope, Crawford, Deering, Denniston, Dexter, Elting, Fish, Flinn, Foote, Fort, Fowler, Gere, Gilbert, Goss, Griffin, Heacock, Herrick, Herring, Higgins, J. B. Hillyer, Hollister, Husted, Kennedy, Lynde, Manley, McGowan, Nice, O'Brien, Opdyke, Patterson, Pell, Philipot, Pierson, Porteous, Raynor, Rice, Smith, Snyder, Mr. Speaker, Suydam, Sylvester, Tobey, Van Cott, A. L. Van Dusen, W. J. Van Dusen, Vedder, Walker, Wells, West, Whalen, Wight, Worth, Yeomans, Young—67.

By examining this vote it will be found that Mr. Hardy, Mr. Lewis, Mr. Lincoln, Mr. Phillips, Mr. Prince, Mr. Rose, and Mr. Townsend, voted with the Democrats, and that Mr. Deering and Mr. Voorhis voted with the Republicans. The decision of this vital point in the charter was, therefore, practically made by a party vote, and after it was announced the House proceeded to some miscellaneous business of no importance, and after the lapse of some five minutes Mr. Pierson again got the floor and reported the charter from the committee complete, and it was ordered to a third reading, by a viva voce vote, only a half dozen of the Democrats giving vent to a feeble no, and the hour of 1½ o'clock having arrived, on motion of Mr. Jacobs, the House adjourned until 7½ o'clock Monday evening. It is understood that the engrossed bill can be reached and passed on Tuesday, under the rule that requires general orders to be laid aside when more than ten bills are awaiting disposition.

THE AMENDMENTS TO THE CHARTER.

As the bill will probably become a law very nearly in the shape in which it was reported back by Mr. Pierson, the amendments which were made are matters of public interest. Taking these up in the order in which they occur, the first is that of Mr. Blumenthal, mentioned yesterday, by which the acting Mayor can sign no ordinance nor make an appointment until the absence or sickness of the Mayor has continued ten days, instead of five days, as it was originally. The second was that of Mr. Prince, striking out certain words in defining the powers of the Common Council, so as to place the parks of the City beyond all question in the control of the Park Commissioners. The third was the adoption of the amendment of Mr. McGuire, by which the person who succeeds to the office of Mayor, when a vacancy occurs, holds the office only until the next general election occurs, instead of during the term for which the Mayor was elected. The fourth was the striking out of the seventieth section, which reads as follows:

SEC. 70. The Superintendent of Police, in addition to his other duties, shall, with the concurrence of the Board of Police, cause to be made and kept in each police precinct a full and correct record of the name, age, birth-place, and place of residence of each inhabitant of the precinct, and such other facts as the Board of Police may from time to time direct, and shall cause a copy to be made and kept at his office; and when such records and copy are so made, it shall thereafter be the duty of the Superintendent of Police to cause the same to be revised and corrected from time to time in each year, as he may deem necessary, and to take all proper and necessary means to obtain and secure, through the patrolmen of the precincts and the residents themselves, early and full information of all changes of residence and removals, so as to keep said records as full, complete, and accurate as possible.

The fifth amendment was the adoption by the committee of one submitted by Mr. Pell, of the Ninth New-York District, by which the seventy-sixth section reads as follows:

SEC. 76. The Department of Public Charities and Correction shall hereafter be composed of and have for its head a board of three persons, which board shall possess all the powers and discharge all the duties now conferred upon such department by special laws and by the provisions of chapter 510 of the laws of 1860, and the acts and parts of acts amendatory thereof, except as the same are modified or repealed by the provisions of this act. The commissioners, except those first appointed, shall hold office for six years, unless sooner removed as herein provided. There shall be under said commissioners a bureau of charities and a bureau of correction. The bureau of charities shall have charge of all matters relating to persons not criminals, but they shall not appropriate any money belonging to the City or City and County of New-York, or raised by taxation upon the property of the citizens thereof in aid of any religious or denominational school or institution, neither shall any property, real or personal, belonging to said City, or said City and County, be disposed of to any such school or institution, except upon the sale thereof at public auction, after the same has been duly advertised, at which sale such school or institution shall be the highest bidder, and upon payment of the sum so bid into the City Treasury, neither shall any property belonging to the City or City and County be leased to any school or institution under the control of any religious or denominational society, except upon such terms as is leased to private parties after same has been duly advertised. The bureau of correction shall have charge of all matters relating to criminals.

The sixth and last amendment (except one of merely verbal consequence offered by Mr. Beebe and adopted,) was the adoption of one prepared by Mr. Opdyke, which provides that the Mayor, Controller, Corporation Counsel, President of the Board of Aldermen, one person to be appointed by the Board of Aldermen and two to be named by the Chamber of Commerce, shall be a commission to prepare a charter for the City of New-York, which being approved by the Common Council shall be submitted to a popular vote, and if it shall receive a majority of the votes it shall be submitted to the Legislature for ratification. No time is named in which the commission shall do its work, and it is the aim of the amendment to afford ample opportunity to those who profess to believe the charter now under consideration imperfect, to make a better one.

But the most important amendment was the adoption of the Opdyke substitute for section 25, which was published in full in THE TIMES of yesterday, with the addition made by Mr. Pierson to-day, that no person removed by the Mayor, with the approval of the Governor, shall be again appointed to the same office by the Aldermen, or Aldermen and Mayor making the first appointment.

With these amendments the bill will be engrossed, and with these it will pass the Assembly in the shape in which it was published in THE TIMES on Monday last.

## THE WEATHER.

### Synopsis and Probabilities.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22—1 A. M.—The area of lowest barometer, which was Thursday night over Ohio and Michigan, has moved eastward to the St. Lawrence Valley. A branch depression is off Cape Cod. North-east winds, with snow, have prevailed in New-England. High north-west winds, with clear and clearing weather, and low temperatures prevail from Connecticut and New-Jersey to Lake Ontario; north-west winds, with clear, cool weather, in the South Atlantic and Eastern Gulf States. Very low temperatures are reported from the Missouri Valley to the lake region. A strong norther prevailed Friday morning on the Texas coast, but has now subsided. The barometer has fallen decidedly at all the Pacific coast stations.

PROBABILITIES.

Rising barometer and clear cold weather very generally prevail on Saturday from the Mississippi River eastward to the Atlantic; local areas of cloudy weather with possibly snow, continue in the lower lake region; diminishing north-west winds over the Middle States and extend over New-England; light winds prevail in the South Atlantic and Eastern Gulf States; northerly winds in the Upper Mississippi Valley; the temperature continues coldest from this region to the lower lakes. Cautionary signals continue at New-London, Boston, and Portland, Me.

### City Meteorological Report.

The following record will show the changes in the temperature yesterday, with the average for the same, as indicated by the thermometer at Dickinson's drug-store, No. 3 Park-row: 3 A. M., 32°; 6 A. M., 33°; 9 A. M., 34°; 12 M., 37°; 3 P. M., 34°; 6 P. M., 32°; 9 P. M., 31°; 12 P. M., 30°. Average temperature yesterday, 32⅞°.

### Safe Arrival of the Steamer Nevada—Cause of Her Delay.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 21.—The steamer Nevada, from Australia, arrived here this evening. When ten days from Honolulu her supply of coal ran so short that she had to put back to that port to recoal. The steamer is all right.

### Police Matters in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Ill., Feb. 21.—The City Council, at a special meeting to-night, confirmed, by a vote of 23 to 9, the nomination of Messrs. Wright and Mason for Police Commissioners in the place of Messrs. Reno and Klopke, who were removed by the Mayor several weeks ago. As the removed Commissioners, with Commissioner Sheridan, still claim to be the legal board, the probabilities are that in the course of a week there will be two boards issuing orders and making appointments and removals. It is hoped the matter will now be brought to a final decision in some way through the courts, when, it is believed, Mayor Medill will be fully sustained in his action.

To-morrow, the anniversary of Washington's birthday, will be observed here as a holiday by the banks and by the Board of Trade, which will hold no session.

## LOUISIANA.

### How the Report of the Congressional Committee was Received in New-Orleans.

*Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.*

NEW-ORLEANS, Feb. 21.—Morton's report receives unanimous Republican commendation here, except in so far as it relates to Judge Durell's action. The Senator concedes the Kellogg Government to be legal and in form republican, and operative through all its judicial, legislative, and administrative branches; yet, but for Durell's judicial maintenance under the Enforcement act, the confessedly legal Government could not have been intrenched. Leading Democratic lawyers admit surprise at Morton's censure of Durell, for although they declaimed against Durell's decisions, they never questioned his right of cognizance under the act. Even the *Times* here, edited by an able Democratic lawyer, when the issue was raised congratulated Louisiana that Durell was to sit thereon. The Democrats are chagrined at the majority recommendation for a new election, when they are certain to be heavily beaten, since Warmoth cannot again ply his frauds for them. The Republican majority in the State is 25,000, and the Democratic Party has been fearful of the result. The *Picayune*—ultra-Democratic—denies the authority of Congress to order a new election, and hopes the Majority bill may not pass. A new election will yield not less than 50,000 Republican majority, owing to the disgust of the Democrats. They are now strenuous for a compromise between the Legislature before the bill shall pass, so as to reward Warmoth with a seat in the Senate, lest in revenge he expose their frauds in the last, and abandon them in the new, election. Overtures to the Kellogg members having been rejected, Warmoth telegraphed McEnery yesterday: "If you are a government, do something to show it now. Action, action, action!" And an artillery battalion and police force were at once organized by McEnery, and a plot arranged to seize the bench of the Superior Court, this morning, and arrest the Kellogg members returned by both boards. The Chief of Police, Mayor, and entire city government—all Democratic—at once intervened and blocked McEnery's plot of violence. At 1 P. M. to-day the McEnery body ordered its Sergeant-at-Arms to arrest and bring before it Collector Casey as a witness in the Returning Board case. The *Evening Picayune* has a most wanton attack on United States District-Attorney Beckwith, as being the instigator of the late proceeding in the Circuit Court. Many prominent Democrats tendered Gov. Kellogg their support last night. The *Republican*, this morning, reveals the whole conspiracy to intimidate the Kellogg body, and the authorities, city and State, are on the alert.

### Apprehensions of Trouble—The Fusionists Threaten Resistance to the Federal Authority.

*Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.*

NEW-ORLEANS, Feb. 21—11½ P. M.—The riot anticipated to-day is postponed by the McEnery Legislature. They avow their intention to arrest the members of the Kellogg General Assembly, and, of course, resistance will be made to their aggression. Numerous threats of revolution have been made, and a plot discovered to overpower the police and seize the station-house. The officers are all armed with repeating rifles. The Democratic City Council still refuses to recognize the McEnery judiciary. McEnery was personally interviewed this morning, and said: "If Kellogg's crowd passes the Appropriation bill, they shall never collect the taxes. The people of the State will rise up in revolution, not in individual resistance, but in a concerted opposition to Kellogg, and the United States forces if they attempt to assist him. I shall see the people protected, and it will take more regulars than they have here to whip us." Organizations of the rebel army are preparing for the coming struggle, and the issue will be on the collection of taxes. Business is seriously affected by the situation. The action of the investigating committee has paralyzed the Federal authorities, injured the prestige of the Administration, and resolved the two Legislatures into a couple of mobs.

## GENERAL NOTES.

A Florida man recently sent 300 alligator hides to Europe.

One Lowell manufacturing company uses 328 tons of coal weekly.

San Francisco's total rain-fall this season has been fifteen inches.

San Francisco had nine murder trials before its courts at the latest dates.

A Richmond boy has had his eye knocked out by a spinning-top thrown by a playmate.

The new Republic of Spain is now indebted to Michigan for congratulatory resolutions.

Baltimore proposes to spend $15,000 for a statue of Lord Baltimore, by William H. Rinehart.

There is a parrot in Addison County, Vermont, which has been owned by the same lady thirty-six years.

Georgetown, Colorado, mildly calls the members of its Vigilance Committee veiled knights of justice.

A California paper recounts a series of massacres by the Modoc Indians since 1846, in which 120 white men were murdered.

Gen. Charles M. Thurston, a graduate of West Point, died at his home in Cumberland, Md., Feb. 18, aged nearly seventy-five years.

An ungallant fellow in Illinois complains that, as matters now stand, a married woman of business has more rights than a man of business in that State.

Samuel A. Hitchcock, of Massachusetts, has given $50,000 to the Illinois College, at Jacksonville, to endow the Hitchcock professorships of mathematics and natural science.

A Sacramento stableman bought an interest in a ready-made clothing store, recently, and occasionally startles a customer by going at him with a brush, with a cautionary "whoa, there!"

The people of Albany are to be called out by the fire alarm, if the ice in the river breaks up at night, that they may all turn out and help the merchants in the vicinity of the docks to save their goods.

The Newburyport School Committee have attempted to investigate the school-house ghost. They account for the noises by an ill-working ventilator, but the mild-eyed little boy did not reveal himself to them.

A Vermont landlord has offered to abandon the sale of liquor if his townsmen will pay him $400 a year, thus assuming part of his loss. The townspeople refuse, and threaten him with prosecution if he continues the traffic.

Gov. Walker's message, recommending that the General Government assume the debts of all the States, has shocked and astounded the conservative papers of Virginia. The Petersburg *Index* says that its "stark absurdity requires no comment."

A farmer now in Illinois, who thirteen years ago sold a load of potatoes in Maine, and by short measure made twenty-five bushels out of twenty-four, has just sent his old customer $1 50, to return the dishonest gain, with interest at ten per cent.

## WASHINGTON.

### Knowing Editors Summoned to Give Testimony—Demagogues and Pharisees—The Washington Monument.

*Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—There was a sensible break to-day in the operations of investigating committees, and the inundation of committee reports which have prevailed for the past few days. No committee of investigation save that of the Ways and Means was in session, and its proceedings were secret. The Wilson committee examined no witnesses, but having observed that the brown-stone organ in New-York seemed to know a great deal about the corruption of members of Congress, it has sent its mandate by the Sergeant-at-Arms for the attendance of the chief editor and one of his subordinates. Important revelations are expected, and some people are rash enough to say that the committee will be convinced that it has not tried to get at the truth. The Ways and Means Committee held a secret session this morning to consider the case of Mr. Bassett, clerk of said committee, the testimony in whose case was concluded yesterday. The conclusion reached was of such a character that every member was put under an injunction of secrecy. An order was made to subpœna the officers of the Pacific Mail Steam-ship Company, including Messrs. A. B. Stockwell, C. K. Garrison, and others. There will, therefore, be an interesting investigation going on all next week.

DEMOCRATIC DESIRE FOR AN EXTRA SESSION.

The manifest purpose of the Democrats to retard business, and force an extra session, is more apparent every day. In the House they have for the past few days fought the provisions of the Sundry Civil Appropriation bill almost inch by inch without success in a single important respect; they force the yeas and nays at every opportunity, and seem to think there is no political object so desirable of achievement as a session of the new Congress. Their only purpose is apparently to start a lot of smut machines and keep them running all Summer. But the Republican majority are now fully cognizant of their purpose, and they have resisted their efforts during the present week very successfully. Yesterday and to-day they solidly supported Gen. Garfield in pushing the bill right along and in resisting Democratic assaults upon it.

PHARISAICAL DEMAGOGUES.

The hypocritical Democracy in the House got rather warmly handled to-day. They have long manifested an itching to throw Credit Mobilier into the faces of the Republicans. They have interlarded all their speeches, on whatever topic, with pharisaical insinuations about corruption and its prevalence, but without daring to venture into open bold statement. To-day Farnsworth was ranting on in his customary indiscriminate manner about rings and corruption funds, and asserting that it was a matter of notoriety that they ruled and controlled the House. Mr. Dawes replied to him in a speech properly indignant and unusually scorching. He said that if the gentleman had any facts to justify his random assertions, it was becoming that he should state them openly and like a man. If he knew the names of any corrupt members of any Congressional ring, he had best name them or hold his peace. Farnsworth, thereupon, as was to be expected, had nothing to say. Mr. Dawes' speech evidently surprised the Democrats, who had been flattering themselves that they had things all their own way. Later in the day, Mr. Holman, whom all the country knows to be the pink of virtue and morality, returned to the attack, and grossly charged Mr. Sargent with using his vote and influence to secure the passage of measures which he knew to be jobs. Holman got more than he bargained for. Mr. Sargent pinned him upon two of his own votes, wherein, by his own confession he was recorded for measures to take large sums of money from the Treasury which he could not defend, and which he confessed he voted for reluctantly, but which would benefit his own locality. Mr. Sargent then challenged any man to show any vote of his which was secured by any means other than his own best judgment. He drove into the Democratic side some hard thrusts at its present attitude. He gave it an assurance which it has needed, that the Republican side can take care of its own wrong-doers, and can stand investigating committees as long as the Democrats can.

AMENDMENTS TO THE SUNDRY CIVIL BILL.

Gen. Butler, near the close of the debate on the bill, made an attack upon the Civil Service Commissioners, by proposing an amendment providing that no portion of the civil service appropriation be applied to the expenses of the commission. The amendment went over for discussion. Another amendment was proposed to the same bill which provides for the practical abolition of public printing for popular distribution. The debate upon this amendment also went over. An amendment making an appropriation of $125,000 toward completing the survey of the North-west boundary line, was agreed upon. Secretary Fish sent a special letter to the House urging the adoption of this amendment. Mr. Holman claimed that this was a petit larceny upon the Treasury. An amendment was also adopted by a close vote giving $50,000 for a navy-yard at New-London, Conn. Messrs. Starkweather, Kellogg, and Barnum had a hearing before the Committee on Appropriations, last week, in favor of it, and the Committee finally recommended it.

THE CASE OF JUDGE SHERMAN.

Judge Sherman is much grieved at the action of the Ways and Means Committee in his case. He claims that he has committed no offense impeachable under the Constitution. The member of the Ways and Means Committee having the resolution in charge failed to get the floor to-day, but the resolution will be reported as soon as practicable.

THE MORRILL COMMITTEE IN SECRET SESSION.

The Senate Credit Mobilier Committee had a secret session to-day, at which there is said to have been an examination of the testimony thus far taken, especially in the case of Mr. Patterson. The evidence in all the cases except Mr. Harlan's is nearly, if not quite, closed. Mr. Alley is expected to-morrow, and he will be examined in regard to the Durant money. In the cases of Senators Logan, Conklin, and Wilson there is no ground on which the committee can report unfavorably.

DEATH OF TWO PER CENT.

The Senate to-day practically killed the Two per Cent. bill by refusing the third reading by a majority of 2. The bill can only be brought before the Senate again on a motion to reconsider. It is understood this motion will be made, but though its advocates are hopeful, the chances of reconsideration will diminish every day that now remains. It has taken two whole days of the time of the Senate, and would be debated two more if any ill fortune should bring it again under consideration.

THE POSTAL CARS.

The Senate took up the Post-office Appropriation bill to day and read it through. It will probably pass early to-morrow, and the Senate will then have only the Army Appropriation bill before it, till the House sends over the Sundry Civil bill. The provision of the bill under consideration when the Senate adjourned was the additional payment clause for railroads for carrying the mails. The debate took a general turn touching the power of Congress to charter and control railroads in the States. The increased compensation will probably be agreed to, as it is generally agreed the rates now are too low.

THE FRANKING PRIVILEGE.

Now the people who have been chuckling over the abolition of the franking privilege are going to have an opportunity to put their congratulation to the test. Government Printer Clapp has sent a letter to Congress stating that, with the pressure of work upon him, it will be impossible to print the customary 250,000 copies of the Agricultural Report before the 1st of July. The result of this communication will be that the resolution to print these reports will not pass Congress. It is so late in the session that any plan for the printing of a smaller quantity of these reports than usual, for sale, is not likely to be matured. The members are by no means disposed to authorize publications upon which they will be obliged to prepay postage. The agricultural report will be missed more than any other document.

THE WASHINGTON MONUMENT.

To-morrow, being Washington's Birthday, will be celebrated by the House in a unique manner. The Special Committee on the Washington Monument, which was appointed some time since, will be accorded the floor to offer a bill asking Congress to make an appropriation to begin the task of completing the great eyesore that has not grown an inch since 1857. The Committee held a meeting last evening, and the interchange of opinions led to the conclusion that it will cost $1,000,000 to finish the monument on the scale upon which it was begun. All the committee were of opinion that to abandon the scheme would be a greater national disgrace than the leaving of it all these years to flaunt its unfinished ugliness in the face of the Capitol. Congress will be asked to appropriate $200,000 for the first year's work, and thus pave the way for finishing the structure before the Centennial. The Monument Association promises to co-operate heartily with Congress in this work.

PACIFIC COAST SURVEY.

The Narragansett, George P. Dewey, commander, has been ordered to proceed to the Pacific coast, to make a survey from Leguna de Jerminos to the northern boundary of the United States. This expedition is expected to be of great service to navigation, inasmuch as that coast is very imperfectly known. Skilled hydrographic officers will accompany the expedition. After completing this survey the Narragansett will join the Portsmouth in the West Indies.

THE POLAND RESOLUTIONS.

A member who has canvassed the House upon the Poland report, expresses the opinion that no more than fifty members will vote for the resolutions.

THE FISHERIES.

Gen. Banks, of the House Foreign Affairs Committee, having the Fisheries bill in charge, believes that the bill will pass notwithstanding the set-back of yesterday. Gen. Butler indicates his determination persistently to oppose the bill, whatever position the Administration may assume.

SENATOR POMEROY'S CASE.

No progress was made in the Pomeroy investigation to-day, and an adjournment was taken till Monday, when the next assortment of the Kansas population who are to act as witnesses is expected to be at hand.

ART.

It is said that the Library Committee will agree to the purchase by the Government of the gallery of pictures by the late George Catlin, illustrating the life and habits of the Indians, and will so report on Monday. The price asked is $100,000, and there will be included in the purchase the collection that was exhibited here last Winter, and the much finer collection now in private hands in Philadelphia.

*Dispatch to the Associated Press.*

ACTS SIGNED BY THE PRESIDENT.

The President has signed the act authorizing and directing the Secretary of the Treasury to cause plans and estimates to be made and a suitable site provided for a public building at Memphis, Tenn.; also, the act authorizing the construction of a fire-proof building at Lincoln, Nebraska; also, for the construction of a court-house, post-office, and other Government offices, at Grand Rapids, Mich.; also, for the erection of a post-office building at Dover, Del.; also, the act to remit the excise tax upon alcohol used by universities for scientific purposes; also, the act authorizing the nomination and appointment to the retired list of the navy of certain volunteers on the active list of the navy, who are disabled in consequence of wounds received during the late war.

NOMINATIONS.

The President sent the following nominations to the Senate to-day: William L. Scrugge, of Georgia, to be Minister resident to the United States of Colombia; Wylie Chapman, to be Collector of Customs for Alaska; D. C. Tuttle, to be Receiver of Public Moneys at Camden, Ark.; First Assistant Engineer Robert Potts, to be Chief Engineer in the navy; Second Assistants, L. T. Safford and C. H. Manning, to be First Assistant Engineers; Lieut.-Col. H. D. Wallen, to be Colonel; Major John D. Wilkins, to be Lieutenant-Colonel; Capt. Thomas S. Dunn, to be Major; First Lieutenant Robert Pollock, to be Captain; Second Lieutenant F. H. Ebstein, to be First Lieutenant in the army; George B. Hoge, to be Captain in the army.

THE CABINET MEETING.

There was a long and earnest Cabinet consultation to-day, the principal subject of discussion being the condition of the public business. At the end of the conversation the President announced that, after due consideration of the matter, he had arrived at the conclusion it would be proper to defer the contemplated visit to the South. The conditions of the business which will be created by the incoming of the new Administration will be such as require his presence and that of the Cabinet in Washington. For these reasons he will not visit the Southern States in March, as he had intended to do if the public service would admit. It is also learned that there was some discussion in the Cabinet upon the question of calling a session of the next Congress, but there were no intimations that such a call would be made, though the new Senate will be called to meet in extraordinary session on the 4th of March, and a proclamation will be issued, probably to-morrow. It seems to be believed by all prominent officers of the Government here that the public business before Congress, that is, the Appropriation bills, which must of necessity be passed, can be completed before the 4th of March, and thus there will be no reason for a called session of both Houses. There will be several very important matters for the consideration of the Senate.

GERMAN TONNAGE CHARGES.

Official information is received relative to the proclamation of the Chancellor of the German Empire upon the subject of measuring seagoing vessels. The proclamation, dated from December last, recites that on and after Jan. 1, 1873, the statements in relation to the gross tonnage of American vessels contained in the certificate of registry of the latter, shall be considered as entitled to full faith and credit, and no measurement shall be required, provided such vessel shall have been measured according to the law of May 6, 1864. The laws of the United States allow no deduction from the gross tonnage of vessels, and no statements are therefore contained in the certificates of American vessels with regard to the net tonnage to be obtained by such deductions, and it shall therefore be optional with captains of American vessels to pay port charges, &c., without remeasurement of the gross tonnage of their vessels, or according to the net tonnage obtained by previous measurement of that portion of the capacity of each vessel which admits of deductions. Charges shall only be made for tonnage actually measured.

A MURDERER RESPITED.

The President to-day respited until March 28, ex-Policeman O'Brien, who was sentenced to be executed on the 28th of this month for killing Cunningham last August. This respite is to enable his counsel to take additional legal steps in his behalf. It is asserted that Gen. Butler, who has taken an interest in O'Brien's case, will appear as counsel for him provided a new trial is obtained.

## FIRES.

### Destructive Fire in Bridgeport, Conn.

NEW-HAVEN, Conn., Feb. 21.—A fire broke out in the Courtland Block, in Bridgeport, this morning, and could not be subdued before the whole block, consisting of thirteen houses, was burned.

The loss is at $150,000, and is fully insured in the following companies: Howard, of New-York; Springfield and Phœnix, of Springfield; Ætna, of Hartford, and Hartford, of Hartford; Narragansett, of Providence; Phœnix, of Brooklyn; Home, of New-York, and Continental, of New-York.

### Partial Destruction of a Town by Fire.

TITUSVILLE, Penn., Feb. 21.—The *Courier* contains an extended account of a great conflagration at St. Petersburg, Clarion County, Ohio. The main part of the town was consumed this afternoon and evening. The fire commenced at 3½ P. M., and, driven by a high wind, spread with great rapidity. The Opera-house, Adams' Hotel, Emberton Pipe Company's office, Post-office, Savings Bank, St. Petersburg Hotel, Occidental Hotel, the Pacific and Atlantic and Western Union Telegraph offices, hardware and clothing-stores, were among the buildings burned.

### A Famous Dwelling Burned.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Feb. 21.—The residence of President Grant, known here as the old Dent Homestead, and situated six miles from this city, was totally destroyed by fire this afternoon. No particulars have been received. There is said to be no insurance on the property.

### A Distillery in Chicago Burning.

CHICAGO, Ill., Feb. 22.—Messrs. Leitch & Woolner's distillery, on the south branch of the river, a mile west of the Stock-yards, took fire about midnight, and will doubtless be totally destroyed. Large numbers of cattle are in danger.

## BY MAIL AND TELEGRAPH.

Capt. Michael O'Sullivan died, yesterday, at Albany.

The coasting trade of the Cape of Good Hope has been opened to foreign vessels.

Gen. Banks made a speech on Cuba in the House of Representatives last night.

The storm yesterday continued with unabated fury until 10½ o'clock P. M., in Boston.

There were sold, yesterday, $174,000 of Albany County bonds, at a range of $1 03 to $1 03⅜.

One of the heaviest snow-storms ever experienced there prevailed all day yesterday at Albany.

It was agreed in the Cabinet session, yesterday, to close the public departments at noon to-day.

Capt. Wm. Taylor, of the firm of John Taylor's Sons, brewers, of Albany, died there yesterday.

One of the severest snow-storms of the season fell in Augusta, Me., last night. Eight inches had fallen up to 1 A. M.

Theodore Blitz, son of Signor Blitz, died, yesterday morning, at the residence of his father, in Philadelphia, of consumption.

A fire at Lynn, Mass., yesterday, damaged the morocco stock in Hennessy & Doherty's salesroom to the amount of $4,000; insured.

Full returns show that the Board of Supervisors of Onondaga County stand thus: Republicans, 17; Democrats and Liberals, 10.

The German Government has erected a telegraph station on the Peninsula of Hela, which will enable vessels in distress to obtain assistance from Dantsic.

The application in the matter of the estate of Anneke Jans, made by Thomas J. Van Geisen, of New-Jersey, was, yesterday, denied by the Surrogate of Albany County.

The Alabama House has passed the bill authorizing the Government to issue $1,500,000 in bonds to pay outstanding liabilities, including past due interest.

The Missouri House, yesterday, passed a resolution completely exonerating Senator-elect Bogy from any suspicion of having used any corrupt means to secure his election.

A fire broke out in Savannah, Ga., yesterday morning, which destroyed two stables and six buildings. One fireman was killed and another mortally injured by a falling wall.

White, Frame & Co., fish-packers and dealers on Harris' Wharf, Boston, were damaged by fire yesterday morning to the extent of from $12,000 to $15,000; fully insured.

Commander George Dewey is ordered to the command of the Narragansett, and to sail in the steamer of March 1, relieving Commander Richard W. Meade, who returns home.

The Treasury decides that entry of a vessel is complete when the manifest of the cargo has been presented and sworn to by the master and received by the Collector of Customs.

Jeremiah Robbins, agent of the Hall treadle, in Providence, R. I., committed suicide in his office at noon yesterday. A note left for his wife does not explain the cause for the deed.

A report from Fort Benton says the famous Sioux Chief Sitting Bull was killed recently, at Fort Peck Mountain, by a half-breed interpreter, named Branorar, while helping himself to goods at that point.

A party of dredgers brought up from the bay, at San Francisco, the body of an unknown man, respectably dressed. The throat was cut from ear to ear, and about 50 pounds of pig-iron attached to the body.

The latest quotations in San Francisco mining stocks, yesterday, were as follows: Yellow Jacket, 80; Chollar Potosi, 50; Belcher, 85½; Crown Point, 104; Ophir, 46; Consolidated Virginia, 59¾; Raymond & Ely, 78.

A desperate shooting and stabbing affray occurred in San Francisco on Thursday evening between William Ritchie and Albert Dunlap. It is reported that both men are dangerously, and perhaps fatally, wounded.

Another severe snow-storm prevailed at all points on the Hudson, north of Poughkeepsie, yesterday. At that place the new snow was eight inches deep, and north of there ten inches. All the trains on the Hudson River Railroad were delayed.

The Sheriff of Yates County, New-York, has arrived in San Francisco with a requisition for James Burns, the alleged defaulting treasurer of that county. He will start home with his prisoner at once. Burns has been in jail there for several weeks.

The schooner Henrietta, Capt. W. H. Ryder, of Rockaway, from Old Plantation, Va., loaded with oysters consigned to Terry & Johnson, New-York, is ashore about two miles north of Long Branch. All hands were saved. The vessel will be got off.

Burglars broke into the Hyde Park, (Penn.,) Bank on Thursday night. The vault was forced open and an unsuccessful attempt made to blow open the safe. One hundred dollars in currency were carried away. A full set of burglars' implements was left behind.

In Indianapolis, the jury in the case of Theodore Brown, charged with the murder of his wife in December last, after being out thirty-five hours, returned a verdict of manslaughter. The prisoner was sentenced to twenty-one years in the penitentiary.

A fire broke out in Johnstown, N. Y., yesterday morning, destroying the Cayadutta House, and several dwellings and places of business. The residence of the late David Cody was badly damaged. Loss about $75,000; partially insured.

In the application for an injunction to restrain the City of Lewiston, Me., from paying its subscription to the stock of the Lewiston and Auburn Railroad, Judge Kent yesterday morning refused the injunction and dismissed the bill, deciding he had no jurisdiction.

John Little, Superintendent of the blasting operations on Grenville Canal, in Canada, was killed by an explosion of nitro-glycerine yesterday morning. A charge having apparently failed, he went up to examine the cause, when it exploded, killing him instantly.

The steamer Dove, No. 2, owned by the Kentucky River Packet Company, while descending the Kentucky River on Thursday night, struck a snag and sunk. There is but little hope of raising the boat, which was valued at $10,000; insured for $6,000. The cargo of 2,700 sacks of wheat will be a total loss.

## FOREIGN NEWS.

### The Legitimist and Orleanist Quarrel Fiercely Waged in France—Feud in the Assembly.

PARIS, Feb. 21.—The quarrel between the Legitimists and Orleanists has broken out afresh, with increased bitterness. *L'Union* (newspaper) accuses the Ducs de Broglie and d'Audiffret-Pasquier of making a compact with M. Thiers and betraying the Assembly, their motive being solely to obtain office for themselves and their friends.

The Marquis de Franclieu has addressed a letter to the Duc d'Aumale, accusing him of dividing the House of Orleans by seeking to set up a younger branch with himself at the head.

The decision of the Committee of Thirty, by their vote on Wednesday last, in favor of creating a Second Chamber of the Assembly, has led to a complete rupture between the parties of the Right and Right Centre.

The *American Register* announces the sale by auction of the office fixtures and other effects of the bankrupt firm of Bowles Brothers.

Hon. E. B. Washburne, United States Minister, will entertain the Diplomatic Corps at a dinner to-morrow.

### Report of the Committee of Thirty Read in the Assembly.

VERSAILLES, Feb. 21.—In the Assembly today, the report of the Committee of Thirty was presented and read by the Duc de Broglie, the committee's official reporter. The constitutional project is elaborately discussed and supported with strong arguments. The Duke seeks to demonstrate the necessity of making the Ministers responsible to the Assembly for their acts, and shows that this principle carries with it the responsibility of the executive. A warm eulogy is paid to President Thiers for his exalted patriotism and illustrious services to the country. Much space is devoted to the proposal for the creation of a second legislative chamber. Such a body, the report argues, would act as a counterpoise to the demagogic principle of the absolute sovereignty of numbers; it would be eminently a chamber of resistance.

The reading of this portion of the report was interrupted by loud cries of disapproval from the Left.

The report concludes by urging all parties to work together in the spirit of conciliation, and give the country a sound constitution.

The Assembly appointed Thursday next for the consideration of the report.

### The Emancipation Question in the Spanish Assembly—Carlists Defeated.

MADRID, Feb. 21.—The *Imparcial* to-day has an editorial article advocating the withdrawal of the Porto Rico Abolition bill now under consideration, and the substitution of a project of law for the gradual emancipation of slaves in all the dominions of Spain, after the plans proposed by Señors Gasset and Becerra.

The *Gaceta* publishes official confirmation of the report that Ollo's band of Carlists has been defeated at the Heights of Miravalles by the troops of the Republic. The insurgents lost heavily in the action.

The Assembly has adopted the ministerial estimates for military, naval, and home expenditures.

Two more political offenders, condemned to death, have received commutation of sentence.

The *Imparcial* has advices that Don Carlos entered Spain three days ago.

Advices from Saint Sebastian state that passenger traffic on the Northern Railway has been re-established. Troops accompany the trains through the Pyrenees. All points threatened by the Carlists have been fortified and garrisoned by sufficient forces to repel any attacks of the insurgents.

## SANDWICH ISLANDS.

### Inaugural Address of King Lunalilo—Reforms Proposed.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 21.—The Nevada brings advices from Honolulu to Jan. 25.

The King, in his inaugural address, proposed important amendments to the constitution. The first and most important is that the Legislature be divided into two distinct branches—nobles and representatives. He also proposed free suffrage, and that the Attorney-General of the kingdom be no longer a member of the cabinet. The Legislative Assembly adopted these amendments, and it now only remains for the Legislature to ratify them next year.

On Jan. 20 the King prorogued the Assembly. In his address he expressed the hope that the people would sustain, through their representatives, the several amendments to the constitution he had suggested.

The *Commercial Advertiser* wishes the King to visit the United States, to negotiate a treaty of reciprocity with the Washington Government.

## THE CENTENNIAL.

### Report of the Commissioner—Liberality of Pennsylvania.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—The report of the Centennial Commission was laid before the House of Representatives to-day by Gen. Hawley, the Chairman. The accompanying papers include the history of the commission up to the present time, and the classification of the various articles to be exhibited. The report, among other things, stated it has been the constant aim of the commissioners strictly to conform their action to the desires and spirit of the acts of Congress which prescribe the line to be pursued; and they have now to remind Congress that, in conformity with the policy which they have established by the terms of these acts, the fate of the movement for a Centennial celebration, including an industrial exhibition, rests with the people of the United States. If the subscriptions by the people to the stock are prompt and liberal enough, the enterprise will be carried out in a manner worthy of the country and of the exalted motives which inspired it. It is for Congress, in its wisdom, to judge whether any further, and, if so, what, legislation is necessary to place beyond all doubt the success of an undertaking which so nearly concerns the national dignity and prestige, by guarding against its failure or injury from loss of time in securing the necessary capital—the prerequisite for the practical labors of preparing the exhibition and inviting the co-operation of foreign nations.

The report shows that Pennsylvania has generously led the way in the matter of subscriptions to stock, and the direct appropriations, the citizens of Philadelphia alone having taken $700,000 worth of the stock, and the City Government having made, in addition to this, direct appropriations for the work amounting to $575,000. To these facts it may be added that the railroad companies having lines centering at Philadelphia have intimated their readiness to add another $500,000, and a bill is before the Legislature for an appropriation which will probably add $1,000,000 to the direct appropriations, thus furnishing a practical guarantee that the exhibition will be held, and reducing the expenses which would otherwise fall upon the fund derived from subscriptions—fifteen per cent. on the $10,000,000—thus making it probable that the stock will be a paying investment.

### Shocking Murder in California.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 21.—A shocking murder was committed at Vallejo this afternoon. Isaac Robinson was shot through the head and instantly killed by ex-City Marshal John J. Watkinson. They quarreled about a woman named Mrs. Ellery. They clinched, and, after a long struggle, Watkinson drew a pistol and fired. Robinson fell dead, but Watkinson fired four more shots at him, and beat him on the head with the butt of his pistol. The affair has created the most intense excitement, and there is talk of taking out Watkinson, who was arrested, and lynching him.

## ANOTHER SWINDLE.

### The Broome-street Widening—Fraud on Property-Holders—George H. Purser's Little Bill of Expenses.

Another swindle on the tax-payers has just been unearthed by the investigation of George H. Purser's bill of expenses for the widening of Broome-street, in the vicinity of Greene. It will perhaps be remembered that a plot of ground, 125 feet long by about 12 feet wide, had been inclosed with a railing as private property on the southern sidewalk, in Broome-street, and that in January, 1871, a contemplated improvement was authorized by which this reserved space should be thrown into the roadway as it was neither useful nor ornamental in its then condition. For this purpose three commissioners were appointed to make the proper awards and assessments. The commissioners named were James A. McMasters, Gratz Nathan, and William Bartlett. The decision of McMasters and Nathan—for Bartlett was never known to be present at any of the meetings of the commissioners—was so outrageous that the property-holders rose up and bitterly opposed the whole scheme. The meetings of the commissioners were held in George H. Purser's office, and he appeared to transact the entire business, for which he presented to the City a bill for $18,850 28, three times the value of the whole property at the highest rate for real estate in the neighborhood. Had it been possible to build on the piece of ground thus taken by the City, the land would not have realized more than $5,000 or $6,000, according to the value of real estate in the neighborhood, whereas the inclosed space, in consequence of its location, was almost valueless, it being outside of the line of the buildings. In order, however, to give a clear idea of the outrageous charges made by George H. Purser, a copy of the bill of expenses which he presented to the City for payment is herewith given in full:

COSTS IN THE BROOME-STREET WIDENING.

| | |
|---|---|
| James A. McMasters, commissioner | $1,200 00 |
| Gratz Nathan, commissioner | 1,200 00 |
| William Bartlett, commissioner | 1,200 00 |
| McDowl & McCurdy, surveyors | 6,462 61 |
| George H. Purser, clerk to commissioners | 800 00 |
| George H. Purser, room rent | 200 00 |
| Thomas Sinclair, for clerical services | 280 00 |
| John Callagher, appraiser | 150 00 |
| M. C. Rogers & Co., printing and stationery | 1,520 95 |
| George H. Purser, drafting and copying report | 840 00 |
| John Dooley, posting twenty days' notice | 50 00 |
| John Dunn, posting sixty days' notice, fourteen days' notice, and ten days' notice | 220 00 |
| The *World*, publishing legal notices | 1,160 70 |
| *Commercial Advertiser*, publishing legal notices | 1,185 00 |
| *Daily News*, publishing legal notices | 88 00 |
| *Daily Star*, publishing legal notices | 1,332 00 |
| *Evening Post*, publishing legal notices | 65 52 |
| *Journal of Commerce*, publishing legal notices | 75 90 |
| *Daily Transcript*, publishing legal notices | 869 80 |
| Total | $18,850 28 |

It will be seen that $1,200 are charged for William Bartlett's services as commissioner, whereas, it cannot be ascertained that he performed any other service than to allow his name to be appended to the newspaper advertisements. The next outrageous charge is $6,462 61, for surveying a piece of ground 125 feet by 12, a charge far in excess of the entire value of the land, even at its highest price. Mr. Purser then charges $800 for his salary as clerk; $200 for room rent, $840 for drafting and copying a report, and $280 for the clerical services of Thomas Sinclair, making a total of $2,120, when all the clerical work and copying was done by Sinclair alone. An item for stationery, &c., of $1,520 95 appears, but what the stationery was required for does not appear, nor why such a large quantity was needed. A charge of $50 is made to the credit of John Dooley, for posting the twenty-day notice, although it was only necessary that he should post a copy of the notice in three places adjoining the property affected. In addition to this is a charge of $220 to the credit of John Dunn, for posting the sixty-day, fourteen-day, and ten-day notices, in a similar manner. Who Dunn and Dooley are or were it has been impossible to ascertain. The newspaper bills are also greatly in advance of the regular rates charged by the offices named, in their usual course of business. It will be perceived that a bill for $1,332 is set down to the credit of the *Star*, and $1,160 70 to the credit of the *World*, for publishing precisely the same notices, although the rates charged by those offices are exactly the same. A portion of these bills is for advertising for sixty days, from April 15, 1871, the motion for the confirmation of the reports. The advertisement in the *World* occupies fifty-one lines, which at the current rates for such advertisements would have made the total charge $612 in each of the journals named, and yet Purser's charge to the credit of the *World* is $1,071, and to the credit of the *Star*, $1,224. Another charge is for a "notice for objections," to be published ten days from May 22, 1871. This advertisement in the same paper makes twenty-three lines, which should cost $46 in each journal; but which is credited to the *World* at $89 70, and to the *Star* at $108. The rates for advertising in the *Commercial Advertiser* are much lower than in the two journals named above, yet a bill is put in for $1,185. The charges credited to the *Transcript* are equally in advance of the regular rates, the total sum being $869 80. These special advertisements, for which over $4,500 are charged, were published in the papers that were not likely to be seen by the persons mostly interested; while in those papers that would reach the property-owners, the aggregate of the advertising did not reach $250. On the whole, the bill of George H. Purser, for expenses in the widening of Broome-street, presents on its face a gross fraud, so flagrant that it is no wonder the property-holders in the vicinity protested before Judge Cardozo against its payment; yet, in spite of that protest, Judge Cardozo, on the same day, after the court had been closed, confirmed the bill of costs, and ordered that it should be paid.

## THE SINKING FUND.

### Valuation of City Property—No More Free Grants of Land.

The Commissioners of the Sinking Fund met yesterday, the Mayor presiding.

Alderman Van Schaick presented a report on the petition of Stratton & Johnson for a water-grant of land at the foot of Van Brunt and Summit streets, Brooklyn. The report states that the petitioners can show no evidence of ownership of the upland adjoining the water-front applied for, and that no further action should be taken until the ownership of the land is proved. The report was adopted.

The clerk was directed to prepare a list of all applications for water rights not acted upon.

The Controller said the rate at which water rights can be granted is fixed by the Controller and the Commissioners of Public Works, and confirmed by the Sinking Fund Commissioners.

The sum of $800,000 was ordered to be transferred from the appropriation for payment of interest on the sinking fund to the general fund for the reduction of taxation.

A motion was adopted to join the Mayor with the Controller as a committee to make investments on behalf of the sinking fund.

The Controller called up his report, made in 1872, on the claims of Messrs. Palmer, Muller and Bleecker, for appraising the real estate of the City and county. These gentlemen claimed for their services $150,000, Mr. Palmer subsequently withdrawing his claim. The report awards $3,000 each to Messrs. Muller and Bleecker for their services, and recommends the payment of their actual expenses, amounting to $6,590.

The Controller said there was no fund out of which to pay this amount, and a special act would have to be passed to provide for it.

The Recorder thought the three valuers should be allowed $5,000 each. Mr. Bleecker is now suing the City, he said, for $15,000. Mr. Palmer had stated to him that it had cost him $5,000.

Mr. Van Schaick said this valuation was a most extraordinary proceeding. It was done to bolster up the City credit, while millions of dollars per month were being stolen. The valuation could have been made while these men sat in their own offices. It would be sufficient to pay the actual expenses incurred.

The report was laid over.

The application of the Ladies' Union Aid Society for a lease of land on which to build was brought up.

Mr. Van Schaick said he would oppose all free grants of land to all persons and societies whatever. The City had no right to make such grants. The Recorder expressed the same opinion.

In reply to a question of Mr. Van Schaick, the Controller said the plans of the Dock Commissioners for the laying out of the upper portion of the City had not been acted on because they were utterly unfit for the purpose for which they had been prepared.

The Board then adjourned.

### Funeral Services of the Late A. W. Fenno.

The funeral services of the late A. W. Fenno, actor, took place yesterday afternoon, at the Church of the Transfiguration, in Twenty-ninth-street, near Fifth-avenue. The body, which had been dressed in a white merino robe and placed in a plain rosewood casket, was transferred to a hearse at 2½ P.M., and removed from Mr. Fenno's late residence, No. 39 West Twenty-fourth-street, to the church, where the funeral services of the Protestant Episcopal Church were read by the rector, Rev. G. H. Houghton. At the conclusion of the services, the upper portion of the lid of the casket was removed, allowing the friends a last view of the face of the deceased. The congregation which filled the body of the church was composed almost entirely of members of the histrionic profession. With two exceptions, all of the company and attaches of Booth's Theatre were present, including Messrs. W. J. Florence, Joseph Booth, Robert Pateman, S. H. Magonigle, and Misses Pateman, Wells, and Young. Messrs. John Gilbert, of Wallack's; Mark Smith and D. H. Harkins, of the Union-square, and L. Mestayer were also present. When all the friends had passed out, the casket was closed up and incased in a wooden box, and conveyed to the Grand Central Depot, whence it was taken to Boston, accompanied by the niece of the deceased, who was among those at the services yesterday.

## NATIONAL BANK EXAMINER.

### Important Presentment by the United States Circuit Court Grand Jury.

The Grand Jury came into the United States Circuit Court yesterday, Judge Blatchford on the bench, and, after presenting a batch of indictments, were discharged for the term. Among the indictments was one against William Moffatt Graham, the President of the Wallkill County National Bank, and Charles H. Horton, the fugitive Secretary. The Grand Jury also handed in the following presentment, in which important changes are recommended as to the office of Bank Examiner, and charges of gross neglect are made against ex-Controller of the Currency Hulburd. Under the present system Bank Examiners receive $5 a day for every day's service, which sum is paid by the bank. The system is open to much abuse, from the fact that the examiners give no bonds for faithful performance of duty. They have no special interest in unearthing fraud or bad management, and are sometimes tempted to act in collusion with corrupt bank officers. The officials in the District-Attorney's office are heartily in favor of the reforms urged in the presentment.

In regard to the Wallkill Bank, the letters from Mr. Hulburd, which are annexed to the presentment, conclusively show that, as long ago as Feb. 14, 1871, he was fully aware of the condition of the bank.

#### THE PRESENTMENT.

SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW-YORK, ss.—The jurors of the United States of America, within and for the district and circuit aforesaid, on their oath present, that in their investigation of complaints against certain officers of the Wallkill National Bank, certain facts were elicited which, in the opinion of the jurors aforesaid, make it proper that they should call attention to the gross neglect of duty, both on the part of the late Controller of the Currency, C. T. Hulburd, and certain directors of said bank. It appears from the evidence and from the letters of Mr. Hulburd to the President and Cashier of said bank, that as early as Feb. 14, 1871, the bank was in an insolvent condition. It appears by the letter of the Controller, a copy of which is hereto annexed, bearing date Feb. 14, 1871, that the reserve of the bank was then $26,280 short, and that the cashier committed forgery in statements rendered to the Controller of the Currency, and that the legal-tender money in the bank was $14,712 less than the amount required by law. Notwithstanding these facts, attested by the signature of the Controller and the report of the Bank Examiner, neither the officer of the bank nor any of the directors took any effectual means to correct them.

The law provides that such a deficiency in the bank reserve is a good ground to forfeit the charter of the association: and while it may be that such a penalty should not be inflicted in the case of a temporary or accidental deficiency of this nature, that, had the Controller at that time performed his duty, he would have found such a condition of things as to require stringent measures on his part. Not only did the Controller not take any vigorous measure to protect the interests of the stockholders and depositors, but we are compelled from the evidence, to believe that he actually assisted the President and Cashier in concealing the real condition of the association from the directors. As a result, the bank failed a few weeks since, and investigation shows that not only has its entire capital been dissipated, but a deficiency exists, which the stockholders must make good, while large sums have been lost by special depositors.

It appears that the affairs of the bank were conducted in a very loose, unbusinesslike, and negligent manner. The cashier was a defaulter and fugitive from justice, and frequently absent from the bank for days at a time, and the affairs of the institution left in charge of a teller, a mere youth of little or no experience in banking business. The President appears to have been directly implicated with the cashier in embezzling and converting the funds of the association. The vice-president and directors, composing the Examining Committee, appear to have been negligent in their duty to an unaccountable degree. The evidence clearly shows that for a period of two years the association was entirely bankrupt, and that the most superficial examination of the affairs of the bank by the Examining Committee must have made it entirely clear to any ordinary mind that the association was insolvent; yet that committee claim to have examined the bank twice a year without discovering anything wrong. We also wish to call attention to the extreme apathy and indifference displayed by the directors and other parties interested in prosecuting the President and Cashier of the bank, with one exception, Mr. A. A. Bromley, who seems to have done his full duty. They appear to have rather wished to shield the dishonest officers than to prosecute them for their crimes. The bank examiner appointed by the Controller of the Currency seems to have regarded himself as having no duty to perform in this respect.

In conclusion, we are compelled to say that, while there has not as yet been evidence submitted sufficient to make the late Controller and directors of the bank amenable to the criminal sections of the Banking act; yet, in our judgment, they are morally responsible for the losses falling on the innocent dealers and special depositors of the bank. With this example before us, we feel obliged to recommend to the Controller of the Currency, to all the national bank examiners, and especially to the directors of national banks, a more careful supervision of the interests confided to their care, and more stringent measures in the discovery and correction of any infraction of the law, and we earnestly recommend that the National Banking act be amended, defining more directly and explicitly the duties of persons appointed under said act, and known as national bank examiners, and of that effect we make the following suggestions:

*First*—That said examiners be made officers of the United States, and as such officers, subject to the provisions of the general statutes of the United States defining their responsibilities and punishing any offense they may commit.

*Second*—That said examiners be required, whenever they discover any violation of the penal sections of the Banking act, to proceed forthwith before the United States Attorney for the district in which said violation occurs, and lodge a complaint against any and all persons committing such violation.

*Third*—That said examiners be paid by the Government and not by the banks they are appointed to examine.

JOHN H. HALL, Foreman.
W. B. GARDINER, Secretary pro tem.
GEO. BLISS, Jr., United States Attorney.

Judge Blatchford caused the presentment to be indorsed with the following order:

Ordered, That the Clerk transmit a certified copy of the within presentment to each of the following persons: The Controller of the Currency, the Secretary of the Treasury, the Chairman of the Committee on Banking of the United States Senate, and the Chairman of the Committee on Banking of the House of Representatives of the United States.

### Turf Notes.

The Nashville Blood Horse Association will begin its Spring Meeting on Tuesday, May 13, and it is to continue five days. The added money amounts to $4,300.

The Jerome Park, Long Branch, and Saratoga Associations have determined to enforce the rule regarding forfeits, and will not receive entries from parties who are in arrears.

Mr. J. G. Berthune, well known as the manager of the blind negro pianist, Blind Tom, has purchased the blood mare Ringlet, by Ringgold, and he intends to breed her to Longfellow.

Village Blacksmith, the winner of twelve races last year, has been sold to parties in this City, but his trainer has refused to deliver him to his new owner, as he states that he has claims upon the horse which have not been settled.

Dorling's racing calendar, for 1872, is out and full of valuable information for racing men. Besides summaries of the races, there are reliable tables of statistics and tabulated pedigrees of the great sires, Lexington, Leamington, Australian, and Eclipse.

Mr. R. F. Galloway, of Sufferns, N. Y., lost his five-year-old horse Ramapo, last week. The horse reared and fell backward, striking his head on the ground. Ramapo was sired by Happy Medium, and his dam was by Revenue. His owner had refused $10,000 for him.

In the entries to the Pimlico Stakes of the Maryland Jockey Club, the pedigree of Wanderer is given wrong. He is out of Coral, by Vandal, instead of Choral, by Chorister, as published.

The trotting track belonging to the Lexington Association is announced to be sold off in in lots, unless the turfmen buy the whole plot, and thus preserve it in its present state. The property is owned by A. J. Alexander, of Woodburn stud farm.

Messrs. Coffn & Lawrence have dissolved partnership, and will henceforth run their horses in different colors. They were very successful last year, especially with the good stout horse Lochiel, who won a large amount for them over the hurdles.

Mr. A. B. Stockwell, of this City, has purchased of George I. Wheeler, of Rome, N. Y., a pair of brown horses, which Mr. Stockwell intends to use for road purposes. The horses are five-year olds, one of them being by Washtenaw, and the other by Pathfinder. The price paid for the pair was $5,000.

### Criminal Cases to be Prosecuted with Vigor in the United States Courts.

United States District-Attorney Bliss has resolved to dispose speedily of indictments for offenses against the laws of the United States. He has had the following circular issued, copies of which are to be sent to all persons under indictment who have not been tried. At the extra criminal term, which will begin in March, many old cases will be disposed of:

SIR: I desire to call your attention to the fact that, under the recent act of Congress, a term of this court will commence on Wednesday, March 12, 1873, exclusively for the trial of criminal cases. As it is my intention to make an effort to clear the calendar, I give you this notice in order that you may be prepared for trial, and add that I shall not, either in or out of court, consent to a postponement. Yours, &c.,

GEO. BLISS, JR.,
United States Attorney.

### Police Matters.

Patrolmen Isaac Graham and John Brannick, Twenty-ninth Precinct, were dismissed by the Board of Police yesterday. Acting Sergts. Patrick H. Doran, Sixteenth Precinct; James B. Day, Eighteenth Precinct, and Stephen Keating, Twenty-ninth Precinct, were promoted to be full sergeants, and Roundsman Stephen E. Brown, Twenty-ninth Precinct, was made acting sergeant, and assigned to the Twentieth Precinct; Sergt. Sylvester Osborn was transferred from the Twenty-third Precinct to the Twelfth Precinct, and Sergt. Nathaniel E. Hicks, from the Twelfth to the Twenty-third Precinct. Patrolman Richard King was transferred from the Eighteenth to the Tenth Precinct.

## OBITUARY.

### Brig.-Gen. David H. Vinton.

Gen. David H. Vinton, of the regular army, died yesterday morning at his residence, in Stamford, Conn., of pneumonia, after a short illness. The death of Gen. Vinton was entirely unexpected, as his physicians anticipated a more favorable termination of the attack.

The life of Gen. Vinton was passed almost entirely in the regular army. He was born at Providence, R. I., May 4, 1803. In the Summer of 1818, at the age of fifteen, David H. Vinton entered the United States Military Academy at West Point, from his native State. He was very successful in his studies, and graduated fourteenth in his class, July 1, 1822, receiving a brevet second lieutenantcy in the artillery branch of the service, being soon after assigned, with full rank, to the Fourth Artillery. He served on ordnance duty until June, 1823, when, being transferred to the Sixth Infantry, he went on recruiting service, but subsequently proceeded to Fort Atkinson, Iowa, as ordnance officer, remaining there until 1825, when he joined the artillery-practice school at Fortress Monroe, and remained there for three years. From that time up to the commencement of the Creek and Florida war, in 1835, Lieut. Vinton was on garrison duty at different posts. While on active service in Florida, he acted as Quartermaster, a branch of the service he never afterward left until his retirement from the army. So successful was he in performing the important duties of his position that he became Quartermaster-General of Florida in 1837, and in July of the following year he was ordered on quartermaster duty, as Captain of Staff, on the northern frontier of New-York, during the Canadian border disturbances. He was kept there until 1843, when he proceeded to Fort Johnston, N. C., returning to this State in 1846, doing great service at Sackett's Harbor, Buffalo, and New-York, in making shipments to the army in Mexico. In the Winter of 1846 he became Chief Quartermaster on the staff of Major-Gen. John E. Wool, with the rank of Major, remaining in the field until 1848, when he was sent to the Pacific coast. During the Spring of 1851 he was appointed Chief Quartermaster of the Department of the West, head-quarters at St. Louis, Mo., remaining there until 1856, when he assumed the same position, with rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, in the Department of Texas, head-quarters at San Antonio. In 1861 he was surrendered to the rebels with the United States troops by Gen. Twiggs, and came to New-York on parole, being at that time Deputy Quartermaster-General. Soon after his exchange had been effected, Gen. Vinton was brevetted Colonel and served during the war as Chief Quartermaster at New-York City, being in charge of the depot for supplying the army with clothing and camp equipage. In 1865 he was brevetted Brigadier-General United States Army for faithful and meritorious services during the rebellion, having been commissioned Colonel of Volunteers in 1864. In 1866 he was appointed Colonel of Staff and Assistant Quarter-master General, but only remained in service until July 29, when he was retired under the provisions of the act of 1862, he being then over the age of sixty-two years. For his services in this City during the rebellion, he received the highest praise. Millions of dollars' worth of property was under his control, or passed through his hands, and it was accounted for to the uttermost farthing. A man of great executive ability, and prompt in the discharge of all his duties, his success in the administration of the affairs of the Quarter-master's Department at this post was something wonderful, and was fully recognized by all with whom he came in contact, as well as by the authorities at Washington. Gen. Vinton was a brother of the late Rev. Francis Vinton, of Trinity Church, New-York, and also of Alexander Hamilton Vinton, Rector of Emanuel Church, Boston. An elder brother, Major John Rogers Vinton, of the Third Artillery, was killed during the siege of Vera Cruz. The deceased, Gen. Vinton, was twice married, first in 1829, to Pamela, third daughter of Major-Gen. Jacob Brown, of Brownsville, N. Y., Commander-in-Chief of the United States Army, and afterward to Eliza, daughter of D. H. Arnold, Esq., of New-York.

### Gen. John S. Hammell.

Our mail advices state that Brig.-Gen. John S. Hammell died, suddenly, on Jan. 31, at Camp Baker, Montana Territory, of congestion of the lungs. John S. Hammell was born in the State of New-Jersey, in 1842. He was an earnest student in his youth, and passed through the Newark Academy and the University Law School of this City. When the war began, in 1861, young Hammell volunteered with the Sixth New-York Militia, and remained in the field with it for three months. On his return to New-York, Mr. Hammell enlisted as a private in the Sixty-sixth Volunteers, and being already familiar with tactics, was speedily promoted to a First Lieutenantcy, and subsequently obtained command of a company. While on picket duty in front of Yorktown, Va., in 1862, Capt. Hammell was severely wounded by a sharpshooter, but he returned to his regiment in time for the advance on Richmond, being again wounded at Fair Oaks and Gaines' Farm. At the first battle of Fredericksburg Hammell was Colonel of the Sixty-sixth, and while advancing at the head of his regiment was terribly wounded in the breast, and was taken prisoner. For this service he was brevetted a Brigadier, and served honorably in all of the later campaigns of the Army of the Potomac. When the war closed Gen. Hammell found himself in ill health, and was compelled to go to the dry climate of Minnesota. Subsequently he accepted an editorial position on the Helena (Montana) *Herald*, but was forced to relinquish it, and entered upon out-door employment at Camp Baker, where he died. The news of the untimely death of Gen. Hammell will be received with regret by his numerous friends in this City.

### J. S. Le Fanu.

Mr. J. S. Le Fanu, author of *Uncle Silas*, and other works of fiction, died on Feb. 7 in Dublin. He was between fifty and sixty years of age, and had long suffered from bronchitis. He was a member of the Irish Bar, but had never practiced. He became connected with the Irish Press in early live, and continued occasionally to contribute until 1870. He was also at one time proprietor and editor of the *Dublin University Magazine*.

### The Virginia Secession Ordinance.

A rather curious demand is made on the State Department by some of the present authorities of Virginia, it being for the original draft of the ordinance of secession adopted by the Virginia State Convention in 1861. The particulars are given in a report by James McDonald, Secretary of State of Virginia, to the Legislative Joint Committee on the State Library. He says that he first learned that the paper was in the hands of Judge John C. Underwood, and that he wrote to him, with the approval of the Governor, claiming the parchment as the property of the State. He replied that it was loaned to him by Secretary Seward in 1865, and that he subsequently returned it. Mr. McDonald then addressed himself to the State Department, at Washington, renewing the claim of Virginia to the document, and was told in reply, very properly, that the paper in question is, and has been, for years on file in the department, and that, in the opinion of the Secretary, he is not authorized to remove it or part with it. In conclusion, Mr. McDonald says: "I trust that other and more successful means may be employed to recover possession of this interesting document, which is clearly the property of the State, and the acquisition of which by any other holder can hardly be accounted for reputably." On this point there may be two opinions, but the Virginia Legislature is to be at once asked to pass a resolution, already introduced in one of the houses, calling upon the national State Department to give up this piece of property.

### Books for Sing Sing.

The Prison Association gratefully acknowledge the receipt of contributions of books, magazines, and papers for the Prison Library at Sing Sing, in answer to recent appeals in THE TIMES, from the following named persons: F. W. Vidal, Frank S. Eayrs, F. Sheldon, H. C. Bolton, Rev. Wm. Everett, Dr. W. W. Hall, Smith & McDougal, H. A. Bogert, Mrs. M. Disnow, Miss M. C. Steele, Mrs. A. G. Thurber, Bramshall, Dean & Co., Mrs. Minturn Post, J. J. Tower, Mrs. Inslee, Jr., G. C. Christopher, H. M. Pipolta. Unkown, four packages. Previously acknowledged, fourteen packages.

Contributions sent to the office of the association, No. 19 Centre-street, will be acknowledged and promptly forwarded, or if notice is given, a messenger will call for the parcels.

D. W. SHELDON, General Agent.
NEW-YORK, Wednesday, Feb. 18, 1873.

## FORTY-SECOND CONGRESS.

### THIRD SESSION.

SENATE....WASHINGTON, Friday, Feb. 21, 1873.

Mr. Robertson, of South Carolina, presented resolutions of the Legislature of South Carolina, stating that the withdrawal of United States troops from that State would endanger the public peace. Referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

#### SOLDIERS' "BOUNTY" LAND BILL.

Mr. Stewart, of Nevada, from the Committee on Public Lands, reported adversely the Soldiers' Bounty Land bill. The report was ordered to be printed.

#### GENEVA AWARD.

Mr. Fenton, of New-York, presented three remonstrances signed by a large number of prominent business men of New-York against the passage of any law in relation to the Geneva award which may discriminate against any class of citizens, trade, or profession, believing that the honor of the country will be promoted by adherence to principles of equal justice.

#### ANOTHER ADVERSE REPORT.

Mr. Windom, of Minnesota, from the Committee on Public Lands, reported adversely the bill to incorporate the European and American Land Emigration Company.

#### DISABILITIES OF R. M. T. HUNTER.

Mr. Lewis, of Virginia, from the Committee on Disabilities, reported a bill to remove the political disabilities of R. M. T. Hunter, of Virginia, and asked unanimous consent to put it on its passage, but Mr. Edwards, of Vermont, objected.

#### INDIAN BILLS REPORTED.

Mr. Harlan, of Iowa, from the Committee on Indian Affairs, reported, without amendment, the House bill relative to private contracts or agreements made with Indians; also, favorably, with amendments, the Senate bill to create the Territory of Oklahoma.

Mr. Rice, of Arkansas, from the same committee, reported, without amendment, a bill to provide for opening a military and post road from Walnut River, Kansas, to Main Cache River, Texas.

On motion of Mr. Anthony, of Rhode Island, the bill to provide for reporting and printing the debates was taken up—yeas 34, nays 24—and discussed a short time.

#### TWO PER CENT.

At the expiration of the morning hour the unfinished business, the Two per Cent. bill, came up.

On motion of Mr. Thurman, of Ohio, the House bill was substituted for the Senate bill, and the Senate refused to order it to a third reading. Yeas 24, nays 26.

#### THE POST-OFFICE APPROPRIATIONS.

The Senate then, on motion of Mr. Cole, of California, took up the Post-office Appropriation bill.

The following amendments, reported from the committee, were agreed to:

Requiring persons receiving their mails by the free-delivery system to provide receptacles to facilitate safe and speedy delivery;

Authorizing the Postmaster-General to appoint an additional special agent for the detection and punishment of persons sending obscene or otherwise immoral matter through the mails;

Repealing all laws permitting the free transmission of any mail matter whatever.

Mr. Sherman, of Ohio, moved to strike out the clause providing for $500,000 increase of compensation for the transportation of the mails on railroads. The railroads now, he said, received higher pay per pound for carrying the mails than for any other freight.

Debate was continued at some length on the postal-car question, without action.

#### OBSCENE LITERATURE.

Mr. Buckingham, of Connecticut, called up the bill to punish and prevent the traffic in obscene literature, which was passed.

Pending further action on the Appropriation bill, the Senate adjourned.

### HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

On motion of Mr. Sawyer, of Wisconsin, the Senate bill to authorize the Northern Pacific Railroad Company to construct a bridge across the St. Louis River was taken from the Speaker's table and passed.

#### CHICAGO POST-OFFICE.

Mr. Farwell, of Illinois, introduced a bill to authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to dispose of the old Post-office property at Chicago. Passed.

#### MISSISSIPPI BRIDGE AT ST. LOUIS.

Mr. Holman, of Indiana, moved to suspend the rules and pass the bill authorizing the construction of a railroad bridge across the Mississippi River at St. Louis. Passed—100 to 30.

Mr. Hawley, of Connecticut, from the Centennial Commission, presented a report with regard to the organization, the opening ceremonies, and the duration of the Exposition, and stated that the State of Pennsylvania and the City of Philadelphia had made the success of that Exhibition unquestionable. The City of Philadelphia had raised $500,000 by private subscription, and would make it $1,000,000. The State of Pennsylvania had contributed $75,000, and it was certain that the aggregate subscription of State and city would reach $4,000,000. He hoped the rest of the country would help it out, and they would have in Philadelphia in 1876 the grandest Exposition the world ever saw.

Mr. Myers, of Pennsylvania—There is no doubt of it.

The report was ordered to be printed.

#### STATUE OF PHILIP KEARNEY.

Mr. Hill, of New-Jersey, introduced a bill to donate six bronze or brass cannon for a life-size statue of Gen. Philip Kearney. Passed.

#### PUBLIC BUILDINGS AT PARKERSBURG, WEST VA.

On motion of Mr. Davis, of West Virginia, the Senate bill for a Government building at Parkersburg, West. Va., was taken from the Speaker's table and passed.

#### SHARP PASSAGES.

Mr. Dunnell, of Minnesota, moved to suspend the rules, and pass the bill granting the right of way to the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fé Railroad Company.

Mr. Randall, of Pennsylvania, asked Mr. Dunnell to reduce the grant for depot purposes from twenty to ten acres, but Mr. Dunnell refused to do so.

Mr. Dunnell, of Minnesota, however, did subsequently modify the bill in that particular.

Mr. Holman, of Indiana, said that objection would be withdrawn, if the power to mortgage were struck out; but Mr. Twichell, of Massachusetts, remarked that that would make the bill useless.

Mr. Holman asked that the rule be read which prohibits members from voting on matters in which they have an interest.

The Speaker asked Mr. Holman to indicate the members to whom he referred.

Mr. Holman said he understood that Mr. Twichell was President of the company.

Mr. Twichell denied that statement, and said that the bill proposed a distinct corporation, in which there was nobody yet interested.

The Speaker intimated that the time for making the point of order was after a member had voted.

Mr. Randall, of Pennsylvania—If he should not vote, he should not lobby either.

After some further colloquy, in which Mr. Twichell took part, Mr. Cox, of New-York, said that he had never witnessed anything more shameful in the House than the fact of the president of a railroad company, for whose benefit a bill was under consideration, standing up and arguing in his own interest. They might talk about members being interested in Besemer steel, and Credit Mobilier, and national banks, but he had never seen a worse exhibition since he had been a member of the House. He hoped the gentleman would see that, for the public credit of the body, he should neither vote nor talk for the measure.

Mr. Twichell—Does the gentleman see any Credit Mobilier in this?

Mr. Cox made no reply, and then, after a somewhat tart interchange of views between the Speaker and Mr. Randall over a point of procedure, the House proceeded to vote on the motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill.

The motion was rejected—yeas 99, nays 77, not two-thirds in the affirmative.

#### THE SUNDRY CIVIL APPROPRIATIONS.

The House at 1 o'clock went into Committee of the Whole, Mr. Tyner, of Indiana, in the chair, on the Sundry Civil Appropriation bill.

Mr. Hale, of Maine, moved an amendment, appropriating $500,000 for the purchase of an addition to the site of the Boston Post-office, provided that the City of Boston shall widen Congress-street along the proposed new front of the building to, at least, eighty feet, and widen Milk and Water streets where the buildings have been destroyed by fire, at least, sixty feet.

Mr. Farnsworth, of Illinois, opposed the amendment, and sent up and had read an article from the Boston *Post*, of Jan. 22, criticising severely the Boston Postmaster for dictating to the city authorities as to the widening of the streets, and suggesting that if this official would attend to the business of his office and leave the city to regulate its own street lines and to manage its own affairs, the public would not be a loser by the change.

Mr. Butler, of Massachusetts, advocated the amendment, and attributed the opposition of the Boston *Post*, to the proposed widening of the streets to the fact that that establishment would have to move back its own building.

The vote was then taken on Mr. Hale's amendment, which came from the Committee on Appropriations, and it was adopted by a vote of 70 to 56.

Subsequently, however, the amendment was adopted in a modified form.

The usual annual discussion took place over the items for the District of Columbia. None of them, however, were struck out.

Mr. Garfield moved to amend the item appropriating $5,000 for repairs at the naval station at New-London, Conn., making it read: For work at the naval station at New-London, Conn., $50,000.

In reply to questions by Mr. Holman, Mr. Garfield said that the Committee on Appropriations had considered the question of navy-yards, and that, in regard to League Island, not only was the appropriation estimated for reduced to $250,000, but it was required that $50,000 of the sum should be expended in the actual removal of the Philadelphia Navy-yard to League Island. It was not the purpose of the Committee on Appropriations to create a new station, either at Philadelphia or New-London, but the appropriation for New-London was asked for with the expectation that when the work was sufficiently advanced the Brooklyn Navy-yard would be removed there. Everybody about the Brooklyn Yard, and the representatives from New-York and Brooklyn, were of the opinion that the yard should be removed.

Mr. Wm. R. Roberts denied that the representatives from New-York favored the removal of the Brooklyn Navy-yard. He himself was decidedly opposed to it.

Mr. Garfield's amendment was adopted.

#### AN EVENING SESSION ORDERED.

On motion of Mr. Banks, of Massachusetts, an evening session was ordered for debate on mining matters.

Mr. Farnsworth, in the absence of Gen. Banks, offered an amendment prohibiting, after the 1st of July next, the printing of books by the Government for gratuitous distribution, but with the right to the Secretary of the Interior to order copies of any books or documents printed for the Government, to be furnished to the departments and members of Congress, and also to allow copies to be sold to individuals.

Mr. Butler, of Massachusetts, moved an amendment that no part of the appropriations in the bill shall be used to defray the expenses of the civil service competition.

In order to cut off debate on these amendments, and to pass the bill, the committee, on the motion of Mr. Garfield, rose, and the Speaker having resumed the chair, Mr. Garfield moved to suspend the rules and let the bill and amendments come before the House.

Pending the vote, notwithstanding the order for an evening session, Mr. Sargent, of California, moved that the House adjourn.

The Speaker declined to entertain the motion, as the evening session had been ordered under a suspension of the rules. He suggested to Mr. Sargent that the evening session was for debate only.

Mr. Sargent remarked that he understood very well what it was for. It was to advertise the Sutro Tunnel.

The House then, at 6 o'clock, took a recess until 7½ o'clock.

#### SUTRO.

The House met at 7½ o'clock, Mr. McKee, of Mississippi, in the chair as Speaker pro tem. There were not a dozen members present. The subject of the discussion was the Sutro Tunnel.

## THE SCANNELL TRIAL.

### Continuation of the Evidence for the Defense—The Case Adjourned Until Monday.

The trial of John Scannell for the murder of Thomas Donohoe was resumed in the Court of Oyer and Terminer, yesterday, before Judge Brady. The cross-examination of Michael Fagan, the business partner of the prisoner, was continued, but nothing new was elicited.

John Rollins testified: I was acquainted both with Donohoe and the Scannells, and saw the prisoner and Donohoe at Johnson's pool-room on the night of the shooting. I first saw John Scannell that evening standing at the bar, and a short time afterward Donohoe passed me, going toward where the pools were sold. He passed me about the centre of the bar, and I lost sight of him for about five or ten minutes. I next saw him walk in the direction of three men who were standing near the door. He had his right hand in his coat pocket, and looked pale and very much excited. He then moved about five feet west of the pillar opposite the door, when he stopped and cried out: "Come on, John." I looked toward the bar, but did not see John Scannell. Immediately after I heard some shots, three in number. I did not see either Scannell or Donohoe after the first shot. Before the shooting of his brother Florence, John Scannell was social, merry, and good natured, but after that event he became morose, dejected, and unsocial, and not like himself at all, in fact. He was, however, very much improved in manner, appearance, and sanity since his incarceration in the Tombs.

To the District-Attorney—I was intimately acquainted with the Scannells for ten years. The exclamation "Come on, John," which I heard in Johnson's pool-room on the night of the shooting, was spoken by Donohoe in a very loud, excited, trembling voice.

William Redding testified that he was well acquainted with John and Florence Scannell, and always remarked the extraordinary affection existing between them. At this time he was a man of robust constitution and complexion, fair to look upon. After the shooting of Florence his complexion became altered, his conversation was incoherent, and he evinced a disposition not to talk to any one. He frequently perspired on the forehead without any apparent physical cause, and his hand was cold and clammy.

Solomon Mehrbach testified with regard to the unusually strong feeling of affection between the prisoner and his brother Florence; after the death of the latter John became grave and taciturn; his manner had entirely changed; on the day that Florence was shot he accompanied the prisoner to Jefferson Market Police Court, and his manner was so excited and nervous on that occasion that he thought he would go insane; previous to the shooting of Donohoe the prisoner's manner was excited, his conversation was incoherent, and the witness thought he was not right in his head. His forehead was always perspiring and he constantly swung his hands around with a nervous excitability.

To the District-Attorney: I became bail for John Scannell when he was arrested for the first attempt to shoot Donohoe, and I have subscribed money for his defense in this trial.

Hiram B. Ferguson also gave evidence of extraordinary conduct on the part of John Scannell. He always spoke very bitterly of Donohoe for shooting his brother, and on one occasion he dropped on his knees and called upon God to kill either him or Donohoe. At this time he was very much excited. When he got on his knees and used those words he appeared as if in prayer. Other evidence was given of a corroborative character, and the jury having been discharged until Monday morning, the court adjourned.

## SENATOR POMEROY.

### Testimony of Bond and Bacon Seriously Impaired.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—The Pomeroy Committee resumed its sessions to-day. Mr. Simpson regretted that witnesses whom he expected had not yet arrived, and asked an adjournment till Monday.

Mr. Horton said Mr. Simpson had stated that he expected to prove bribery on the part of Pomeroy's friends, and to connect Pomeroy with the transactions, by the testimony of Messrs. Bond and Bacon. He had a telegram from Leavenworth stating that John C. Murphy had denied that he offered Mr. Bond money for his vote, as stated by Bond before the Committee, and he desired if the committee should decide that the testimony in question connected Mr. Pomeroy with the alleged transactions, that Mr. Murphy be summoned. Mr. Bacon had testified that he (Horton) had offered to buy his vote. He, (Horton,) while zealous of his reputation in this community and before this committee, knew that Bacon's statements could not affect his character in Kansas, and, therefore, unless the committee should decide that Bacon's evidence affected Pomeroy, he would pay no attention to it; but if the committee should decide that Pomeroy was affected, he desired to summon T. J. Dolan, from whom he had received the following letter:

ATCHISON, Kansas, Feb. 16, 1873.

*To Judge A. H. Horton, Washington, D. C.:*

FRIEND HORTON: I see by the papers that Bacon, a member of the Legislature, is on his way to Washington in company with York and Ben Simpson, to testify that he was offered $2,000 to vote for Senator Pomeroy. I thought it my duty to inform you that this man Bacon offered to sell to me his vote for $3,000. He had done so on three different occasions. I told Senator Pomeroy of his offer, and Senator Pomeroy refused to pay anybody any money for his vote. This man Bacon claimed he was elected as a Liberal, and was consequently under no obligation to any Republican for his vote, and therefore told me he would vote for the man who would promote his interests the best. If this will aid you in any way send for me or have me subpœnaed, and I will go and swear to the above facts.

Mr. Simpson said that it was John J., and not John C., Murphy who offered to bribe Bond, and he wanted John J. summoned.

Mr. Horton said he knew no John J. Murphy; he wanted the member of the City Council of Leavenworth whatever his name was.

The committee adjourned until 10 o'clock A. M. Monday.

### Business in the Court of General Sessions.

In the Court of General Sessions, Part I., before Recorder Hackett, yesterday, Henry Alexander, of No. 551 Eighth-avenue, was tried on a charge of receiving a quantity of empress cloth, stolen from the store of H. B. Claflin & Co., by De Witt C. Dye, a young man in the employ of the firm. Young Dye confessed that he had stolen the goods and sold them to Alexander. The latter, when placed on the stand, denied his guilt, but was promptly convicted and sent to State Prison for five years. Edward P. Banning, in whose case the jury disagreed last term, was again brought up on a charge of forging the name of Fellows, Hoffman & Co. to an order for an advertisement in the *Aldine*, on which he received a commission of $60. Mr. James M. Sutton, publisher of the *Aldine*, testified that he had paid a commission to Banning, and afterward discovered that the order was a forgery. Banning, on his own behalf, swore that he made out the order by the directions of Mr. Sutton. The further hearing of the case was adjourned until Monday.

In Part II., Thomas Seaver pleaded guilty of an assault with intent to do bodily harm, and was sent to State Prison for three years. Andrew Meyers, a canal-boatman, charged with drawing a revolver on a man who he mistook for a river thief, was discharged with a caution. Wm. Buckhaus, charged with stabbing Albert Erippi, on the 27th July last, was found guilty of a simple assault, and sent to the Penitentiary for six months. Joseph McGovern, aged fourteen, charged with breaking into Lina Menzenheimer's shoe-store, on Second-avenue, near Forty-second-street, was found guilty of petit larceny, and sent to the House of Refuge.

### Subscriptions to Training School for Nurses.

| | |
|---|---|
| Miss Cath. W. Bruce | $250 00 |
| Clark, Dodge & Co | 100 00 |
| John B. Trevor | 100 00 |
| M. F. N | 50 00 |
| Henry M. Faber | 100 00 |
| F. G. Shaw | 20 00 |
| Guy Richards | 20 00 |
| John A. Hardenbergh | 100 00 |
| Mary Schlesinger | 100 00 |
| Charles E. White | 25 00 |
| T. W. Shannon | 100 00 |
| John H. Hall | 50 00 |
| Mr. Turner, through Mrs. A. H. Bellows | 25 00 |
| Mrs. B. F. W | 10 00 |
| Miss C. M. Wheelwright, annual subscription | 10 00 |
| Mrs. John H. Hall, annual subscription | 10 00 |
| Miss M. F. Hall, annual subscription | 5 00 |
| Mrs. Geo. Leavitt, annual subscription | 5 00 |
| T. W. Shannon, annual subscription | 10 00 |
| Total | $1,090 00 |
| Previously reported | 12,221 60 |
| Total | $13,311 60 |

HENRY G. STEBBINS, Treasurer,
No. 50 Exchange-place.

### Fire at James'-Slip Ferry.

Fire was discovered in the Hunter's Point Ferry Company's depot, foot of James'-slip yesterday. It spread rapidly through the wood-work of the main building, and for some minutes fears were entertained that the entire structure would be swept away by the flames. Capt. Ulman and Sergt. Kelly, of the Fourth Precinct, with a section from the Sixth Precinct under Capt. Kennedy, established fire lines. A number of thieves from the Seventh Ward attempted a raid on the baggage-room, but were driven off by Detective Fitzsimons, who, with other officers, preserved the property stored in the building. The fire was extinguished after damaging the building $7,000, on which there is no insurance.

## THE NEW RING INDICTMENTS.

### Ingersoll Gives Bail—Tweed and Hall to Give Bonds on Monday.

James H. Ingersoll was the only one of the indicted Ring thieves who gave bail yesterday. During the morning, Ingersoll, accompanied by his father, Mr. Lorin Ingersoll, and Mr. Charles Root, his counsel, went to the Oyer and Terminer Court-room, where Judge Brady was listening to the proceedings in the Scannell trial. Mr. Root stated to the Court that he believed that new indictments had been found against his client. Mr. Ingersoll, he said, was then in court, and was prepared to give whatever bail might be fixed.

District-Attorney Phelps said that as Ingersoll was already under heavy bonds on the old indictments, he would not press, for more than $2,000 on each of the three new indictments which had just been found against him.

Judge Brady then fixed the bail at $6,000, or $2,000 on each indictment, and Ingersoll, his father and his lawyer went to the District Attorney's office, where Mr. Lorin Ingersoll signed the bonds. These new indictments are for forgery in the third degree, and are founded upon the same evidence as those upon which Ingersoll was last year presented by the General Sessions Grand Jury.

It was said yesterday, on good authority, that there are fifteen new indictments against Tweed. Mr. Graham, Tweed's counsel, said that his client would certainly present himself in court on Monday next and give bail, which is understood to be $2,000 on each indictment. Mayor Hall will also renew his bail on Monday.

Bench warrants have not been issued for any of the accused, and it is probable that all of them—except Fields and Connolly, who are at present beyond the reach of justice—will give further bail before the District Attorney demands that Judge Brady's order of arrest shall issue.

## RUSSIA AND KHIVA.

### The Czar's Relations With England—The Russian Forces in Central Asia.

The following is the dispatch addressed by Earl Granville to Lord A. Loftus, and read on Feb. 6 in the House of Lords:

"Having received information from your Excellency and from Count Brunnow that Count Schouvaloff, a statesman enjoying the full confidence of the Emperor of Russia, had left St. Petersburg for London at the desire of his Imperial Majesty, I had the pleasure of receiving his Excellency on the 8th inst. He confirmed the fact that it was by the Emperor's desire that he had sought a personal interview with me. It had caused great surprise to his Imperial Majesty to learn from various sources that a certain amount of excitement and susceptibility had been caused in the public mind of this country on account of questions connected with Central Asia. The Emperor knew of no questions in Central Asia which could affect the good understanding between the two countries. It was true that no agreement has been come to as to some of the details of the arrangement concluded by Lord Clarendon and Prince Gortschakoff on the basis of Mr. Forsyth's recommendations as to the boundaries of Afghanistan; but the question ought not to be a cause to ruffle the good relations between the two countries. His Imperial Majesty had agreed to almost anything that we had asked. There remained only the point regarding the Provinces of Badakshan and Wakhan. There might be arguments used respectively by the departments of each Government, but the Emperor was of opinion that such a question should not be a cause of difference between the two countries, and his Imperial Majesty was determined that it should not be so. He was the more inclined to carry out this determination in consequence of His Majesty's belief in the conciliatory policy of Her Majesty's Government. Count Schouvaloff added, on his own part, that he had every reason to believe, if it were desired by Her Majesty's Government, the agreement might be come to at a very early period. With regard to the expedition to Khiva, it was true that it was decided upon for next Spring. To give an idea of its character, it was sufficient to say that it would consist of four-and-a-half battalions. Its object was to punish acts of brigandage, to recover fifty Russian prisoners, and to teach the Khan that such conduct on his part could not be continued with the impunity in which the moderation of Russia had led him to believe. Not only was it far from the intention of the Emperor to take possession of Khiva, but positive orders had been prepared to prevent it, and directions given that the conditions imposed should be such as could not in any way lead to a prolonged occupancy of Khiva. Count Schouvaloff repeated the surprise which the Emperor, entertaining such sentiments, felt at the uneasiness which it was said existed in England on the subject, and he gave me most decided assurance that I might give positive assurances to Parliament on this matter."

#### THE CZAR'S FORCES IN ASIA.

The Cologne *Gazette* gives an account of the Russian forces in Central Asia. On the Caspian Sea Russia has seventeen steamers, of together 980 horse-power and 4400 tons, and seventeen sailing vessels, of together 1,250 tons. This fleet is considered sufficient to transport in a very short time half, if not the whole, of a division across the Caspian Sea. On the Sea of Aral are stated to be six Russian steamers, of 186 horse-power and 500 tons. The regular forces which have been advanced to the Russian frontier districts consist of eighteen battalions and four batteries, to which, however, are to be added considerable contingents of the Tchernomoric and Caucasian line Cossacks. In reality this force is to be considered only as the vanguard of the Russo-Asiatic Army. After the complete subjection of the Caucasus, the main body of that army is now the so-called Army of the Caucasus, of which the front is continuously and exclusively directed toward Asia, and which may be transported at any given moment to Central Asia by the fleet of the Caspian Sea. This explains why that army has not been dissolved after the subjection of the population of the Caucasus. It is composed now of six divisions of infantry, one division of cavalry, thirty-one batteries with 167 cannon, two battalions of sappers and miners, and thirty-six garrison battalions—altogether, when on the war footing, 163,759 men, of whom 90,000 to 100,000 may be put into the field immediately. One of the newly-formed railway battalions has already been joined to that army.

## LAW REPORTS.

### COURT CALENDARS—THIS DAY.

COURT OF APPEALS, ALBANY, Feb. 21.—Following is the Court of Appeals day Calendar for Feb. 24.—Nos. 66, 227, 607, 589, 611, 92, 68½, 642.

### DECISIONS.

#### SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM—FEB. 21.

*By Judge Van Brunt.*

Lee *vs.* Lawrence; see memorandum with counsel.
Steinhardt *vs.* Funk; findings settled.

#### SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—FEB. 21.

*By Judge Davis.*

The People, &c., *vs.* The Central Railroad Company of New-Jersey; memorandum with clerk for counsel.

#### SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM—FEB. 21.

*By Judge Freedman.*

Kilpatrick *vs.* Starr; order granted.
The Granville Woolen Company *vs.* Ripley; order granted.
The Granville Woolen Company *vs.* Cameron; order granted.
Dusenbury *vs.* Hoyt; case ordered to be filed.
Caryes *vs.* Kernan; order granted.
Hotchkiss *vs.* Hyllyer; motion denied.
Diets *vs.* McCallum; motion granted on terms.

*By Chief-Justice Barbour.*

Goodman *vs.* Stroheim; see memorandum with the Clerk at Special Term.

#### COMMON PLEAS—SPECIAL TERM—FEB. 21.

*By Judge Robinson.*

Montaines *vs.* Levy; see memorandum with clerk.
Life *vs.* Pelser; motion denied.

## COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

NEW-YORK, Friday, Feb. 21, 1873.

COFFEE—Has been very firmly held, but without activity, within the former range; 2,300 bags Laguayra, by the Hermes, at Philadelphia, sold on private terms. For Java some very full bids were reported as having been refused. Offerings of desirable lots quite meagre.

COTTON—Has been dull and somewhat nominal for early delivery; sales, 381 bales, including 130 bales to shippers, 131 bales to spinners, and 100 bales in transit. For forward delivery there has been a restricted business reported at an advance of 1-16c.@⅛c. ℘ lb. Sales have been made of 10,100 bales, (of which 3,200 bales last evening, and 6,900 bales to-day,) basis Low Middling, including February contracts, at 20¾c.; March at 20 9-16c.; April at 20¾c.; May at 21 3-16c.; June at 21½c.; July at 21 11-16c. The receipts at this port to-day were 3,229 bales, including 845 bales from Norfolk, 1,673 bales from Charleston, 911 bales per rail. The reported receipts at the shipping ports to-day were 13,905 bales, and for the week, 168,779 bales, against 123,833 bales the previous week, and since Sept. 1, 2,662,895 bales, against 2,163,405 bales same time last year. The following quotations are based on Cotton, in store, running in quality not more than half a grade above or below the grade quoted:

*Closing Prices of Cotton in New-York To-day.*

| | Uplands. | Alabama. | N. O. | Texas. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ordinary | 17⅞ | 17⅝ | 17⅞ | 17⅞ |
| Good Ordinary | 18⅞ | 18⅝ | 18⅞ | 19 |
| Strict Good Ordinary | 19⅜ | 19 5-16 | 19 9-16 | 19¾ |
| Low Middling | 19¾ | 20 | 20⅛ | 20¾ |
| Middling | 20⅛ | 21⅛ | 21⅜ | 21¾ |
| Good Middling | 22⅜ | 23⅛ | 23⅜ | 23¾ |

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been very sparingly dealt in, altogether in a jobbing way, at irregular and somewhat nominal prices. No full lots reported as having been placed; the few bids made were much under the views of holders. Sales have been reported of 2,900 bbls., all told, including very inferior to very choice Superfine State and Western at $6@$6 75, chiefly at $6 20@$6 50; inferior to very good Extra State, $7 20@$7 65, chiefly at $7 25@$7 50; good to very fancy do., $7 65@$8 25; poor to very good shipping Extra White, $7@$7 60, chiefly at $7 10@$7 25; poor to good shipping brands, round-hoop Ohio, $7 20@$7 60 ℘ bbl., and trade and family Extras at proportionate rates.

Southern Flour also very dull and more or less nominal. Sales, 230 bbls. at from $6 20@$8 50 for ordinary to very choice shipping; $8 50@$13 for fair ordinary to very choice Family Extra, ℘ bbl....California Flour continues scarce and nominal....Rye Flour has been in quite moderate request at $4 50@$5 20 for inferior fine to very fancy Superfine, the latter an extreme, ℘ bbl. Sales, 190 bbls., chiefly at $5 70@$5 [illegible] bbl....Corn-meal has been in more demand at $3 25@$3 50 for Yellow Western; $3 25@$3 50 for White do., and $3 80@$3 85 for Brandywine. The reported sales have been 930 bbls., chiefly Yellow Western, at $3 25@$3 50 ℘ bbl....Bag-meal continues inactive at $1 15@$1 29, and Bolted do. at $1 35@$1 60....Oat-meal at $7 25@$8 50 ℘ bbl.

FRUITS—There has been more call for stock, and rather more firmness has been noted in values. Sales, 3,000 boxes Layer Raisins, in lots, at $2 05@$2 10; 500 bbls. Currants, part at 6¾c.@6⅞c.; 100 cases Figs and 100 frails Dates on private terms; small lots of Citron at 39½c., and 90 casks Prunes part at 7¼c.@7⅜c.

GRAIN—Spring Wheat has been quite dull, and quoted weak, within the range of $1 45@$1 65 for No. 2 Milwaukee, and $1 58@$1 63 for No. 2 Chicago and North-west, in store and afloat, with strictly choice lots of No. 2 Milwaukee and North-west eyeheld, as high as $1 70, and $1 65, respectively. No demand of moment noted, and no important dealings transpired. A few odd lots were placed within the range, and of inferior Spring at $1 52@$1 53 ℘ bushel. Winter Wheat quiet and unsettled; a boat-load of prime Red Canada, free, sold at $1 95, for milling....Corn has been quoted a shade easier, on a freer offering of stock, with a fair business reported, chiefly in Old Mixed Western. Sales have been made since our last of 79,000 bushels, at 65c.@65½c., mainly 66c., for old Mixed Western, afloat; 64c. [illegible] in store; 65c.@66c. for new Mixed and Yellow Western; 65c. for new Yellow Delaware....Rye, Barley, and Barley-malt quiet, and nominally unchanged....Oats have been in less demand, and again quoted a shade easier, with sales reported of 28,000 bushels, at 51½c.@54c. for fair ordinary to choice new Mixed Western; 53½c.@54c., nominally, for old do., in store; [illegible] for new Black do.; 53c.@55c. for White Western and State.

GUNNY BAGS AND BAGGING—A decidedly livelier business has been noted in Domestic Cloth, sales having been made of 3,000 rolls, prompt delivery, at 12½c.@12¾c.; 2,000 rolls, March to May, at Boston, at 13¼c.; 2,000 rolls, July to October, at do. at 14¼c., and 4,000 rolls, March to October, here, at 13¾c. Bags quiet and nominal; quoted at 15c.

HEMP—Dull at old figures; 200 bales Jute Butts sold at 2¼c., currency.

HOPS—There has not been much call for stock since our last, and the low and medium grades of domestic have been quoted cheaper, on rather freer offerings, while strictly prime new have been held with confidence. The arrivals of domestic have been light, only 136 bales for the week, making the total since Sept. 1, 19 904 bales. The imports of foreign for the week, as made up by Mr. Emmet Wells, have been fair, 507 bales all told, making the total since Sept. 1, [illegible] bales. The week's exports have been 20 bales by steam to Liverpool. We quote: New-York, growth 1872, 40c.@55c.; Eastern, growth 1872, [illegible]@50c.; Western, growth 1872, 40c.@50c.; crop of 1870, 8c.@15c.; Old Olds, 8c.@10c.; Bavarians, 35c.@50c.; English, 35c.@40c.; Belgian, (Alost,) 35c.@40c.; California nominal, 50c.@60c.

METALS—Copper has been less active at about steady rates; sales 50,000 lbs. Ingot at 34½c., cash; and 75 tons English on private terms....Iron has been in moderate request, and held with much firmness, as a rule; sales, 250 tons Eglinton Pig at $52; 150 tons Glengarnock do. at $57; 700 tons Nos. 2 and 1 American Pig at $47@$48, and 250; and 1,000 tons Wrought Scrap on private terms; quoted at $57 50@$60 from yard....Spelter Lead, and Zinc unchanged....Pig-tin dull, with Straits quoted at [illegible], gold. Tin Plates quiet, but strong in price; sales, 1,300 boxes Charcoal at $11 50, and 500 boxes Coke, 14x20, at $10 [illegible], gold.

MOLASSES—Dull and unchanged; 60 bbls. New-Orleans sold, in lots, at 72c.@75c. ℘ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Generally quiet and rather less firm, with sales reported of only 75 bbls. Spirits Turpentine, in lots, at 67c.@67½c. ℘ gallon, and [illegible] bbls. Strained Rosin at $3 [illegible] ℘ 280 lbs.

PETROLEUM—Crude firm but quiet at [illegible] in bulk, for full lots....Refined in good demand and quoted strong in price; sales, 3,000 bbls. early delivery at 20c.; 2,500 bbls. first half of March, at 20c., and a cargo of high-test Oil, rumored, at 21½c. And at Philadelphia, 40,000 bbls., last half of April, at 19¾c., and 5,000 bbls. first half of May, at 19¾c....Of Refined, in cases, 14,000 cases sold on private terms; quotations ranging from 25½c.@27c. Naphtha nominally as before.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been in quite moderate demand for prompt and forward delivery, with the advantage as to prices in favor of buyers. Sales have been reported since our last of 200 bbls. New Mess, in lots, at $14 87½; 250 bbls. Western Prime Mess on private terms; quoted at $14 [illegible]. And for forward delivery, 250 bbls. Western Mess, April option, and 500 bbls. do., May, at $14 75. And for Chicago delivery, 250 bbls. Western Mess, March option, on private terms, quoted at $13....Dressed Hogs moderately inquired for within the range of 6¼c.@7¼c. for City and 5¾c.@6¼c. for Western....Cut Meats have been offered with reserve, and quoted firmer, with a very good demand noted; sales, 210 boxes Dry-salted Shoulders, in lots, at [illegible]; [illegible] Pickled Hams, in bulk, at 11c.@11¼c.; 1,000 Pickled Shoulders, in bulk, at 6¼c.@7c.; 1,000 Smoked Hams, in bulk, at 12½c.; 1,000 Fresh Hams, in bulk, heavy averages, at 9¼c.; 450 tcs. Pickled Hams at 11¼c.@11¾c., the latter rate for 15 lbs., 50 boxes Long-cut Hams at 13½c.; 300 boxes Bellies, in lots, at 8¼c.@8¾c., mostly 15@16 lb. averages at 8¼c.; 10 boxes Rib Bellies, 11 lbs., at 9c.; 10,000 lbs. Bellies, in bulk, 11@12 lbs., at 8½c., and 250 boxes Dry-salted Shoulders, early deliveries at Chicago, mainly at 4¾c....There has been a decidedly more urgent inquiry noted for Bacon at a further improvement in prices, closing buoyantly on much lighter offerings of the more desirable lots. Sales have been reported since our last of 14,225 boxes, including 50 boxes Short Rib at 8c.; 250 boxes Long Clear, in lots, at 7⅝c.@7¾c.; 750 boxes, do., March options, at 7¾c.; 1,150 boxes Short Clear, early deliveries, in lots, at 8c.; 2,975 boxes Short Clear, March options, at 7¾c.@8c., mostly at 8c.; [illegible] boxes Long and Short Clear, March options, at 7⅝c.@7¾c., closing at 7¾c.; 2,500 boxes do. and do., early March, on private terms; 500 boxes do. and do., March 15 to April 15, at 7¾c.; 1,750 boxes do. and do., April options, at 7⅞c.@7¾c., closing at 7¾c. And for Chicago deliveries, 1,100 boxes Short Clear, March options, at 7c. And for Milwaukee delivery, 250 boxes Short Clear, April, at 7c....Lard has been in more confident request, especially for early delivery, at a further rise in values, with sales reported of 1,000 tcs. Western Steam, in lots, at 8 7-16c.; 850 tcs. Western Kettle at 8 11-16c.@[illegible]; 525 tcs. City Steam at 8½c.@8¾c., the latter very choice; 135 tcs. No. 1 Western at 8c.@8½c., and 110 tcs. inferior do. at 7¾c.@7 11-16c. And for forward delivery here 750 tcs. Western Steam, February options, at 8 7-16c.@8½c.; 1,250 tcs. do., March, at 8 7-16c.@[illegible]; 1,500 tcs. do., to arrive in March, at 8½c.; 1,500 tcs. do., April, at 8¾c., closing at 8¾c.@8 11-16c. And for Chicago delivery, 1,750 tcs. Western Steam, March options, on private terms, quoted at [illegible]....Beef has been rather more sought after at steady rates; sales, 125 bbls....Beef Hams have been more active at from [illegible]; sales, 275 bbls., within the range....There has been a moderate call for Butter within the previous range, other than strictly prime stock showing weakness....Cheese, in fair request and held with firmness.

SEEDS—Clover quoted down to 9c.@9½c. for fair to choice, on sales of 1,250 bags. Flax and Timothy dull within the previous range. Calcutta Linseed more active at full prices; sales, 5,400 bags, from store, on private terms; 2,000 bags, by the British Commodore, at $2 65, gold, 60 days; 650 bags and 2,100 pockets, at Boston, at $2 50, gold, cash.

SUGARS—A fair business has been reported in Raw, at steady prices. Refiners were the principal buyers. We quote: Fair to good refining Cuba quoted at from 8¼c.@8½c. for new and old; No. 12 Box, clayed stock, 9¼c.; Centrifugal, Nos. 10 to 13, at 9⅜c.@9¾c. Sales have been reported since our last of 1,767 hhds. and 1,550 boxes, including 587 hhds. Centrifugal at 9 11-16c.@9¾c., chiefly at 9¾c.; 300 hhds. fully fair Refining Cuba at 8⅝c.; 343 hhds. inferior to fair do. at 8c.@8⅝c., equal to 120 hhds. St. Jago at 9¼c.@9⅜c.; 150 boxes Clayed Havana at 8¾c.; [illegible] boxes Molasses Sugar at 8¼c.; 12 hhds and 30 tcs. Melado at 6¼c.@6⅞c. ℘ lb. Refined in fair demand, with Hard quoted at 12¼c.@12½c.; As, 10¾c.@11⅛c., and Yellows, 9¼c.@10¼c.

TALLOW, &C.—Tallow has been fairly active at full prices; sales, 187,000 lbs. common to strictly prime at 8¾c.@9c. Of Stearine, sales were made of 40 hhds. on private terms; 50 tcs. at 8¾c.; and 100 tcs., March delivery, at 9c.; and of Grease, 200 pkgs. at 6¾c.@7c.

TEAS—Have been quiet, but steady; 1,500 half chests Green, and 1,000 half chests Oolong sold on private terms.

TOBACCO—Kentucky sold to the extent of only 170 hhds., in lots, at 8¾c.@15c.; market steady, but quiet. Seed-leaf in moderate demand, with sales of 161 cases 1871 Connecticut at [illegible], and 100 cases 1870 Sundries at 10c.@14c. Of Havana, 300 bales sold at 95c.@$1 10.

WHISKY—Sales 200 bbls., in lots, at 93c.; market steady.

FREIGHTS—A moderate business has been reported in the way of berth Freights, chiefly in the line of Grain, Provision, and Resin engagements, generally at about steady rates. The chartering movement has been more active, but with some irregularity as to rates. The main call was for vessels for the Petroleum, Grain, and Lumber trades. The available supply of tonnage was rather more liberal....For Liverpool, the reported engagements, since our last, have been, by sail, 15,000 bushels Grain at 6¼d. for Corn, and 7d. for Wheat, ℘ bushel; 35 boxes Bacon at 30s. ℘ ton; and, by steam, 8,000 bushels Corn at 6½d.; 16,000 bushels do. at 6½d. ℘ bushel; 350 bbls. Apples, 450 bags Clover-seed, and 4,000 Staves, on private terms....For London, by sail, 1,300 bbls. Rosin at 3s. 6d. ℘ 280 lbs.; and, by steam, 4,000 bushels Barley at 9d.; 8,000 bushels Corn at 8d. ℘ bushel....For Cardiff, by steam, 30 hhds. Tallow at 40s. ℘ ton; 50 tcs. Beef at 7s. 6d. ℘ tierce....For Cork and orders, a Swedish brig, 235 tons, hence, with about 1,700 quarters Grain, on private terms; a Norwegian brig, 342 tons, with about 1,800 bbls. Naphtha at 9s.; or, if direct, at 8s. 9d. ℘ bbl.; a British bark, 626 tons, (now at Boston,) with 4,500 quarters Grain, from Baltimore, at 8s., or, if direct, at 7s. 9d., with the usual 10 ℘ cent. additional if to the Continent; an Italian bark, [illegible] tons, (to arrive,) with about 3,200 quarters do., from do., on private terms....For Havre, an American ship, [illegible] tons, hence, with general cargo, on private terms....For Antwerp, by sail, 1,000 boxes Bacon at 40s. ℘ ton; also, an American ship, 1,322 tons, and a British ship, 956 tons, with general cargo, on private terms....For the Continent, direct, a British ship, [illegible] tons, (to arrive,) with about 6,400 bbls. Refined Petroleum, from Philadelphia, at 6s. 6d. ℘ bbl....For Bremen, by steam, 40 boxes Bacon, and 20 pks. Grease at 45s.@50s. ℘ ton....For Cronstadt, an American bark, 480 tons, hence, with about 3,000 bbls. Petroleum, reported at 7s. 7½d. ℘ bbl., and an American brig, 502 tons, with general cargo, from Philadelphia or Boston, and back to New-York, Philadelphia, or Boston, at equal to about $10,000, taking out about 3,500 bbls. Petroleum on private terms....For Rotterdam, by steam, 40 bbls. Provisions on private terms, and 150 boxes Bacon at 50s.@52s. 6d. ℘ ton....For Gibraltar and orders, (excluding Spanish ports,) an Italian bark, [illegible] tons, hence, with equal to about 13,500 cases Petroleum, at 27½c., to the Mediterranean, 45c. to Alexandria and Smyrna, and 51c. to Odessa, with privilege of 500 bbls. at proportionate rates; a foreign brig, 336 tons, with equal to about 1.500 bbls. Petroleum, in bbls. and cases, at 7s. and 35c. to the Mediterranean; an Italian bark, 256 tons, (to arrive,) with about 4,000 cases do., to the Mediterranean, and another, [illegible] tons, with equal to about 2,800 bbls. do., the latter from Philadelphia, privileges extending to the Adriatic, on private terms....For Ancona, an Italian bark, 279 tons, with about 1,600 bbls. Petroleum, (previously reported for Genoa, Naples, or Leghorn,) at 5s. 9d. ℘ bbl....For Palmas, an American brig, 241 tons, hence, with about 1,900 bbls. Petroleum, at 5s. ℘ bbl....For Palermo, an Italian brig, 203 tons, hence, with about 6,500 cases Petroleum, at 33c. ℘ case....For the River Platte, a British bark, 352 tons, with about 260,000 feet Lumber, from Fernandina, and an American ship, 906 tons, (now at Boston,) with about 600,000 feet Lumber, from Boston, on private terms....For Buenos Ayres, an American bark, 443 tons, with about 300,000 feet Lumber, from Boston, at [illegible] and primage. ....The new British steam-ship Pembroke, of the Cardiff line, was launched at Renfrew, on the Clyde, Feb. 15, and was expected to sail, in the regular line, from Cardiff for New-York, March 12.

## FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

### Sales at the Stock Exchange—Feb. 21.

#### SALES BEFORE THE CALL—10 A. M.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 200 | Western Union...c. | 90⅝ | 500 | Erie Railroad...c. | 64⅝ |
| 500 | do. | 90⅝ | 500 | do. | 64⅝ |
| 700 | do. | 90⅝ | 200 | do. | 64⅝ |
| 600 | do. | 90¾ | 400 | do. | 64½ |
| 300 | do. ...c. | 90⅝ | 200 | do. ...c. | 64⅝ |
| 1000 | do. | 91 | 1100 | do. | 64⅝ |
| 300 | do. | 91 | 100 | do. ...b3. | 64⅝ |
| 1200 | do. | 90⅞ | 2500 | Union Pacific | 33⅝ |
| 300 | do. ...c. | 90⅞ | 500 | do. | 33⅝ |
| 100 | do. ...s3. | 90⅞ | 500 | do. ...b4. | 33⅝ |
| 200 | do. | 90⅞ | 200 | do. | 33¾ |
| 600 | N. Y. C. & Hud. | 103⅜ | 500 | do. | 33¾ |
| 100 | do. ...c. | 103⅜ | 500 | do. | 33¾ |
| 300 | do. | 103⅜ | 1000 | do. | 33¾ |
| 200 | Pacific Mail | 71⅜ | 500 | do. ...c. | 33¾ |
| 100 | do. | 71⅜ | 200 | do. ...s3. | 33¾ |
| 100 | do. ...s3. | 71⅜ | 300 | do. | 33¾ |
| 300 | do. | 71⅜ | 400 | do. | 33¾ |
| 300 | do. ...s3. | 71 | 300 | do. | 34⅛ |
| 800 | do. | 71⅜ | 500 | do. | 34 |
| 600 | do. | 71⅜ | 100 | C., C. & I. C. | 41⅛ |
| 100 | Lake Shore | 95⅜ | 100 | Tol. & Wab. ...c. | 73 |
| 300 | do. | 95⅜ | 300 | do. | 73⅛ |
| 600 | do. | 95⅜ | 300 | do. | 73⅛ |
| 600 | do. ...s3. | 95⅜ | 100 | do. | 73⅛ |
| 400 | do. ...c. | 95⅜ | 100 | do. ...c. | 73⅛ |
| 200 | Bos., H. & Erie | 9⅜ | 500 | do. | 73⅛ |

#### GOVERNMENT STOCKS—10½ A. M.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| $10,000 | U. S. 6s, '81, R. c. | 117 | $16,100 | U. S. 5-20 R., '65. | 115⅛ |
| 14,000 | U. S. 6s, R., '81. b3. | 117⅛ | 3,500 | U. S. 5-20 C., '68. | 116⅛ |
| 1,000 | U. S. 5-20 C., '67. c. | 116⅛ | 1,000 | U. S. 5s 10-40 C. | 114⅛ |

#### FIRST BOARD—10½ A. M.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| $40,000 | S. Car. 6s, new, Jan. & July | 21 | 200 | Consolidation Coal | 52 |
| 2,000 | N. C. 6s, Sp. Tax. | 14 | 400 | do. | 52½ |
| 2,000 | Mo. 6s, Han. & St. Jo. issue | 92 | 100 | do. bet. call | 52⅜ |
| 1,000 | Tenn. 6s, n. b.c. | 80⅛ | 20 | Adams Ex. ...ex-d. | 95¾ |
| 4,000 | Cen. Pac. G. Bs. | 104⅛ | 20 | American Ex. | 68 |
| 5,000 | Union Pac. 1st | 87 | 100 | do. bet. call | 68 |
| 5,000 | do. | 86⅞ | 100 | U. S. Express b.c. | 75⅛ |
| 3,000 | do. | 86⅞ | 100 | do. | 75 |
| 2,000 | U. Pac. 7s, L. G. | 78 | 84 | N. Y., N. H. & H. | 141⅛ |
| 15,000 | U. Pac. 10s, Inc. | 73⅜ | 100 | N. Y. C. & H. ...b.c. | 103⅜ |
| 10,000 | do. s10. | 73⅜ | 300 | do. | 103⅜ |
| 10,000 | do. bet. call | 74 | 700 | do. | 103⅜ |
| 5,000 | Cl. & Pitts. 4th | 85 | 600 | do. c. | 103⅜ |
| 2,000 | Pac. 7s, G'd by St. of Mo. | 98⅛ | 800 | do. c. | 103⅜ |
| 200 | Tol. & Wab. | 94 | 200 | do. | 103⅜ |
| 1,000 | Mor. & Es. 1st | 105 | 600 | Erie R. ...b.c. s3. | 64⅝ |
| 2,000 | B. C. R. & M. 1st | 91 | 300 | do. | 64⅝ |
| 2,000 | B., H. & E. 1st | 41⅛ | 200 | do. | 64⅝ |
| 15,000 | do. | 41 | 200 | Harlem R. | 128 |
| 1,000 | C., C., C. & I. 1st | 103 | 100 | do. bet. call | 128 |
| 1,000 | Harlem 1st | 102⅛ | 200 | do. | 128 |
| 57 | Bk. of Commerce | 116 | 30 | L. S. & M. So. | 95⅜ |
| 10 | Am. Ex. Bank | 113 | 300 | do. b.c.c. | 95⅜ |
| 7 | Central Nat. Bk. | 98 | 500 | do. | 95 |
| 20 | Mechanics' Bank | 135 | 300 | do. | 95⅜ |
| 74 | Del. & H. Canal, bet. call | 120 | 1800 | do. | 95 |
| 100 | P. M. S. Co. ...s3. | 71⅜ | 200 | do. | 95⅜ |
| 100 | do. | 71⅜ | 100 | Union Pac. ...b.c.c. | 34⅛ |
| 300 | do. bet. call | 71⅜ | 100 | do. | 34⅛ |
| 200 | do. | 71⅜ | 300 | do. s3. | 34⅛ |
| 100 | do. c. | 71⅜ | 500 | do. | 34⅛ |
| 100 | do. | 71⅜ | 600 | do. | 34⅛ |
| 200 | do. | 71⅜ | 200 | do. b4. | 34⅛ |
| 200 | do. | 71⅜ | 300 | do. | 34⅛ |
| 100 | do. c. | 71⅜ | 500 | do. s3. | 34 |
| 200 | Mar. L. & M. Co. | 16⅜ | 600 | do. | 34⅛ |
| 100 | do. | 16⅜ | 500 | do. | 34⅛ |
| 300 | do. b.c. b60. | 17⅛ | 1000 | do. | 34⅛ |
| 200 | West. U. T. ...b.c.c. | 90⅞ | 100 | do. b4. | 34⅛ |
| 100 | do. c. | 91⅛ | 500 | do. | 34⅛ |
| 300 | do. | 91 | 300 | Tol., W. & W. b.c. | 73⅜ |
| 1200 | do. | 91⅛ | 100 | do. | 73⅜ |
| 200 | do. | 91⅛ | 1200 | do. | 73⅜ |
| 300 | do. | 91⅛ | 200 | do. | 73⅜ |
| 1000 | do. c. | 91⅛ | 200 | do. | 73⅜ |
| 300 | do. s3. | 91⅛ | 100 | Chi. & R. I. ...b.c. | 112⅛ |
| 100 | do. | 91⅛ | 100 | do. s3. | 112⅛ |
| 300 | do. c. | 91 | 200 | B., H. & E. ...b.c.c. | 9⅜ |
| 900 | do. | 91 | 100 | Han. & St. Jo. | 46 |
| 600 | do. | 91 | 300 | Ohio & Miss. ...b.c. | 46⅜ |
| 500 | do. s3. | 90⅞ | 1,000 | C., C. & I. C. b.c. | 41⅛ |
| 1000 | do. | 9⅜ | 600 | do. s3. | 41⅛ |
| 200 | Md. Coal Co. ...b.c. | 24 | 1000 | do. | 41⅛ |

#### GOVERNMENT STOCKS—12½ AND 2½ P. M.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| $7,000 | U. S. 5-20 C., '65 n. | 114⅛ |

#### SALES BEFORE THE CALL—12½ O'CLOCK.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 600 | Western Union | 90⅝ | 100 | U. S. Express | 75 |
| 200 | do. | 90⅝ | 200 | Lake Shore | 95⅜ |
| 300 | do. | 90⅝ | 100 | do. | 95⅜ |
| 300 | do. | 90⅝ | 100 | Rock Island ...s3. | 112⅜ |
| 100 | do. | 90⅝ | 400 | Union Pacific | 34⅛ |
| 300 | N. Y. C. & Hud. | 103⅜ | 100 | do. b5. | 34⅛ |
| 200 | Pacific Mail | 71⅜ | 200 | B., H. & Erie | 9⅜ |
| 1000 | do. | 71⅜ | 300 | Tol. & Wab. ...b4. | 73⅜ |
| 300 | do. | 71⅜ | 100 | do. | 73⅜ |
| 100 | do. | 71⅜ | 100 | do. | 73⅜ |
| 800 | Erie Railway | 64⅝ | 100 | Ohio & Miss. ...s3. | 46⅜ |
| 100 | do. | 64⅝ | 100 | do. | 46⅜ |
| 400 | do. | 64⅝ | 300 | C., C. & I. C. | 41⅜ |

#### SECOND BOARD—1 P. M.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| $1,000 | Tenn. 6s, old | 80⅛ | 1100 | L. S. & M. S. ...b.c. | 95⅜ |
| 1,000 | Mich. 8s, '90 | 99⅛ | 100 | Chi. & N. W. Pf. b.c. | 90⅛ |
| 2,000 | Cen. Pac. G. B. | 104⅛ | 8 | C., C., C. & Ind. | 90 |
| 1,000 | Union Pac. 1st | 87⅛ | 200 | Chi. & R. I. ...b.c. | 112⅛ |
| 1,000 | do. | 87⅛ | 200 | Union Pacific b.c. | 34⅛ |
| 10,000 | Un. Pac. 10s Inc. | 74⅛ | 400 | do. b5. | 34⅛ |
| 5,000 | do. | 74 | 200 | do. | 34⅛ |
| 5,000 | do. | 74⅛ | 500 | do. | 34⅛ |
| 200 | New Central Coal Company ...b.c. | 44⅛ | 200 | do. | 34⅛ |
| 2100 | W. U. Tel. ...b.c. | 90⅝ | 200 | do. | 34⅛ |
| 200 | do. c. | 90⅝ | 300 | do. | 34⅛ |
| 300 | do. | 90⅝ | 1000 | do. b3. | 34⅛ |
| 200 | do. | 90⅝ | 100 | do. | 34⅛ |
| 600 | do. | 90⅝ | 500 | do. c. | 34⅛ |
| 200 | do. | 90⅝ | 200 | do. | 34⅛ |
| 800 | do. | 90⅝ | 1300 | do. | 35 |
| 500 | do. | 90⅝ | 2300 | do. | 35 |
| 200 | United States Ex. | 74⅛ | 200 | do. | 35⅛ |
| 200 | Harlem R. ...b.c. | 127 | 500 | do. | 35 |
| 200 | Pacific Mail S. Co. | 70⅞ | 800 | do. | 35 |
| 200 | do. bet. call | 70⅞ | 100 | Mil. & St. Paul R. | 52⅛ |
| 200 | do. | 70⅞ | 100 | do. bet. call | 52⅛ |
| 2000 | do. | 70⅞ | 100 | do. | 52⅛ |
| 800 | do. b10. | 70⅞ | 100 | M. & St. P. Pf. b.c. | 74 |
| 100 | do. | 70⅞ | 200 | Ohio & Miss. ...b.c. | 46⅜ |
| 400 | do. | 70⅞ | 10 | Ohio & Miss. Pf. | 74⅛ |
| 600 | do. | 70⅞ | 200 | Tol., W. & W. b.c. | 73⅜ |
| 100 | do. | 70⅞ | 300 | do. | 73⅜ |
| 300 | do. | 70⅞ | 200 | do. | 73⅜ |
| 300 | N. Y. C. & H. b.c.c. | 103⅜ | 200 | do. | 74 |
| 200 | do. | 103⅜ | 100 | do. | 73⅜ |
| 200 | do. | 103⅜ | 100 | Han. & St. Jo. ...s3. | 46⅜ |
| 2100 | Erie Railroad b.c. | 65 | 100 | do. bet. call | 46⅜ |
| 700 | do. c. | 65 | 100 | do. | 47 |
| 100 | do. b5. | 65⅛ | 50 | Morris & Essex | 91⅛ |
| 100 | do. | 65 | 100 | Col., C. & I. C. b.c. | 41⅛ |
| 100 | Illinois Central R. | 120 | | | |

#### SALES FROM 2½ TO 4 P. M.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| $10,000 | Tenn. 6s, old | 80⅛ | 700 | Union Pacific | 34⅞ |
| 3,000 | C. Pac. G. Bs. | 104⅛ | 500 | do. | 35 |
| 15,000 | U. Pac. 1st | 87⅛ | 2700 | do. | 35 |
| 100 | New Cen. Coal | 44⅛ | 300 | do. | 34⅞ |
| 1000 | West. Union | 90⅞ | 100 | do. b4. | 34⅞ |
| 1100 | do. | 90⅞ | 200 | do. s3. | 34⅞ |
| 100 | do. | 90⅞ | 100 | do. | 34⅞ |
| 100 | do. s3. | 90⅞ | 1700 | do. | 34⅞ |
| 200 | do. b30. | 91⅛ | 200 | do. b4. | 35⅛ |
| 1200 | do. | 90⅞ | 200 | do. | 35⅛ |
| 100 | Mar. L. & M. | 17 | 300 | do. | 35⅛ |
| 200 | Pacific Mail | 70⅞ | 700 | do. | 34⅞ |
| 400 | do. | 70⅞ | 300 | do. | 34⅞ |
| 700 | do. | 70⅞ | 200 | do. b10. | 35⅛ |
| 1400 | do. | 71 | 200 | do. b30. | 35⅛ |
| 100 | N. Y. C. & H. ...ex.c. | 103⅜ | 1500 | do. | 35⅛ |
| 600 | do. | 103⅜ | 200 | do. b30. | 35⅛ |
| 100 | do. b4. | 103⅜ | 100 | do. b3. | 35⅛ |
| 300 | do. | 103⅜ | 500 | do. s3. | 35⅛ |
| 200 | Harlem | 127 | 1200 | do. | 35⅛ |
| 2000 | Erie Railway | 65⅛ | 2000 | do. | 35⅛ |
| 500 | do. b3. | 65⅛ | 600 | do. | 34⅞ |
| 200 | do. s3. | 65⅛ | 50 | Pittsburg | 89⅛ |
| 800 | do. | 65⅛ | 500 | Tol. & Wab. | 74 |
| 100 | do. b5. | 65⅛ | 500 | do. | 74⅛ |
| 100 | do. | 65⅛ | 100 | do. | 74⅛ |
| 400 | Lake Shore | 95⅝ | 200 | do. | 74⅛ |
| 200 | do. c. | 95⅝ | 200 | do. b2. | 74⅛ |
| 200 | do. | 95⅝ | 200 | do. | 74⅛ |
| 200 | do. b3. | 95⅝ | 100 | do. | 74 |
| 1200 | do. | 95⅝ | 200 | do. | 74⅛ |
| 800 | do. | 95⅝ | 600 | C., C. & I. C. | 41⅛ |
| 100 | St. Paul | 53 | 2500 | do. | 41⅛ |
| 100 | St. Paul Pref. | 74⅛ | 200 | do. b3. | 41⅛ |
| 100 | Rock Island | 113 | 1000 | Ohio & Miss. | 46⅜ |
| 100 | do. | 113⅛ | 200 | do. | 46⅜ |
| 200 | do. | 113⅛ | 1000 | do. b5. | 46⅜ |
| 300 | do. | 113⅛ | 1100 | do. | 46⅜ |
| 300 | do. | 113⅛ | 200 | do. | 46⅜ |
| 100 | Bos., H. & Erie | 9⅜ | 100 | Han. & St. Jo. | 47 |
| 200 | do. b10. | 9⅜ | 300 | do. | 47⅛ |
| 200 | do. b5. | 9⅜ | 100 | do. | 47⅛ |
| 1200 | do. | 9⅜ | 200 | do. | 47 |
| 100 | do. s3. | 9⅜ | | | |

MONDAY, Feb. 21—P. M.

Anticipating the close Holiday of to-morrow—the BIRTHDAY OF WASHINGTON—the Associated Banks in the Clearing-house this morning reported their averages, as for the week, showing the following violent changes from last week:

| | |
|---|---|
| Decrease of Loans | $4,460,800 |
| Decrease in Deposits | 8,714,700 |
| Decrease in Gold and Greenbacks | 2,731,200 |

The difference in the Lawful Money position of the movement to Deposits and Circulation, as compared with last week, is $560,850 weaker, and the present deficiency in respect to the required 25 ⅌ cent. is $1,860,000.

As the business of three days is thrown into one to-day, the Money lenders were willing to accept a smaller bonus over 7 ⅌ cent. Interest than earlier in the week, and after 2 o'clock simple Interest was accepted for carrying over Stocks until Monday.

The sales of Gold were steady at 114⅛@114¼ ⅌ cent., and the rates of Exchange on London were also slightly steadier than on Friday, 108⅞@109 ⅌ cent., for first-class names. The Public Funds were firmer than on Friday at the close of business, the 5-20s of 1867 at 116⅛ ⅌ cent.

At the Stock Exchange the speculation on the Share list was not very active, but prices in the main were firm as compared with the last figures of Thursday night. The differences in the list of quotations are less important than in the spirit or temper of the speculation, which, at or near the close of the day, was *Bullish* on the prominent Stocks of Lake Shore, New-York Central, Wabash, Erie, and Union Pacific. The last named was especially firm, the sensational rumors from Washington to the contrary, notwithstanding. The Stock sold up to 35¼ ⅌ cent., and the various Bonds of the Company were firm at the close. It is not probable that any great harm will come to the credit of the concern by the investigations or legislation in Congress at the present session.

At the close of the Hall of the Exchange, at 4 o'clock this Afternoon, the following quotations were made, as compared with Thursday night. The adjournment of the Exchange was to Monday morning, Feb. 24:

**Closing Quotations—Feb. 21.**

| | Thursday. | Friday. |
|---|---|---|
| United States New 5s | 113⅞ | 113⅞ |
| U. S. 5-20s, May and Nov. | 115⅛ | 115⅛ |
| U. S. 5-20s, Jan. and July | 116⅛ | 116⅛ |
| American Gold | 114¼ | 114¼ |
| Bills on London, 60 days | 108⅞ | 108⅞ |
| N. Y. Central and Hudson | 103⅜ | 103⅜ |
| Chicago and Rock Island | 112⅞ | 113⅛ |
| North-west Common | 82 | 82 |
| Pacific Mail | 71½ | 71½ |
| St. Paul Preferred | 74¼ | 74 |
| St. Paul Common | 53¼ | 53¼ |
| Ohio and Mississippi | 46¼ | 46¼ |
| Western Union Telegraph | 90⅞ | 90⅞ |
| Erie | 64⅝ | 65⅛ |
| Union Pacific | 33⅝ | 35 |
| Lake Shore | 95⅜ | 95⅝ |
| C., C. and Indiana Central | 41⅛ | 41⅛ |
| Toledo and Wabash | 73 | 74⅛ |
| Hannibal and St. Joseph | 46¼ | 47 |

UNITED STATES TREASURY,
NEW-YORK, Feb. 21, 1873.

| | |
|---|---|
| Gold receipts | $670,974 56 |
| Gold payments | 1,622,961 34 |
| Gold balance | 36,229,707 38 |
| Currency receipts | 2,109,179 92 |
| Currency payments | 640,955 44 |
| Currency balance | 24,340,199 80 |
| Customs | 440,000 00 |

The following are the last prices for the various Public Funds of the United States:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 6 ⅌ cent. reg., '81 | 117¾ | 5-20 coup., n. 1., '65 | 114⅞ |
| 6 ⅌ cent. coup., '81 | 118¾ | 5-20 reg., '67 | 114⅞ |
| 5-20 reg., '62 | 115⅛ | 5-20 coup., '67 | 116⅛ |
| 5-20 coup., '62 | 115⅛ | 5-20 reg., '68 | 114⅞ |
| 5-20 reg., '64 | 115⅛ | 5-20 coup., '68 | 116⅛ |
| 5-20 coup., '64 | 115⅛ | 10-40 reg. | 111⅞ |
| 5-20 reg., '65 | 115⅛ | 10-40 coup. | 114⅛ |
| 5-20 coup., '65 | 115⅛ | 5s, coup., '81 | 113⅞ |
| 5-20 reg., n. 1., '65 | 114⅛ | 6s, Currency | 114⅛ |

PHILADELPHIA STOCKS—FEB. 21.

*Telegraphed to Messrs. E. D. Randolph & Co.*

| | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|
| City 6s, old | 96½ | |
| City 6s, New | 100⅝ | 100¾ |
| Camden and Amboy | 122 | 122½ |
| Pennsylvania Central | 60½ | 60⅝ |
| Reading | 116 | 116¼ |
| Lehigh Valley | 60¾ | 61 |
| Catawissa Preferred | 44½ | 44¾ |
| Philadelphia and Erie | 27 | 27½ |
| Northern Central | 41 | About. |
| Lehigh Navigation | 38⅝ | 38¾ |
| Lehigh Gold Loan | 91 | 91¼ |

For the five business days of the week the Subtreasury has taken in $2,848,317 in Gold for Customs, and has paid out $441,879 for Gold Interest on the Public Debt. The sales of Gold by the Treasury on Thursday were $1,500,000. The resulting gain is $906,000. The bonds on the other hand lose $1,414,000 on their Gold averages.

We understand that the Stock Exchange Association, by over a two-thirds vote, have resolved to insure the lives of their members to the amount of $10,000 each, out of their own contributions of $10 each of a membership of 1,000 on the death of any member. Assuming ten deaths per annum among this large membership, the contribution is $100, or 1 ⅌ cent., the cheapest and most reliable Life Insurance that can be availed of, and with the extra and most comfortable consideration that the premium of one ⅌ cent. per annum is honestly and economically applied. In consequence of this arrangement, the value of the seats of the Exchange have advanced from $6,000 to $8,000 each. The heirs of every holder of such seat, in the event of his death, is assured of at least $18,000, or in case the value of the seats should advance to $10,000 each, to $20,000.

The week's imports of foreign Dry Goods have been to the specie value of $5,261,755; amount marketed, $4,785,626.

## BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

## To Investors.

To those who wish to REINVEST COUPONS OR DIVIDENDS, and those who wish to INCREASE THEIR INCOME from means already invested in other less profitable securities, we recommend the Seven-Thirty Gold Bonds of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company as well secured and unusually productive.

The bonds are always convertible at Ten per cent. premium (1.10) into the Company's Lands at Market Prices. The Rate of Interest (seven and three-tenths per cent. gold) is equal now to about 8¼ currency—yielding an income more than one-third greater than United States 5-20s. Gold Checks for the semi-annual interest on the Registered Bonds are mailed to the Post-office address of the owner. All marketable stocks and bonds are received in exchange for Northern Pacifics ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

**JAY COOKE & CO.**

**J. S. KENNEDY & CO.,**
No. 41 Cedar-st., corner William-st.,

OFFER FOR SALE the small quantity remaining unsold of the INTERNATIONAL AND HOUSTON AND GREAT NORTHERN RAILROAD COMPANY'S FIRST MORTGAGE SEVEN PER CENT. GOLD BONDS, and recommend them as an undoubted FIRST-CLASS INVESTMENT SECURITY. Present earnings *more than double* the amount required to pay interest, and constantly increasing.

**BANKING-HOUSE OF HENRY CLEWS & CO., NO. 32 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.**

Deposit accounts of mercantile firms and individuals received; all facilities and accommodations granted usual with City banks; in addition thereto four per cent. interest allowed on all daily balances.

Bills of exchange drawn on England, Ireland, Scotland, and the Continent. Travelers' and mercantile credits issued available throughout the world.

☞ BURLINGTON, CEDAR RAPIDS AND MINNESOTA RAILROAD FIRST MORTGAGE CONVERTIBLE SINKING FUND GOLD 7 PER CENT. BONDS, Coupon and Registered, yielding over nine per cent., for sale and recommended as an undoubted security and a safe and profitable investment, by

HENRY CLEWS & CO., No. 32 Wall-st.

☞ MILWAUKEE AND ST. PAUL RAILWAY FIRST MORTGAGE 7 PER CENT. CURRENCY BONDS, ILLINOIS AND IOWA, HASTINGS AND DAKOTA, CHICAGO AND MILWAUKEE DIVISION. The average net earnings of this railway for the past four years have been $1,393,846 annually, over expenses and interest upon all bonds.

For sale by

MORTON, BLISS & CO., No. 30 Broad-st.

☞ HEALTH OF BANKERS.—Is it a fact that thirty-two bank clerks died last month in New-York, seventeen of consumption? It is so stated. THE SCIENCE OF HEALTH, for March, now ready, considers the subject on hygienic principles, which bankers, brokers, and others of sedentary habits, would do well to read. THE SCIENCE OF HEALTH is a first-class monthly, $2 a year. 20 cents a number. Published by S. R. WELLS, No. 389 Broadway, New-York.

## FOREIGN MARKETS.

LONDON, Feb. 21—11 A. M.—Consols opened at 92⅛ for money, and 92¾@92⅞ for the account. United States 5-20 Bonds, 1865s, old, 92¾; 1867s, 93; 10-40s, 89; New 5s, 90¾. Erie Railway Shares, 51½.

2½ P. M.—Consols for the account, 92¾. United States 5-20 Bonds, 1867s, 93¼.

5 P. M.—The rate for money at the Stock Exchange on Government Securities is lower than the Bank of England rate by 2 ⅌ cent. The amount of bullion withdrawn from the Bank of England on balance to-day was £48,000. Consols closed at 92¾@92⅞ for both money and the account. United States 5-20 Bonds 1865s, old, 92¾; 1867s, 93¼; 10-40s, 89¼; New 5s, 90¾. Erie Railway Shares, 52¼.

PARIS, Feb. 21.—The specie in the Bank of France has decreased 50,000f. during the past week. Rentes opened at 56f. 25c., and closed at 56f. 45c.

FRANKFORT, Feb. 21—A. M.—United States 5-20 Bonds opened at 96⅛ for the issue of 1862.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 21—11½ A. M.—Cotton—The market opened steady. Middling Uplands, 9⅝d.; Middling Orleans, 10d. The sales of the day are estimated at 10,000 bales. The sales of the week have been 61,000 bales, including 4,000 for export and 3,000 on speculation. The stock in port is 493,000 bales, including 175,000 American. The receipts of the week have been 114,000 bales, including 89,000 American. Actual export, 6,000 bales.

1 P. M.—Cotton—The market is quiet. The sales of the day are still estimated at 10,000 bales, including 1,000 for speculation and export. Sales of Cotton, shipped from Savannah or Charleston February and March, at 9 9-16d. The stock at sea bound to this port is 401,000 bales, including 318,000 American.

2 P. M.—Breadstuffs—The market is quiet. Wheat, 11s. 11d.@12s. ⅌ cental for average California White; 12s. 6d.@13s. for Club do.; 11s. 3d.@12s. 3d. for Red Western Spring, and 12s. 4d. for Red Winter. Corn, 27s. 3d. ⅌ quarter. Peas, 39s. ⅌ quarter for Canadian. The receipts of Wheat for the past three days have been 29,000 quarters, including 14,000 American.

5 P. M.—Cotton—The market closed dull. The sales of the day have been 10,000 bales, including 1,000 for speculation and export. Of the sales, 6,000 bales were American. Sales of Cotton, shipped from Savannah or Charleston, January and February, at 9 9-16d. Trade Report—The market for Yarns and Fabrics at Manchester is quiet but firm. Breadstuffs—The receipts of Corn for the past three days have been 19,000 quarters, including 16,000 American.

Evening.—Linseed-oil, £34 10s.@£35 10s. ⅌ ton. Common Rosin, 6s. 6d.@7s. 6d. ⅌ cwt.; Fine do., 16s.@18s.

LONDON, Feb. 21—5 P. M.—Refined Petroleum, 18¾d.@19d. ⅌ gallon.

Evening.—Calcutta Linseed, 65s.@66s. Linseed-oil, £33 10s. ⅌ ton. Spirits Turpentine, 49s. ⅌ cwt.

## LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Friday, Feb. 21, 1873.

On yesterday forenoon there was a further reduction in the rates of sales of all qualities of Beeves fully ¼c. lower than on the previous forenoon, making a reduction of ¾c. ⅌ ℔. since Monday last. Prices ranged from 9c.@13½c.; weights from 5½ to 8½ cwt., on 55 to 58 ℔s. to the cwt. net. Milch Cows have also declined in feeling. Veals are firm, with a nice quality to hand; prices from 9c.@12c. ⅌ ℔., with a few choice Veals at 12½c. ⅌ ℔. Sheep continue to improve in feeling; prices firm on our last quotations. Trade in Hogs was more active on this forenoon than it has been for some days past, but prices have declined. Live Hogs sold from 5¼c.@5⅝c. ⅌ ℔.; City-dressed, from 6c.@6⅛c.@7⅛c. ⅌ ℔. Western-dressed have arrived, of nice quality, and sold freely from 5⅜c.@6¼c. ⅌ ℔.

SALES.

W. A. Dudley sold for N. Morris 184 Common Illinois Steers from 10c.@11c. ⅌ ℔., weights from 6 cwt. to 6½ cwt. M. Fuller & Co. sold for selves 624 Illinois Steers, from common to good, 10½c.@13½c. ⅌ ℔., weights from 5½ to 7½ cwt. M. Goldschmitt sold for self 54 Cherokee Steers from 9¼c.@10c. ⅌ ℔., weight 6¼ cwt.; 86 coarse Missouri Steers from 10¼c.@11¼c. ⅌ ℔., weights from 6¾ to 7 cwt.; 35 Texan Steers at 10c. ⅌ ℔., weight 7¼ cwt.; 16 Missouri Cattle, mixed Steers, Oxen, and Bulls, at 9c. ⅌ ℔., weight 8 cwt. H. Louderbeck sold for N. Morris 66 rough Illinois Steers from 10½c.@11¼c. ⅌ ℔., with a few nice Steers in the lot at 12c. ⅌ ℔., weighing from 6½ to 7 cwt. C. Kahn sold for self 119 Kentucky Steers, from fair to good, from 11c.@12½c. ⅌ ℔., weight 7 cwt. H. Meyer sold for N. Morris 48 coarse Illinois Steers at 10¾c. ⅌ ℔., weight 6½ cwt., scant. Coney & McPherson sold for selves 163 fair Illinois Steers, from 11c.@12½c. ⅌ ℔., weight 6¾ cwt., strong; for Bell & Co. 36 Kentucky Steers, from common to good, from 10¼c.@12c. ⅌ ℔., weight 6¼ cwt.; for selves, 16 nice smooth Ohio Steers at 12¼c. ⅌ ℔., weight 7¼ cwt.; held on sale, 54 Cherokees. B. Westheimer sold for Toland & Co. 32 fair Ohio Steers, at 11c. ⅌ ℔., weight 7 cwt. S. Schuster sold for N. Morris, 32 fair Illinois Steers, at 11¾c. ⅌ ℔., weight 7 cwt.; 14 Illinois Oxen, at 12c. ⅌ ℔., weight 8¼ cwt.; 17 Texan Steers, at 9¾c. ⅌ ℔., weight 6¼ cwt. W. Sigel sold for N. Morris, 13 fair Illinois Steers, 11¾c. ⅌ ℔., weight 7¼ cwt.; 17 nice Illinois Steers, at 12½c. ⅌ ℔., weight 7½ cwt. F. Samuels sold for N. Morris, 81 Illinois Steers, from common to fair, from 10¾c.@11¾c. ⅌ ℔., with a few at 13c. ⅌ ℔., weights from 6¾ cwt. to 7½ cwt.; also, 15 Illinois Bulls, at 4c. ⅌ ℔., live weight. Toffey & Sons sold for N. Morris, 86 common Illinois Steers, from 10½c.@11¼c. ⅌ ℔., weight 6¼ cwt., scant; 32 fair Missouri Steers, at 11c. ⅌ ℔., weight 6¾ cwt., strong.

At Fortieth-street Sheep Market, Kase & Hauver sold 681 Illinois Sheep, average weight 97 ℔s. ⅌ head, at 6¼c. ⅌ ℔.

RECEIPTS.

Fresh arrivals at Communipaw Yards for yesterday and to-day: 1,050 head of horned Cattle, 1,580 Hogs, 718 Sheep.

BUFFALO, Feb. 21.—Cattle—Receipts to-day, 935 head, making the total supply for the week thus far, 7,174 head, or 422 cars, against 374 cars for the same time last week; market dull and slow at ¼c.@½c. decline on yesterday's prices; the scarcity of cars and heavy snow prevented a full attendance of buyers; as Lent commences next week, dealers anticipate dull trade and a light run of stock. Sales to-day 88 head Illinois Steers, ranging from $1 09, and 1,403 head at $5 87½@$6 70; 70 head Ohio Steers, ranging from 1,075 to 1,142 ℔s., at $5 25@$5 50; 102 head Missouri Steers, ranging from 1,070 to 1,200 ℔s., at $5 50; 32 head Kansas Steers, averaging 934 ℔s., at $4 40; 43 head Texas Steers, averaging 1,295 ℔s., at $5, with $10 premium. Sheep and Lambs—Receipts to-day, 3,800 head, making the total supply for the week thus far 12,600 head, against 14,000 head for the same time last week. Market closed firm at $5@$6 50 for Western Sheep; choice lots higher figures; no Canada stock arriving; all Sheep in pens sold, except one choice lot which owners hold at 7¾c., a figure above the views of buyers; sales, 345 head Ohio Sheep, ranging from 78@95 ℔s., at $5@$6 80; 295 head State Sheep, averaging 86 ℔s., at $6 25. Hogs—Receipts to-day, 3,500 head, making the total supply for the week thus far 26,000 head, against 21,400 head for the same time last week; market slow at $4 75@$5; sales 1,000 head Illinois and Ohio Hogs, ranging from 170 to 260 ℔s., at $4 75@$5.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 21.—Cattle—Market opened buoyant and active; notwithstanding the severity of the weather there is a good supply of Cattle, and the quality is superior to that of last week; prices are higher, but the quality is equal to the advance; the top price realized was 8⅜c.; Texans brought 5¾c., but they were extra good; Mixed herds sold down to 4¼c.@4¾c. for good butchering Steers; the ruling price was 6c.@7¼c.; Milch Cows attract but little attention; sales of about 50 at $35@$65. Sheep and Lambs—Market fully as strong as it was last week; the supply equals the demand, but the average quality is below that of last week; sales of Fine Wool Sheep at 6⅜c.@6¾c.; Coarse do., 5c.@7⅛c.; Lambs, 7c.@8c. Nothing doing in Hogs.

## MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

CHICAGO, Feb. 21.—Flour steady and unchanged. Wheat dull and lower; sales of No. 2 Spring at $1 20⅛@$1 20¼, cash; $1 21 seller March; $1 23 seller April; No. 3 Spring, $1 08½; Rejected, 95c.@97c. Corn steady at 31⅛c.@31¼c., cash; 31⅛c. seller March; 32⅛c. seller April; 27c.@27½c. for Rejected. Oats dull and declining at 26c. for No. 2. Rye steady at 65c. for No. 2. Barley dull and unsettled at 71c.@83c. for No. 2 Fall, according to location; 58c.@62c. for No. 3. Pork active and higher at $13@$13 05, seller March; $13 50, seller April. Lard firm and in fair demand at $7 60, cash, or seller March; $7 80, seller April. Bulk Meats—Demand good at full prices; sales of Shoulders at 4⅛c.@4¼c., boxed; Clear Rib Sides, loose, seller last half of March, 6⅛c. Green Hams scarce, but firm; sales of 14 ℔s. average at 10c.; 16 ℔s. do., 9¼c. Dressed Hogs active and higher at $4 25@$4 30. Whisky in fair demand and lower at 87c. Receipts—5,000 bbls. Flour, 35,000 bushels Wheat, 120,000 bushels Corn, 43,000 bushels Oats, 5,000 bushels Rye, 12,000 bushels Barley. Shipments—7,000 bbls. Flour, 7,000 bushels Wheat, 2,000 bushels Corn, 6,000 bushels Oats, 11,000 bushels Barley.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Feb. 21.—Flour quiet; Western Spring, $7 50@$8; Amber Winter, $8 50@$9 25; White Winter, $9 50@$10. Wheat weak, buyers and sellers widely apart; no sales; quoted Milwaukee No. 2 Spring, $1 55; Chicago No. 2 Spring, $1 52@$1 53; Duluth No. 1 Spring, $1 70; White Canada, $1 82@$2; White Michigan, $1 95@$2 05. Corn steady at 53c. for No. 2, in store, and 52c. on track; sales 6,000 bushels Western, on track, at 52c.; 2,500 bushels No. 2 Western Mixed, in store, at 53c. Oats quiet; sales small lot Western on track at 42c.; held at 42c.@43c. Barley firm; sales, 1,500 bushels Two-rowed State, on track, at 80¼c.; 2,250 bushels Canada on private terms; held at Canada 95c.@$1; No. 2 Western, 90c.@95c.; Two-rowed State, 78c.@80c.; Four-rowed State, 90c. Rye—Western held at 85c. Barley-malt steady; Western, $1@$1 10; prime Winter Western, $1 10@$1 15; prime Canada, $1 20@$1 25. Rye-malt nominal; $1. The balance of the market is unchanged.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 21.—Flour dull, and quotations barely maintained; Superfine, $4 75@$5 50; Extras, $5 25@$7; Wisconsin and Minnesota Extra Family, $7 50@$8 75; Pennsylvania, Ohio, and Indiana do., $8 75@$9 50; Fancy Western do., $10 50. Wheat dull; Red, $1 90; Amber, $1 97; No. 1 Spring, $1 70@$1 72. Rye is offered at 87c. Corn steady; Yellow, 58c.@59c.; Mixed Western, 60c.; White, 63c. Oats dull; White, 49c.@50c.; mixed, 46c. Barley—Sales 5,000 bushels two-rowed New-York on private terms. Coffee—Sales 2,500 bags Laguayra on private terms. Petroleum dull; Crude, 14¾c.; Refined, 19c. Whisky declining; Western, in iron, at 91c., free offerings.

OSWEGO, Feb. 21.—Flour steady; sales of 900 bbls., at $8 75 for No. 1 Spring; $9 75 for Amber Winter; $10 50 for White Winter; $11 for Double Extra. Wheat quiet but firm. Corn dull; sales of 1 car at 60c. Barley held at $1 10 for Bay Quinte; sales of 1,000 bushels Canada and 1,000 bushels State on private terms. Corn-meal sold at $1 30 for bolted, and $1 25 for unbolted, ⅌ cwt. Mill-feed steady, at $21 for Shorts, $22 for Shipstuffs, and $33 for Middlings, ⅌ ton. Railroad Freights—Flour, to Philadelphia, 60c.; to Boston, 72c.; to New-York, 62c.; to Albany, 54c.

TOLEDO, Feb. 21.—Flour unchanged. Wheat dull and lower; No. 2 White Michigan, $1 55; Amber Michigan, spot and March, $1 67½; April, $1 72½; May, $1 77; No. 1 Red, $1 70; No. 2 Red, $1 66. Corn dull; High Mixed, March, 40c.; May, 43c.; June, 43¾c.; July, 45c. Oats dull; No. 1, 39½c. Dressed Hogs, $5 25@$5 50. Receipts—1,400 bbls. Flour, 8,000 bushels Wheat, 82,000 bushels Corn, 2,000 bushels Oats. Shipments—4,000 bushels Wheat, 3,000 bushels Corn, 22,000 bushels Oats.

NEW-ORLEANS, Feb. 21.—Cotton—Demand slack; Good Ordinary, 17¾c.; Low Middling, 18¾c.; Middling, 19⅛c.; net receipts, 8,777 bales; gross, 9,231 bales; exports, to the Continent, 4,931 bales; coastwise, 2,057 bales; sales, 500 bales; last evening, 4,000 bales; stock, 198,068 bales; weekly net receipts, 49,439 bales; gross, 53,923 bales; exports, to Great Britain, 14,688 bales; to the Continent, 19,957 bales; coastwise, 5,887 bales; sales, 28,000 bales.

DETROIT, Feb. 21.—Flour dull. Wheat dull and a shade lower; Extra, $1 97@$1 98; No. 1 White, $1 88@$1 89; Amber Michigan, $1 68. Corn steady at 42c. Oats quiet and unchanged. Clover-seed, $5 25. Receipts—1,000 bbls. Flour, 9,000 bushels Wheat, 14,000 bushels Corn. Shipments—5,000 bushels Wheat, 8,000 bushels Corn.

MILWAUKEE, Feb. 21.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat quiet and weak; No. 1, $1 28; No. 2, $1 21½. Corn steady; No. 2 Mixed, 32¾c. Oats steady; No. 2, 26c. Rye steady; No. 1, 68c. Barley quiet and weak; No. 2 Fall, 72c. Receipts—1,000 bbls. Flour, 3,000 bushels Wheat. Shipments—3,000 bbls. Flour, 4,000 bushels Wheat.

GALVESTON, Feb. 21.—Cotton—Estimated net receipts, 1,500 bales; stock, 75,192 bales.

### Banks Designated for the Reception of Moneys Received in Bankruptcy Cases.

In accordance with rule No. 28 of the General Order on Bankruptcy, Judge Blatchford, of the United States District Court, for this district, yesterday designated the following banks as those in which all moneys received by assignees in bankruptcy shall be deposited:

In the City of New-York, the Bank of New-York and the National Banking Association. In Westchester County, the Westchester County National Bank and the First National Bank at Sing Sing. In Putnam County, the Putnam County National Bank. In Rockland County, the Rockland County National Bank, at Nyack. In Orange County, the Highland National Bank at Newburg, the Goshen National Bank at Goshen, the Middletown National Bank at Middletown. In Sullivan County, the National Bank at Monticello. In Dutchess County the Farmers' and Manufacturers' National Bank at Poughkeepsie. In Columbia County, the Farmers' National Bank at Hudson. In Ulster County, the National Ulster County Bank at Kingston. In Greene County the Farmers' National Bank at Catskill.

### The New-York Diet Kitchen.

A society has been organized under the name of the New-York Diet Kitchen, the object of which is to aid the dispensaries of the City in the care of their sick poor. It proposes to establish diet kitchens in the various dispensary districts, from which shall be issued, on the requisitions of the house and district physicians of these dispensaries, such articles of nourishment as are required for the recovery of their patients who could not of themselves procure it.

### Moore, the Wife Murderer, Sentenced to Twenty Years' Imprisonment.

Solomon David Moore, who was convicted of murder in the second degree for killing his wife, at Dover, N. J., on the 7th of November last, was yesterday sentenced, in the Morris County Court, at Morristown, by Judge Dalrimple, to twenty years' imprisonment at hard labor.

## NEW PUBLICATIONS.

THE NOVEL OF THE YEAR.

**NEVER AGAIN.**

By W. S. MAYO, M. D.

12mo, cloth. Illustrated. $2.

ENGLISH OPINIONS.

"This work puts its author at once into the very front rank of novelists. * * * We shall remember it as the work of one of the wittiest of modern writers and greatest of living masters of human character. * * *"—*London Athenæum.*

"'Never Again' is delightfully amusing. * * * A perfect mine of good sayings. * * * The author shows a wit that reminds us of Thackeray, but with good humor more genuine."—*London Athenæum.*

AMERICAN OPINIONS.

"A work of thorough cleverness and exceptional force and value."—*Dr. Bellows in New-York Independent.*

"As a novel it is remarkable, interesting, and admirable."—*New-York Evening Post.*

"Interesting and very clever."—*New-York Mail.*

TWENTIETH THOUSAND.

KALOOLAH.

A Romance of Africa. 12mo, cloth, $1 75.

"The most singular and captivating romance since Robinson Crusoe."—*Home Journal.*

"A most fascinating book."—*London Spectator.*

In Press.

A new edition of "THE BERBER."

A Romance of the Atlas.

For sale by all book-sellers, and sent post-paid on receipt of price by

G. P. PUTNAM'S SONS,
4th-av. and 23d-st., New-York.

**BAPTIST YEAR BOOK,**
1873.
Price 50 cents.
BIBLE AND PUBLICATION SOCIETY,
No. 76 East 9th-st., New-York.

**WOOD ON BRIDGES AND ROOFS.**

JOHN WILEY & SON, No. 15 Astor-place, PUBLISH:

A TREATISE OF THE THEORY OF THE CONSTRUCTION OF BRIDGES AND ROOFS. By DE VOLSON WOOD, Professor in Stevens Institute of Technology. Illustrated with numerous wood engravings. This work is designed as a TEXT-BOOK and for practical use. 1 vol., 8vo, cloth..$3

They have recently published by the same author:

A TREATISE ON THE RESISTANCE OF MATERIALS, and an Appendix on the preservation of Timber. By DE VOLSON WOOD, Professor of Engineering, University of Michigan. 1 vol., 8vo, cloth....$2 50

This book is used as a text-book in Iowa University, Iowa Agricultural College, Illinois Industrial University, Sheffield Scientific School, New-Haven; Cooper Institute, New-York; Polytechnic College, Brooklyn; University of Michigan, and other institutions.

*_* Copies of the above works will be sent to Professors for examination with reference to introduction at half price.

RUSKIN'S LAST VOLUME.

JOHN WILEY & SON

Have recently published:

**THE EAGLE'S NEST.**

Ten lectures on the Relation of Natural Science to Art given before the University of Oxford. By JOHN RUSKIN. 1 vol., 12mo, cloth. $1 50.

They will publish shortly by the same author:

THE POETRY OF ARCHITECTURE—VILLA AND COTTAGE. With many Illustrations. 1 vol., 12mo.

FORS CLAVIGERA. Letters to Workmen, &c., including letter, 24th December, 1872. 1 vol., 12mo.

## DIVIDENDS.

**OFFICE ERIE RAILWAY COMPANY,**
NEW-YORK, Feb. 11, 1873.

DIVIDEND.—The Directors of this Company have declared a Dividend from the earnings of the road for the six months ending 31st December ultimo, of Three and one-half per Cent. on the Preferred Stock, and also a dividend of One and three-quarters per Cent. on the common stock, from the earnings of the road for twelve months ending Dec. 31 last; both payable on the 15th day of March next, at the Treasurer's office, No. 280 8th-av., to the registered holders of stock at the closing of the books.

The Transfer-books for both Preferred and Common stock will be closed at the close of business on Saturday, the 1st day of March next, and remain closed until the morning of the 16th of March.

By order of the Board.

H. N. OTIS, Secretary.

**ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY.**

The coupons due March 1, 1873, on the Income Bonds of the Pacific Railroad, of Missouri, will be paid on and after that date at the National Bank of Commerce in the City of New-York.

A. V. STOUT,
Treasurer Atlantic and Pacific Railroad Company.
FEB. 19, 1873.

**THIRD DIVIDEND.**

HARLEM BANK, Feb. 10, 1873.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a Semi-annual Dividend of Four per Cent., free of all taxes, payable to the stockholders on demand, on and after the 1st day of March, 1873. The transfer-books will be closed from Feb. 18 to March 1. By order of

I. ANDERSON, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE MONTCLAIR RAILWAY COMPANY,
NO. 25 NASSAU-ST., NEW-YORK CITY.

THE COUPONS AND REGISTERED interest on the FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS OF THE MONTCLAIR RAILWAY COMPANY due March 1, 1873, will be paid at the office of Leonard, Sheldon & Foster, No. 10 Wall-st., on and after that date.

D. E. CULVER,
Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE SOUTH-SIDE RAILROAD COMPANY, BROOKLYN, E. D., Feb. 18, 1873.

THE COUPONS OF THE SOUTH-SIDE Railroad Company of Long Island due March 1 will be paid at the banking-house of Jacob R. Shipherd & Co., No. 24 Pine-st., New-York.

CHARLES L. HOPKINS, Secretary.

## SAVINGS BANKS.

**WEST SIDE SAVINGS BANK.**

No. 154 6th-av., between 11th and 12th sts.

Open daily from 9 to 3, and on Monday, Wednesday, and Saturday evenings from 5 to 8 o'clock. Money deposited now will draw interest from March 1, with participation in the profits.

SIX PER CENT. ON ALL SUMS.

F. A. CONKLING, President.

WM. H. ALLEN, Secretary.

**GERMAN UP-TOWN SAVINGS BANK.**

Nos. 906 and 908 3d-av., corner of 55th-st.

Money deposited now will draw interest from the 1st of March, at the rate of six per cent. per annum, on all sums from $1 to $5,000. Bank open daily, from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Saturdays also, from 6 to 8 P. M.

CHRISTIAN SCHWARTZ, President.

**NEW YORK SAVINGS BANK**, 8TH-av., corner 14th-st. SIX PER CENT. INTEREST paid on all sums from $5 to $5,000. Deposits made on or before March 1 will draw interest from March 1.

Assets..........$2,857,507 60 | Surplus..........$220,968 85

**UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK.**

Nos. 396 and 398 CANAL-ST., corner Laight.

SIX PER CENT. interest on $5 to $5,000.

ASSETS.....................**$10,977,044 88**

**DEPOSIT TODAY** in the SAVINGS BANK Chartered by the United States.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR. No. 185 Bleecker-st.

ASSETS OVER **$4,000,000.**

## FURNITURE.

THE ICE KING REFRIGERATOR received Medal of Special Award at American Institute, 1872, over all competitors. Persons in want of a fine refrigerator for every purpose should call and examine its superior merits. It is manufactured in all sizes, and for all purposes, stationary and portable, and pronounced par excellence.

**Office and Sales-room, 1,184 Broadway,** between 28th and 29th sts.

**The Ice King Refrigerator Manuf'g Co.**

## FINANCIAL.

# FIRST MORTGAGE GOLD BONDS

OF THE

# Portland and Ogdensburg Railroad.

## VERMONT DIVISION.

This is the shortest Trunk Line from the Lakes to the Atlantic. More than half the line in successful operation, and the balance rapidly approaching completion. Montreal fifty-seven miles nearer Portland by this route than any other Atlantic Port. We recommend these Bonds as combining PROFIT WITH ABSOLUTE SAFETY. For sale or exchange for marketable securities.

E. & T. FAIRBANKS & CO.,
St. Johnsbury, Vt.
FAIRBANKS & CO.,
No. 311 Broadway, New-York.
FAIRBANKS, BROWN & CO.,
No. 118 Milk-st., Boston.

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,
BROOKLYN, Feb. 21, 1873.

SEALED PROPOSALS, INDORSED, "Proposals for Bonds," will be received at this office until 2 o'clock on MONDAY, March 3, for the purchase of $100,000 seven per cent. Public Park Bonds, due in 1918. The Controller reserves the right to reject all bids not to the interest of the city.

F. H. SCHROEDER, Controller.

**$20,000** TO LOAN.—CITY PROPERTY. Principals address confidentially

CHARLES A. SCHERMERHORN,
No. 1,280 Broadway.

WANTED.—ON BOND AND MORTGAGE, the sum of $40,000, on choice desirable lots. Principals only will be treated with, by JOSIAH JEX, No. 18 East 40th-st.

REVENUE STAMPS.—ALL DENOMINATIONS bought and sold by

D. H. ANTHONY, No. 44 Wall-st.

## FINANCIAL.

# NOTICE TO INVESTORS.

# CHICAGO AND CANADA SOUTHERN.

# $5,000,000

# 7 PER CENT. GOLD BONDS

COUPON AND REGISTERED. INTEREST PAYABLE IN GOLD, APRIL AND OCTOBER.

THE CANADA SOUTHERN, or eastern end of this line, whose Bonds were so rapidly sold last Summer,

**Is Now Finished,**

and will be opened for business, in connection with the TOLEDO AND WABASH and other Western Roads, at a very early day. The CHICAGO AND CANADA SOUTHERN, or western end of this line, is now being rapidly built, and the Company expect it to be finished during the present year.

THIS GREAT TRUNK LINE, when completed through, will be of immense advantage to the shipping interests of the Great West, being *Level, Straight* and thirty-three miles Shorter than any other route. Having connections with all the lines running into Buffalo at the East and Chicago at the West, and under the management of some of the most experienced railroad operators of the country, its success is rendered a certainty, and its Bonds must be a safe and profitable investment. It makes the shortest and best connections going West, both at Toledo and Detroit, and is the only Seven per Cent. Gold Bond on any through Trunk line now offered.

Pamphlets and all information furnished by

**WINSLOW, LANIER & CO.,**
BANKERS, NO. 27 PINE-ST.

**LEONARD, SHELDON & FOSTER**
BANKERS, NO. 10 WALL-ST.

# LAKE SHORE AND MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY

## NEW SINKING FUND BONDS,

COUPON AND REGISTERED.

## $6,000,000,

**Bonds due Oct. 1, 1882, with Interest at Seven per Cent., payable semi-annually, April and October, at the office of the Union Trust Co. of New-York.**

$600,000, or Ten Per Cent. of the Loan, to be retired annually by the Sinking Fund.

Coupon Bonds of..................$1,000 each.

Registered Bonds of $1,000, $5,000, and $10,000 each.

**Price, 94 and Accrued Interest.**

# ROBINSON, CHASE & CO.,

BANKERS, NO. 18 BROAD-ST.

# MIDLAND

# 7% Guaranteed (FIRST MORTGAGE) Gold Bonds

## Completed Road,

Issued on the Montclair Railway, and Guaranteed by New-York Midland.

The MONTCLAIR is the DIRECT and SHORT LINE OF THE MIDLAND through New-Jersey, over which the vast accumulated business of the New-York Midland will pass. Its bonds are issued on the basis of about half cost. It is a home road, running DIRECT FROM THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, assured of a large business and a fine future. It is completed and running regular trains.

**Allen, Stephens & Co.,**

BANKERS,
NO. 25 PINE-ST.

# 8 PER CT. GOLD BOND.

Interest Payable Quarterly.

## COMPLETED ROAD.

First Mortgage

**Only $16,000 Per Mile**

OF THE

**Logansport, Crawfordsville and South-western Railway of Indiana.**

RENDERING THE LARGEST INCOME OF ANY FIRST-CLASS RAILWAY SECURITY UPON THE MARKET.

For further particulars apply to

**JONES & SCHUYLER,**
No. 12 Pine-st.

# VERMILYE & CO.

# BANKERS,

16 and 18 Nassau-st., New-York.

DEALERS IN ALL ISSUES OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

FIRST-CLASS RAILROAD AND MUNICIPAL BONDS ALWAYS ON HAND FOR INVESTMENT.

BUY AND SELL ON COMMISSION RAILWAY STOCKS, BONDS, AND GOLD.

MAKING LIBERAL ADVANCES.

INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

**NOTICE.**

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS of the Derby Coal Company of Pennsylvania, will be held on TUESDAY, the 25th of February, 1873, at 12 M., at the office of the Company, in Philipsburg, Centre County, Penn.

By order of the President.

ML. MUNOZ Y CASTRO, Secretary.

**JOHN MUNROE & CO.,**

BANKERS, NO. 8 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, ISSUE CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT ON MUNROE & CO., PARIS, AND ON THE CONSOLIDATED BANK, LONDON.

**BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,**

NO. 59 WALL-ST.,

issue COMMERCIAL and TRAVELERS' CREDITS AVAILABLE in all PARTS of the WORLD.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD COMPANY, NO. 59 LIBERTY-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Feb. 13, 1873.

CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD PREFERRED FIRST MORTGAGE SINKING FUND BONDS.—Notice is hereby given that we have this day designated by lot twenty-nine bonds, numbered as follows: 186, 366, 76, 210, 29, 216, 160, 205, 453, 64, 352, 92, 608, 415, 321, 136, 502, 432, 91, 10, 511, 559, 300, 54, 201, 46, 447, 509, 170, of $1,000 each, for redemption. According to the terms of the mortgage, interest thereon will cease May 1, 1873. The undersigned are ready to pay them, with interest so far as accrued, on presentation and surrender.

S. J. TILDEN, No. 12 Wall-st.
L. H. MEYER, No. 21 Nassau-st.

STOLEN—IN JANUARY, 1873, A TIN BOX containing, among other securities, TWO (2) CERTIFICATES OF STOCK, held by me, IN THE CITIZENS' GAS-LIGHT COMPANY OF NEWARK, N. J., as follows: Certificate No. 186, for fourteen shares, dated May 27, 1871; certificate No. 446, for three and a half shares, dated May 17, 1872. All parties are hereby cautioned against receiving or negotiating the same.

E. R. MARCY.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE trustees of the New-York Rendering Company will be held at the office of the Company, foot of West 38th-st., North River, on THURSDAY, March 6, at 11 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of electing trustees for the ensuing year.

GALEN A. CARTER, Secretary.

## FINANCIAL.

# INDIANAPOLIS, BLOOMINGTON AND WESTERN

# Railway Extension

## FIRST MORTGAGE

# SEVEN PER CENT. GOLD BONDS

CAPITALISTS AND ALL INVESTORS are invited to examine the merits of the Bonds issued by the INDIANAPOLIS, BLOOMINGTON AND WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY, and secured by a First Mortgage on its Extension Line of 217 miles. On this work, **100 miles, from Champaign to Havana,** on the Illinois River, **are completed,** and trains will run over that section in the second week of January. The remaining distance of 85 miles to Keokuk, on the Mississippi, with the branch of 32 miles to Decatur, now graded and track partly down, will be finished in ample time for the business of 1873. The character of soil, increasing productions, and wide belt of country tributary to this part of the line, assure for it very large remunerative business.

The road from Indianapolis to Pekin, 202½ miles, has been in operation a little more than two years, and has established success. **Its earnings have steadily increased, giving in 1872 an excess of $395,000 over 1871. Net receipts** from this part of the line alone **are more than sufficient to respond punctually to interest on all Bonds** made and issued by the Company. It rarely occurs that this can be said of any railroad during negotiation of its securities.

The entire line of 420 miles has the support of a populous, exceedingly rich, and productive agricultural region, passes through and **connects important towns and cities,** and crosses immense deposits of good coal, all of which **insure local business of great magnitude.** Its own Western and North-western connections, substantially under same control, with prominent intersecting roads, will furnish large through traffic. The managers appreciate the necessity of unusually large equipment, and are providing for it as rapidly as possible. This, with new elevator accommodations, under construction expressly for this road, at Indianapolis, will greatly increase its facilities and **enable it to take large offered business, which it has been obliged to decline.**

Particular attention is asked to the unusual strength of these Bonds, which are a liability of the entire Corporation owning a line of 420 miles, and are also completely secured by a first and only mortgage on the extension. Of the whole line, **308 miles are completed,** and 26 more are graded.

With the certainty that Government rates of interest will in a short time be largely reduced, holders of 5-20s will find it advantageous to realize at present high prices, and reinvest in these Bonds, which we recommend as possessing ample security for all investors. As an investment, they cannot fail to prove largely remunerative.

The Bonds are seven per cent., gold, $1,000 each, **convertible into stock at par,** at the option of the holder, and may be registered without charge. **Price, 90** and accrued interest in currency. Coupons, Jan. and July 1, free of tax.

All negotiable securities received in exchange at best market rates.

Full particulars furnished on application.

**TURNER BROTHERS,**
**Bankers, No. 14 Nassau-st.**

# CONVERTIBLE MIDLAND BONDS.

A 7 per cent. mortgage bond for sale on one of the great roads running from New-York City—on THE THIRD LARGEST ROAD IN NEW-YORK STATE. The most desirable bond of all the Midland issues, affording the largest income and promising the greatest profit. Price 85 and interest.

We believe them one of the safest and most profitable investments offered in this market for years.

*Convertible Railroad Bonds have proved in the past the most profitable ever issued.*

**Allen, Stephens & Co.,**

BANKERS,
NO. 25 PINE-ST.

# SOUTH-SIDE RAILROAD

OF

## LONG ISLAND

## SEVEN PER CENT.

# 1ST MORTGAGE BONDS,

(EXTENSION,)

DUE 1892. FOR SALE BY

**WM. AND JOHN O'BRIEN,**
NO. 58 WALL-ST.

# FIRST-CLASS INVESTMENT.

## Morris and Essex Railroad Seven Per Cent. Mortgage Bonds.

These Bonds are a first lien upon thirty-six miles of the line of road, and a first lien upon the real estate and Dock Property at Hoboken, worth the entire amount of the issue of Bonds.

Interest on the Morris and Essex Bonds and the Share Capital of about $15,000,000 are guaranteed by the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railway Company, which has leased the property in perpetuity.

For sale by

**WOOD & DAVIS,**

Bankers and Dealers in Railroad Bonds,
No. 31 Pine-st., New-York.

# ILLINOIS REGISTERED BONDS.

We offer for sale $400,000 PAR VALUE ILLINOIS EIGHT PER CENT. REGISTERED BONDS in lots to suit purchasers.

These securities are FIRST-CLASS in every particular.

Details furnished on application.

**WINSLOW & WILSON,**
**70 William-st., N. Y.**

**INSURANCE.**

HOME INSURANCE STOCK FOR SALE BY WM. C. GILMAN, No. 46 Pine-st.

THE OFFICE OF THE DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY,
NO. 26 EXCHANGE-PLACE,
NEW-YORK, Jan. 29, 1873.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of this Company for the election of officers and managers for the ensuing year will be held at this office on TUESDAY, the 25th day of February proximo.

The polls will be opened at 12 o'clock M., and closed at 1 o'clock P. M.

The transfer-books will be closed from 3 o'clock P. M., Feb. 5, until the morning of Feb. 26, 1873.

FRED. F. CHAMBERS, Secretary.

CLEVELAND, COLUMBUS, CINCINNATI AND INDIANAPOLIS RAILWAY.
CLEVELAND, Ohio, Feb. 10, 1873.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of this Company, for the election of Directors, and for the transaction of other business, will be held at the office of the Company, in Cleveland, Ohio, on WEDNESDAY, March 5, 1873, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M. The transfer-books will be closed from the evening of 15th inst. until March 6.

GEO. H. RUSSELL, Secretary.

ALEX. LAUDERDALE DUNCAN IS authorized to sign our name by procuration.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.

FEB. 15, 1873.

STATE OF GEORGIA SIX PER CENT. past due BONDS; also, coupons of VIRGINIA CONSOLIDATED BONDS, wanted by

J. B. MANNING, No. 5 New-st.

## FINANCIAL.

THE

# Consolidated Mortgage Bonds

OF THE

# ST. LOUIS

AND

# SOUTH-EASTERN RAILWAY CO.

(CONSOLIDATED,)

## Of Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky, and Tennessee.

**30 year 7 per cent., with Sinking Fund of 2 1-2 per cent. of Gross Earnings.**

PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST PAYABLE IN GOLD IN NEW-YORK. INTEREST SEMI-ANNUALLY, FEBRUARY AND AUGUST.

This road is formed by the consolidation of the St. Louis and South-eastern, the Evansville, Henderson, and Nashville, and the Edgefield and Kentucky Railroads, and is the shortest and best possible route from ST. LOUIS and CHICAGO to NASHVILLE, MONTGOMERY, ATLANTA, MACON, MOBILE, SAVANNAH, and CHARLESTON. Its superstructure and equipment are unsurpassed by any in the West.

**ITS MONTHLY EARNINGS HAVE, SINCE THE CONSOLIDATION, ALREADY REACHED AN AVERAGE OF $105,000, AND ARE AMPLE TO OPERATE THE ROAD AND PAY THE INTEREST ON THE ENTIRE BONDED DEBT.**

Three hundred and fifty-eight miles of this road are completed and fully equipped. The Consolidated Bonds are issued at the rate of $21,000 per mile for the purpose of making a single debt, completing branches, and supplying equipment to meet the rapidly-increasing business. $1,600,000 have been sold, and we offer a limited number at **90 and accrued interest in currency.**

The St. Louis Board of Trade recently passed a series of resolutions expressing the opinion "THAT THIS WILL BECOME ONE OF THE BEST PAYING LINES LEADING OUT OF ST. LOUIS," congratulating the stockholders on "THE HONORABLE AND ABLE MANAGEMENT OF THE PROPERTY," expressing the belief "that THE SECURITY OFFERED BY THE CONSOLIDATED MORTGAGE BONDS TO THE **AMOUNT OF $21,000 PER MILE IS GOOD, AND RECOMMENDING THEM WITHOUT HESITATION AS AN INVESTMENT** TO CAPITALISTS, BOTH AT HOME AND ABROAD."

We unhesitatingly recommend these Bonds as an unexceptionable Railway Security.

Full particulars furnished, upon application, by

**GEORGE OPDYKE & CO.,**
No. 25 Nassau-st, New-York.

**WINSLOW & WILSON,**
No. 70 William-st, New-York.

# The Indiana and Illinois Central Railway Co.

**Offers for sale its FIRST MORTGAGE 7 PER CENT. GOLD BONDS, 30 years to run, with ample Sinking Fund.**

**The Road runs due EAST and WEST from INDIANAPOLIS to DECATUR, 152 miles, through the richest settled country of the West. It crosses the BLOCK COAL FIELD of Indiana at its best point, and it cannot fail to have a LARGE LOCAL AND THROUGH BUSINESS, as it makes a great saving of distance and has low grades.**

**It is building for cash, by responsible stockholders, and is BONDED FOR MUCH LESS THAN ITS COST. Eighty-five miles will be done and in profitable operation this Spring, the residue within the year. There is no better bond on the market. For pamphlets and information apply to**

**WALKER, ANDREWS & CO.**
NO. 14 WALL-ST.

George Opdyke & Co., Bankers, No. 25 Nassau-st., New-York, like an incorporated Bank, receive deposits subject to check at sight, with the additional advantage to Depositors of Interest on daily Balances.

**NEW-YORK LOAN AND INDEMNITY COMPANY,**

No. 229 Broadway, corner Barclay-st.

CAPITAL, $1,000,000.

Transact a GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

Receive DEPOSITS subject to CHECK AT SIGHT, paying INTEREST on DAILY BALANCES.

Checks on this Company pass through the Clearing-house.

Receive TRUSTS and FINANCIAL AGENCIES, keep transfer-books, register STOCKS, and act as TRUSTEES for RAILROADS, and other corporations and for individuals.

DIRECTORS.

H. H. VAN DYCK, President.
ANDREW McKINNEY, Vice-President.

Charles Stanton,
John H. Cheever,
Abel Denison,
George H. Bissell,
William H. Breeden,
John G. Hoyt,
William Foster, Jr.,
G. M. Van Nort,
A. McKinney,

T. W. Park,
Prosper P. Shaw,
Alexander E. Orr,
William B. Ogden,
Aaron Claflin,
George H. Brown,
Christopher Meyer,
G. P. Lowrey,
William H. Foster.

JOHN T. BANKER, Secretary.

**10 TO 20 PER CENT. INVESTMENTS.**

**ILLINOIS REGISTERED BONDS,**

Interest paid by State Treasurer in New-York.

FIRST MORTGAGE RAILROAD BONDS.

Insurance, Gas-light, Bank, and City Railroad Stocks and Bonds; also, other first-class securities for sale, at the lowest market rates, by

ALBERT H. NICOLAY & CO.,
NO. 43 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK.

N. B.—Choice investment Stocks and Bonds a specialty with this house for 21 years.

GOVERNMENT AND OTHER MARKETABLE SECURITIES received on exchange at best price.

**A GOOD INVESTMENT.**

Proposals solicited for $250,000 of Paterson (N. J.) City Funding Bonds, running one, two, three, four, and five years, bearing seven per cent. interest, payable Sept. 1 and March 1; $50,000 of the Principal payable March 1, 1874, $40,000 1875, $50,000 1876, $60,000 1877, $70,000 1878. Denominations, $500.

Issued free and exempt from all State, county, and municipal taxes in New-Jersey.

The Funded Debt of Paterson is only $1,131,000. Assessed valuation of taxable property in 1872, $22,000,000. Estimated real valuation, $40,000,000. Annual increase of debt limited to $95,000.

Sealed proposals for the above bonds with accrued interest are solicited, to be addressed, "William Swinburne, Controller, Paterson, N. J.," and indorsed, "Proposals for Funding Bonds," and to be received by MONDAY, March 10, 1873, at 3 o'clock P. M., at the City Hall, Paterson, at which time and place said proposals will be publicly opened by the Controller and the Department of Finance.

The right to accept or reject any or all proposals, in whole or in part, is reserved. Parties must be ready to take the bonds within one week after acceptance of proposals.

W. W. EVANS,
Prest. Board of Aldermen and of Dept. of Finance.
WM. SWINBURNE, Controller.
PATERSON, N. J., Feb. 21, 1873.

**FIRST MORTGAGE 8 PER CENT. BONDS OF THE MILWAUKEE AND NORTHERN RAILWAY,**

COUPON AND REGISTERED; INTEREST JUNE AND DECEMBER.

We offer these bonds for sale at 90, and accrued interest, believing them to be a secure, as well as a profitable investment. Full particulars furnished on application.

VERMILYE & CO.,
Nos. 16 and 18 Nassau-st.
GREENLEAF, NORRIS & CO.,
No. 66 Exchange-place.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR eleven directors and three inspectors of election of the Harlem Bank, will be held at the banking room, No. 2,273 3d-av., on TUESDAY, the 4th day of March, 1873. Polls open from 1 to 3 o'clock P. M.

FEB. 10, 1873. J. ANDERSON, Cashier.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, FEB. 22, 1873.

## Amusements This Evening.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.—DAVID GARRICK—Mr. E. Sothern, Mme. Ponisi, Miss Katherine Rogers. Matinée at 1½.

NEW FIFTH-AVENUE THEATRE.—ALIXE—Mr. C. Fisher, Mr. Geo. Clarke, Miss Clara Morris. Matinée at 1½.

UNION-SQUARE THEATRE.—ONE HUNDRED YEARS OLD—Mr. M. Smith, Mrs. Clara Jennings. Matinée at 1½.

BOOTH'S THEATRE.—TICKET-OF-LEAVE MAN—Mr. W. J. Florence, Miss Mary Wells, Miss Pateman. Matinée at 2.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.—HUMPTY DUMPTY—Mr. Geo. L. Fox, Mr. C. W. Ravel, Miss Fanny Beane. Matinée at 1½.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.—ROUGHING IT—Mr. John Brougham, Mr. Fawcett, Mrs. John Wood. Matinée at 1½.

BOWERY THEATRE.—WILL O' THE WISP—Mr. Charles Abbott. Matinée at 2.

WOOD'S MUSEUM.—DRAMATIC PERFORMANCE AND CURIOSITIES—Morning, afternoon and evening.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.—LEO AND LOTOS—Mlle. Disal, Mr. Fiske. Matinée at 1½.

ST. JAMES THEATRE.—SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS—Birch, Wambold, Backus and others.

BRYANT'S OPERA HOUSE.—ETHIOPIAN MINSTRELSY—Dan Bryant, Seymour, Reed.

ASSOCIATION HALL.—Matinée at 2—POPULAR CONCERT—Miss Borie, Miss Stoddard, Mr. Mora.

STEINWAY HALL.—GRAND CONCERT by the New-York Conservatory of Music.

BROOKLYN ATHENÆUM.—CANTATA of "The Haymakers."

## The New-York Times.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES is pre-eminently a family paper, all objectionable advertisements being rigidly excluded; and it has a constantly increasing circulation among the most respectable classes of the community.

### TERMS TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

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| The DAILY TIMES, per annum, including the Sunday Edition | $12 |
| The DAILY TIMES, per annum, exclusive of the Sunday Edition | 10 |
| The Sunday Edition, per annum | 2 |
| The EUROPEAN EDITION, per annum, postage extra | 3 |
| The SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES, per annum | 3 |
| The WEEKLY TIMES, per annum | 2 |

Club rates of THE WEEKLY—all to one Post-office address—Five copies, per annum, $7 50; Ten copies, per annum, $12 50; Twenty copies, per annum, $22; Thirty copies, per annum, $30, and One extra copy to each Club. For every club of fifty, one copy of THE SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES to the getter-up of the club.

When the names of subscribers are required to be written upon each paper of the club at one post-office address, ten cents for each copy additional to the above rates.

Club rates of THE SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES: Two copies, one year, $5; ten copies, one year, $25—and one extra copy free. New names may be added to clubs at any time during the year, at club rates.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY and WEEKLY mailed one year to clergymen at the lowest rates.

These prices are invariable. Remit in drafts on New-York or Post-office Money Orders, if possible, and where neither of these can be procured send the money in a registered letter.

Terms, cash in advance.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES,
New-York City.

### Notices.

We cannot notice anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

We cannot under any circumstances return rejected communications, nor can we undertake to preserve manuscripts.

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In this Credit Mobilier affair there are not lacking certain incidents of a ludicrous cast. Among them must be mentioned the appearance of FERNANDO WOOD in the character of champion of public virtue. He it was who introduced the resolution instructing the Judiciary Committee of the House to draw up articles of impeachment against Mr. COLFAX. The "whirligig of time" brings about strange things, but perhaps the best seasoned among us may be pardoned for feeling startled to see FERNANDO WOOD in a white heat of indignation over the crime of Mr. COLFAX in taking—as is alleged on one side, and contradicted on the other—the enormous bribe of $1,200. Of FERNANDY it must, at least, be acknowledged that he never sold himself at so low a price as that. Perhaps that is why he is "mad." He does not like to see the price of public men lowered in the market. It is doubtless very wicked to say so, but we would rather to-day put our faith in Mr. COLFAX, with all his faults, than in the Hon. FERNANDY, who is now the furious foe of corruption.

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It seems that Mr. WARMOTH is getting desperate. He sent a telegram to his tool MCENERY, on learning the tenor of the reports on Louisiana, which resulted in a plot to seize the Government of the State. This was promptly blocked, we are happy to say, by the Democratic authorities. We can imagine that WARMOTH, backed by one of Senator TRUMBULL's convenient opinions, might see his way clear to recommend violence. But violence is a poor game for the Warmoth Party to indulge in just now. It would only make their very bad case much worse.

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Of course, the *Evening Post* cannot explain away the ignorant and stupid blunders into which it has fallen in discussing the new charter and City affairs, any more than it could defend its treachery in advocating the infamous two per cent. tax bill, from which the City suffered so severely. It says, however, that THE TIMES "first published the Ring frauds"—which is quite true, although we cannot see what that has to do with the charter, and the statement is expressed in a very clumsy manner. Intelligent criticism of the charter the *Post* has none to give, because it has never even read the measure; but it has nevertheless worked itself into a very feverish state over perils which we hope will turn out to be imaginary. If we might make a suggestion to this tremendous critic without offense, it would be one of a purely sanitary kind. Let him tarry for half an hour or so with a good barber, cut off his hyacinthine locks, buy a nail-brush, put on a clean shirt—or at least that strange article which we believe is called a "dickey"—refrain from spouting boyish nonsense at public dinners, take a bath, and go to bed for a week or two. This prescription, if carefully followed, may restore the distinguished lecturer to a reasonable state of health—pending which happy period we leave him to divert his mind with his beautiful quotations, and to regale his natural man by reveling in a congenial state of muck.

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The House of Representatives, yesterday appropriated $50,000 to the New-London Navy-yard, on the understanding that as soon as possible the Brooklyn Yard is to be broken up, and its work removed to Connecticut. This will be encouraging news to the respectable Republicans of Kings County, to whom the navy-yard has long been a political nuisance, without adding in the least to the strength of the party.

### The Charter.

The discussion on the charter in the Assembly seems to have been rather a muddled affair. The Democrats made a particularly poor show, and utterly failed to point out in what respects the charter is at fault. Criticisms upon the measure there have been few or none, if we except the report of the legal representatives of the Committee of Seventy. They, at least, have something to say. Although a correspondent of ours who signs himself "An Old Fogy"—and he is a man well worth hearing—thinks that we have "taken side in favor of the passage of the bill," yet we venture to assert that we have criticised it more freely and fairly than any other journal in the State. Nor are we by any means enthusiastically in favor of it now. Stories reach our ears of this man and the other having been marked out for certain posts under its provisions. We should look upon all such arrangements as a piece of trickery. You have no business to measure a man for a charter, as he might be measured for a coat or a pair of boots. We hope, for instance, that no jobbery is intended in relation to the Police Department. On all such subjects we may as well state frankly that the party leaders in this City—if there are any—do not take us into their secrets. They have "no confidence" in us, perhaps—and we do not complain of it.

To devise a charter for the government of a cosmopolitan city such as this must necessarily be a work of great and peculiar difficulty. To devise one which shall reasonably represent the views of the party which makes it, while adequately protecting the public interests, is an aim which adds immensely to the original difficulties of the task. We should be sorry to hold ourselves responsible for the working of any measure which might be submitted to the Legislature. The machinery might look very well until you began to set it in motion, when it would be found that some little wheel would not turn, or turned in the wrong way, and the entire contrivance would be found to be worse than useless. The only thing a newspaper can justifiably do is to point out the obvious mistakes in construction. We have already shown that the charter is open to amendment. Yesterday a clause which has been much objected to was struck out—and probably this will dispel a good deal of opposition to the charter. The clause in question is the seventieth, conferring large powers upon the Police Superintendent. It is reprinted in our Albany letter this morning.

The second great bone of contention has been the appointing power. Where should it be placed? In the hands of the Mayor alone, says a comic evening paper. But it recommended the same thing when HALL was Mayor, and it had its own way, and HALL made a fine use of the enormous privileges thus conferred upon him. Mr. HAVEMEYER is not like A. OAKEY HALL—but who can tell what sort of a Mayor will be elected next? It would be a very imprudent act to legislate for one man. The rhetoricians and doctrinaires would have the Republicans do that, but this is a practical world, and it does not answer to follow the advice of visionaries. Mr. OPDYKE, who has been so vehemently applauded by the opponents of the charter, has introduced a proposition which is likely to be carried. We printed it yesterday. The Board of Aldermen are to nominate, and the Mayor to appoint. If the Mayor does not approve of the nomination, the Board of Aldermen may meet, and if the person nominated receives a clear majority of the votes of the board, he shall be appointed. The same person is not to be nominated twice for the same office. But there is this important addition: The Mayor will have the power of removing at pleasure all officers so appointed, subject to the approval of the Governor.

Is this a fair proposal? "Oh, no," shrieks out the after-dinner spouters; "it is a Ring." Well, but what does the Mayor say about it? Is he in favor of this arrangement, or not? On the face of it, there seems to be nothing dishonest about it. Our experienced correspondent, "An Old Fogy," seems to hint at some such plan as this. Mr. OPDYKE was one of the gentlemen who signed the minority report against the original draft of the charter—and this is his amendment. What, then, is the good of babyish cries about "Republican roguery"? We must either have this scheme, or place *all* power in the hands of the Mayor for the time being—and the next Mayor may be another HALL. We can never tell what may happen. One critic advises us to make the Mayor into a Boss, but admits at the same time that it is a "somewhat anti-republican" course, and gives to one man "a monster power." Why run such a risk?

The appointing power is very fairly placed, under such an arrangement as that proposed by Mr. OPDYKE. We should like, however, to have some explanation of the fifth paragraph of the 122d clause of the charter, which provides that the Corporation Counsel shall have as salary "fifteen thousand dollars, and *all legal costs recovered by him.*" Pray how much would this make his office worth?

Is it true that Mr. DAVENPORT is to be the new Police Superintendent? We merely ask the question.

### The Birthday of Washington.

It is useless to indulge in regrets that the celebration of WASHINGTON's birthday is becoming less and less general. In a country where such observances depend entirely on the voluntary action of the people, no amount of lecturing will revive them when they have once begun to fall away. It is not strange that the memory of WASHINGTON should be less a subject of popular interest with each decade. The five or six millions who, at the time of WASHINGTON's death, occupied the seaboard States, and were clearing the lands along the rivers that flow to the sea, have become a nation of 40,000,000, of whom more than four-tenths are of foreign birth or parentage. Not even the main features in the life of WASHINGTON, much less the controlling traits of his character, are familiar to the great body of these latter. If the Father of his Country has become obscure to the majority of the descendants of his contemporaries, he is far more so to the millions born in foreign lands or of foreign parents.

Yet there is no character more fit than his for the study of the citizens of our country. The qualities by which he was able to perform his most valuable services, and by which he won his greatest fame, were those which every citizen can emulate. They are those, too, which the mass of any people must possess in order to successfully maintain a free government. The constant aim of WASHINGTON's life was to perform as well as he could the duties of citizenship that fell to his share. His distinguishing characteristic was unfailing fidelity to his conscience and reason in all the affairs in which he participated. As a commander he was not so remarkable for the skill of his military plans—for he acted with a wretched army on a small scale, and did not escape frequent reverses and some almost disastrous failures—as for the rare combination of his moral qualities. He possessed courage in the midst of difficulties, fortitude under misfortune and suffering, patience and resolution in the presence of general gloom and weariness; he displayed generous sympathy with his comrades, a tender consideration for the common soldiers, and the people from whom they were drawn, perfect rectitude and constant unselfishness in all his dealings with his Government. These were the qualities that made him as strong in the esteem and love of the people in the camp at Valley Forge as he was on the morrow of the evacuation of Boston. And it was these qualities, added to calm and careful judgment, and great candor in dealing with men in public and private, that enabled WASHINGTON to guide the Government through the difficult period of its first eight years.

It would be difficult for any man again to fill so large a space in the civil affairs of the country as did WASHINGTON, though, after the career of Mr. LINCOLN, no one would say it was impossible. But any public man can imitate his virtues if he will, and any private citizen can be actuated by the same spirit. We may be sure that were WASHINGTON living now, he would not be a violent partisan on either side; that he would give his vote to no unworthy candidate at the bidding of a party convention; that he would not grudge the time and labor and annoyance necessary to fulfill honorably his political duties, and to exercise intelligently the privilege of the franchise. We may be sure he would evade no lawful taxes, make no compromise with "strikers," nor forget in the pursuit of profit, or the enjoyment of wealth, his interest, in common with his fellow-citizens, in the just and honest administration of public affairs.

We may be sure, too, that, if in public life at this time, there are many things he would not do. He would neither seek positions of profit, nor bargain with office-hunters for positions of trust. He would not submit his conscience unqualifiedly to the keeping of a caucus. He would not be in the least tempted by Mr. OAKES AMES, or have any such difficulty as Senator HARLAN has in accounting for the expenses of his election. His dealings with the people would be always aboveboard, and his private life would never compromise his public usefulness. He would know how to explain all his transactions, if called on to do so, with once trying, and no investigation would have any terrors for him. Indeed, we know of no way in which public men of both parties at the national capital could to-day more appropriately honor the memory of WASHINGTON, than by making out from the above hints a list of all the things now familiar in public life, which that wise and honest man would certainly have avoided.

### American Hospitals.

Within the past year or two, a great deal of public attention, in New-York and some of our other cities, has been given to the subject of an increase in the number and extent of our hospitals. We are exceedingly glad to see this. It is a most remarkable circumstance in the history of charity, that, while so much has been done here and in other American cities for the relief of the poor, this branch of benevolence should, until recently, have been so much neglected. What the cause of this has been it would be difficult to say. It could not have been either want of sympathy for those who were suffering, or want of liberality to the destitute. There have always been too many and too marked exhibitions of this sympathy and liberality to assign any such reason. But however we may account for the deficiency, it is certain that it existed, and that the present degree of interest in the establishment of hospitals relates to a kind of charity which has been greatly needed.

The best place for a sick person, in the great majority of cases, is his own home; and this is often true, even where the comforts and medical attendance are far inferior to what a good hospital would furnish. But some people have no home. Others are hundreds, or it may be thousands, of miles away from their homes, and cannot be taken there when sick. Of another class, the homes, or what it seems almost like heartless irony to call their homes, are so destitute, not only of everything that money could buy for a sick person, but even of the facilities for obtaining a sufficient quantity of reasonably pure air, that to remain in them is, in many forms of disease, almost an insuperable obstacle to recovery. All these classes are numerous in most large cities, and are certainly so in New-York. The second class—those who are far away from home—is peculiarly large in this City, and on account of the rapidly augmenting amount of travel, is greatly increasing here and everywhere else.

Our principal need in regard to hospitals relates to gratuitous accommodations for the poor. In this respect, the deficiency is absolutely discreditable to our American civilization. No one who has ever seen much of the poor in this City would dissent from the statement that an immense amount of suffering would be relieved, and a large number of lives every year be saved, if there were any place to send the patients where they could have suitable food, well-ventilated apartments, and necessary medicines and nursing. Such quarters as thousands of respectable, honest, hard-working people in New-York live in are quite bad enough for an individual in perfect health. But apart from this, it is often entirely impossible for the poor to give sufficient care to those of their family who are sick. The time needed for nursing is also needed to prevent starvation. A seamstress or washerwomen who has a family to support must attend to her work, whether the members of that family are sick or well.

One very strong reason for this branch of benevolence is that there is little liability of its being perverted. Impostors and professional beggars do not often care to get themselves into hospitals. The cases that are relieved are pretty sure to be genuine cases of suffering. It is true, individuals may occasionally seek to avail themselves of the charity who are well enough off to provide for themselves; but with proper care there would not be much difficulty on that score.

In addition to the direct advantages of well-conducted hospitals for the poor, there is an indirect one, which should here be mentioned as of very great importance. We allude to the information which such institutions would tend to diffuse among the poor in regard to the proper care of the sick. The amount of ignorance, prejudice, and a certain kind of superstition among large numbers of poor people, in reference to the treatment of disease, would be utterly incredible to any one who had not had opportunities of observation on the subject. One of the greatest obstacles to the recovery of the sick among this class of people is often some absurd traditional idea, of which it is impossible to trace the origin, but which is held none the less confidently because it is entirely in opposition, not only to science, but to common sense. The removal of such ideas, and the promotion of a general knowledge among the poor of what is needed in nursing the sick, would of themselves be objects likely to justify all the expense required for the kind of charity of which we have been speaking.

### The New-Jersey Legislature.

Enough evidence has been supplied during the past few years to satisfy any disinterested person that the Legislature of New-Jersey would have very little business to do if there were no railroads. At each session, the hotels have been filled by men interested either in the maintenance of existing railroad laws, or in the passage of bills for new enterprises. These men have had matters very nearly their own way, and to their influence almost entirely may be attributed the corrupt practices which have been so notorious. What is called the "Third House," last year, was said to have had nearly as many members as the Senate and the Assembly; and this year, judging from the character of its proceedings thus far, the representation must be fully as large, if not larger. At an early period of the session, the correspondent of one of the Newark papers stated that lobbyists were so numerous that two additional door-keepers had to be appointed by the Senate to keep them from "crowding." Now, no matter how pure legislators may be, while such a condition of things obtains, their movements will be attended with suspicion, and their reputation damaged in the eyes of their constituents. Here is a sample of the work attributed to the lobby. The principal lines of railroad terminating in Jersey City are at present, and have been for a considerable time, exempt from taxation. The incorporators have taken advantage of the exemption to purchase a large amount of real estate, to the injury of private citizens, whose taxes have been increased until they are well-nigh ruined. Jersey City, from having been a favorite place of residence for New-Yorkers in moderate circumstances, has become, through this injustice, one of the most undesirable places imaginable. Now, it is plain that this freedom from taxation cannot be allowed any longer. The people demand that all laws permitting it shall be repealed, and, of course, the railroad men are determined to resist with all their might.

At every successive session of the Legislature since railroad monopolies attained power, Trenton has had one or more scandals to suffer from. It was at first supposed that the present session would, in consequence of Reform influences, be moderately free in this respect, but it appears that the combinations are too strong on the other side. Two bills, one engineered in the Senate and the other in the House, have furnished material for what will probably be called the chief scandal of the Legislature this year. The Senate bill is understood to be in the interest of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company; and it is charged in connection with it that the regular notice of "intention to bring up" was not given, and that such being the case, it is not a legal measure. The bill in the Assembly, on the other hand, admittedly has no such objection to be urged against it. The incorporators named, it seems, are Jersey men, whereas in the former they are declared to be officers or employes of the Philadelphia Railroad. The routes are precisely the same, with the single exception—if, indeed, it can be called an exception—that one is to run from the Hudson River to the Delaware River, and the other from the Delaware to the Hudson. It further appears that one bill has passed the Senate and the other the House, and that unless some bargain, which nothing can relieve from the suspicion of being corrupt, can be made, neither bill can go through both Houses.

This fight has already been the means of developing a fraud in reference to the much-talked of Stanhope charter, which shows pretty clearly to what lengths certain railroad men of New-Jersey will go to gain a point. According to the evidence of a former journal clerk of the House, one REEVES, who occupied the post of reading clerk last Winter, had charge of the job. Two bills were printed, one having an "objectionable section," while the other had not. The one with the "objectionable" feature, as alleged, was sent by REEVES to the engrossing clerk, who engrossed it without troubling himself to compare it with the one sent from the House. From the engrossing clerk's office the fraudulent bill was followed step by step by REEVES, until it became law. These facts have been brought to light by an investigating committee of the Senate, and in the opinion of our correspondent, the instigators of the fraud have a chance of being speedily discovered. Of course, it is most desirable that investigations of this nature shall be vigorously pursued; but the work must be done in good faith, to satisfy public expectation. The Legislature has a chance to improve its record by repealing oppressive laws, and by keeping the lobbyists at a respectful distance during the remainder of the session. Any further legislation that has a look of being in the interest of monopolies, railroad or otherwise, will be sure to meet with general disfavor; and if legislators are wise, they will take a firm stand against it at once, and not waste time in discussions that can have only one result.

### A Middlesex Verdict.

It is only among savage nations that women are valued at a fixed price. The Kaffir, for example, considers an average woman to be worth four oxen. Among civilized people, on the other hand, there is a great diversity of opinion as to the money value of a woman. If we take judicial decisions as the best evidence as to this matter, we find that, where women have been injured or killed by railway accidents, their assessed value has varied from a few hundred to several thousands of dollars. In this country, the average rate has been higher than it is elsewhere, and it is not uncommon for a bereaved husband to recover $10,000 from the railway company which deprived him of his wife. The comparative cheapness of women in England has just been illustrated by the verdict of a Middlesex jury, in the case of a woman who had been knocked down and seriously crumpled by a mad cow. The husband brought suit to recover the value of a jaw, a collar-bone, and a shoulder, all of which the cow had broken. After much deliberation, the jury decided to give him £10, a sum which, in their estimation, was the full value of the broken bones. By this verdict it will be seen that each of the broken bones was appraised at £3 6s. 8d., and we can thus form a fair estimate of the value of the entire woman. Three other limbs, and an additional collar-bone and jaw, would amount, at this rate, to thirty more pounds, leaving only the head and body to be estimated. It is hardly probable that this Middlesex jury would regard a woman without any limbs whatever as an object of much value, and we may therefore safely suppose that £20 each for head and body would be the largest amount at which the most liberal Middlesex juror would appraise the rest of the woman whose case is above cited. We thus arrive at the conclusion that in Middlesex a woman is valued at £80, or say $400—a price so ridiculously low that it can only be accounted for upon the theory of an overstocked market.

Now, it is really disgraceful to civilization that there should be no standard of value for the most precious of earthly blessings, and that it should be possible for that predestinated idiot, the juryman, to value one's wife or daughter at the paltry sum of $400. Even the heathen Kaffir places a higher price than this upon the sex, and would doubtless proceed to brain with indignant and chivalrous war-club the entire jury that should offer him such inadequate compensation for a wife. It would be far better were the lowest value at which any woman should be estimated fixed at $10,000, except, perhaps, in the case of a mother-in-law of well-established and peculiarly vicious sense of duty. Of course that sum, or any other, would be no compensation to a man who had lost a really valuable wife, but such a standard would save us from the humiliating spectacle of a jury estimating the worth of a woman, piecemeal, at the rate of £3 6s. 8d. per bone, or fixing the sum of $400 as the full value of her entire person.

## MINOR TOPICS.

The respectable residents of several of the Wards of this City have, for a considerable time, been sufferers from what we have heretofore frequently referred to as the "gang nuisance"—or, in other words, from congregations of ruffians between the ages of seventeen and twenty-five at street-corners, in sufficient numbers to make it perfectly safe for them to insult every decent person who may have occasion to use the sidewalks after dark. They are so formidable that the policemen on duty seem afraid to interfere with them without receiving special orders. A day or two ago, a resident of Seventh-street, between Avenues A and B, sent a letter to the Police Board complaining of one of these gangs. We have no doubt there would be plenty of such communications, if it was supposed that they would do any good. Now, the only way to permanently abate this nuisance is for the Superintendent of Police to issue a general order to Captains to disperse all crowds at street-corners. Considering the simplicity of the remedy, some of our readers will probably think it strange that it has not long ago been tried.

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Housekeepers are not likely to be over well pleased to hear that there is no law adequate for the punishment of persons caught in the act of adulterating milk. The man BYRNES, who was recently sent to the Penitentiary to serve a sentence of one month for an offense of this nature, it appears, has been brought before a higher court and discharged from custody, on the ground that the magistrates at the Special Sessions had gone beyond their jurisdiction, the case being one in which a fine only could be inflicted. It is to be hoped that this unexpected result will have the effect of inducing the Producers' Association to complete its arrangements, for taking the work of serving the City with milk, out of the hands of the middle-men and the "wagon" dairy men without any further delay. To run the risk of a fine is nothing to men of the BYRNES type, but deprive them of their "routes" altogether and they will be punished as they deserve.

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It is to be hoped that no loop-hole will be found by which ROSENZWEIG, the abortionist, can escape from the indictment presented against him yesterday. His crime was not only a revolting one, but the mode and circumstances of it were peculiarly atrocious. Justice, in his case, is very tardy. It ought, at least, to be certain.

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The work of turning the poetry of the Italian landscape into the worst form of railway prose, goes on apace. The tunnel under Mont St. Gothard has advanced four hundred feet into the heart of the mountain, and in the course of a few years the famous mountain pass, which has so long been one of the grandest gateways of the world, will be rendered useless. No one will care to delay for forty-eight hours his approach to Italy, and to undergo the difficulties of a trip over the mountain, when the path through the tunnel is open. The St. Gothard pass, like that of Mont Cenis, will be abandoned forever and permitted to fall into ruin. The same fate awaits the Corma road, and the occupation of the diligence and the vettura will before long be lost, so far as Italy is concerned. Of course, the St. Gothard tunnel, like all other railway enterprises, is an evidence of progress, a tremendous improvement, and all that sort of thing; but the final result will be that Italy will become as prosaic as New-Jersey, and her highways will wear the likeness of the Long Island Railway.

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It is, in one sense, amusing to watch the persistent attempts in the French Assembly to invent some check on the revolutionary spirit in France. The Committee of Thirty thinks a "Second Chamber" would prove an effective contrivance; but the "Left" greets the proposition with shouts of derision. In point of fact, a second Chamber possesses no more inherent restraining force than a single Chamber. What gives to the House of Lords in England, and to our own Senate, such influence as they possess is the sober good sense and respect for law on the part of the people. If these were absent, it would be as easy for a mob or a usurper to topple over two houses as one. It is as absurd to suppose that the restless spirit of the French can be controlled by any peculiarity in the constitution of the Legislature as to suppose that the most ingenious of Frenchmen can raise himself from the ground by the straps of his boots.

### The Charter.

*To the Editor of the New-York Times:*

As you seem to have taken side in favor of the passage of the bill now before the Legislature for amending (I think it is called *amending*) the charter of the City of New-York, perhaps you may not feel inclined to permit one who is not much disposed to favor communist or red republican ideas to say a word or two on the subject. But being somewhat assured by your heretofore course of allowing every one a voice in public matters, I venture to submit a thought or two in regard to the reforms that measure proposes.

The Common Council met in one body, consisting of Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen and Assistant Aldermen, until that body became a standing burlesque on legislation; and in 1830 the charter was amended by separating it into two branches, and relieving the Mayor and Recorder from duty in either board.

The appointments to all City offices were provided to be made by the two boards in joint session, but were actually made by an outside meeting of the members, known at the time as a caucus; and whatever in that respect was agreed to in caucus, was carried out in joint ballot. Of course, the caucus of the party in majority had the power to make all the officers, and the selection was seldom dependent on merit or peculiar fitness for the place; each member of the caucus was entitled to his share in the distribution, and they were influenced, in their respective choice, by personal advantage—very seldom by the public good. The result was a body of mediocre officers. Eminence, talent, and ability were rather feared than appreciated by the good City Fathers of that day. Although few of them had the courage to steal, then, out of the City Treasury, as has since become the fashion, they were each and all governed by the will of a small local coterie, who could, by their means, feather their nests.

This plan of operations continued until the whole community became disgusted with the system of governing the city by "King Caucus," when it was changed by his dethronement, and the Mayor was intrusted with the power of nominating to the Common Council the leading members of the City government.

Sundry changes have been made since, superinduced by the election of such men to the Mayoralty as Fernando Wood, and others, not necessary to name, until at last the climax was capped by the Tweed and Sweeny Ring, endowing the Mayor with absolute power to make all important appointments for City office, without the approval of any body; and that is what we are now suffering from. One portion of our citizens are endeavoring to perpetuate this power in the office of Mayor, because the present incumbent is an honest man; forgetting that the next election will certainly make a change. And then, what will be the result? It will depend entirely on the man who may be chosen. Another portion of our citizens, and the members of the Legislature from this City are largely among them, are anxious for the restoration of King Caucus to power again.

From both of these evils may the good Lord deliver us! This City requires neither a Mayor with absolute power, nor a King Caucus in a single or double Board of Aldermen. Nor are we yet so near the condition of the Commune as to require all power to be concentrated into a national assembly, or a single Board of Aldermen.

If my poor voice could be heeded by our law-makers, now so busy in tinkering up a scheme that must be a failure, I would say to them—Gentlemen, be wise; do not set a trap in which you and your friends will be caught: restore the office-making power to the Mayor, subject to the approval of the Common Council, or at least to that of the Board of Aldermen; surrounded with as many fences as possible to secure the appointment of proper persons, and to prevent the appointment of the improper. But, in Heaven's name, do not inflict on this community so gross an evil as King Caucus.

AN OLD FOGY.

### Japanese Loan—Correction.

*To the Editor of the New-York Times:*

Your reporter must have been misinformed with reference to the negotiation of this loan. The issue was made by the Oriental Bank of London, and not by Clews & Co.

WALL-STREET.

## WASHINGTON NOTES.

BY GRACE GREENWOOD.

FEB. 19, 1873.

On Tuesday, Gen. Chipman made a very eloquent plea for the completion of the Washington Monument—that standing, and, alas! stationary theme for Congressional oratory. He gave the original architect's elaborate description of the plan, which is very curious and instructive reading. It tells us all about the obelisk, the stylobate, the entablature, the pronaos, the cella, the antæ, the tetrastyle portico, the escutcheons, the vomitorio, the pilasters, the catacombs, the basso-relievo, the socles, the radiating archivaults, the tholus, and the colossal symbolic tripod.

It appears to me I know that monster monument as it is to be, as well as though I had kept house in it for a twelvemonth.

There were some quite interesting discussions on the "Appropriation bill for sundry civil expenses for the Government." The proposition to give the Commissioner of Fish and Fisheries $17,500 caused a lively debate between Mr. Farnsworth and Mr. Frye, in which the difference between a man who talks for talk's sake, on a subject but half considered, and a man who knows what he is talking about, and talks what he knows about, was most manifest. Mr. Farnsworth covered his discomfiture very good-naturedly with some little jokes, which he got off with great wagging of his beard. He is in one sense, at least, the wag of the House.

Next, on the bill, came a paragraph proposing an appropriation of $10,000, to enable the Joint Committee on the Library to purchase and print a series of unpublished historical documents relating to the early French discoveries in the North-west and on the Mississippi.

On this Mr. Cox was very witty, Mr. Holman very severe, Mr. Dawes and Mr. Potter very liberal. Then followed a scientific paragraph:

> To enable the Secretary of the Navy to organize and send out parties to observe the transit of Venus in December, 1874, and to detail two vessels of the navy from the Asiatic or Pacific stations to convey parties to the points selected for observation, which he is hereby authorized to do, $100,000 to be expended by the commission created by the act of June 10, 1872.

This was opposed by Mr. Holman, who is always in the objective case. He said, in effect: "If Venus wants to transit across the face of the sun let her transit, provided the sun has no objection. It is none of our business, and I object to being taxed, or to having the people taxed, to enable scientific sharps to go half round the world, to watch her eccentric operations."

If Congress had no more ardent worshippers of Venus in the House than this stern economist, it were well, perhaps, but it seems to me our astronomers might be indulged in a little pleasure excursion of this sort once in a hundred years. The same scientists will be pretty sure not to ask to be sent to the same points of observation for the same purpose again.

In this great national theatre the order of entertainments is often reversed, and tragedy follows comedy. It did so on this day, when Mr. Poland brought in his report, which was read before a vast audience, the men implicated or accused being all present and sitting silent and motionless, each man in his turn the focus of curious observation—riddled through and through by pitiless eyes. Some half dozen of these gentlemen were acquitted of all serious blame. The report states that the committee do not find that any one supposed he was guilty of any impropriety, or even indelicacy, in becoming a purchaser of this stock. Then it adds:

> Had it appeared that these gentlemen were aware of the enormous dividends upon this stock, and how they were to be earned, we could not acquit them.

May a poor, ignorant woman ask, why in the name of common sense, to say nothing of common honesty, when these enormous dividends came rolling in, the consciences of honorable gentlemen did not take alarm? Why did they not turn at once upon the arch tempter, Oakes Ames, and cry, "Unsubsidize me, villain!" That would have been the old Roman way, the old Puritan way of meeting the difficulty, perhaps the old Whig and Democratic way, though I am not so sure of that. It seems to me that this report exonerates the heart at the expense of the head. If these men are really so ignorant and innocent of the ways that are dark and the tricks that are vain, of railroad corporations and stock gamblers, they should employ their leisure evenings in Washington by taking a course of instruction in Spencer's Business College, and perhaps they had better begin in the ladies' department. If, at the close of the war, the women of the North had been, like the negroes, accorded their political rights, if Hon. Julia Ward Howe had been in the place of Hon. H. L. Dawes, if Hon. Lucretia Mott had been in the place of Hon. W. D. Kelley, if Hon. Lucy Stone had been in the place of Hon. J. A. Garfield, and if they had been—as, of course, being human, they might have been—involved in this compromising affair, and had shown a profound ignorance of its compromising character, what a yell of derision would have resounded from Maine to Georgia, and from Boston to San Francisco, over woman's incapacity not only to legislate for others, but to take care of herself! What a savage and universal demand there would have been for her immediate disfranchisement; how sternly she would have been remanded to private life—to the quiet, purity, and security of the domestic circle, and the guardianship of her natural protector!

I suppose most of those present breathed more freely at finding that the report was drawn so mild, in regard to the greater number accused, and I hope that there was no heart that was not pained by the sad and humiliating position in which it left Mr. Ames and Mr. Brooks. I did not see that the latter looked "indifferent" or "insolent." His heavy, but not unamiable face, wore, to me, an expression of patient dejection, neither deprecating, nor defiant. Mr. Brooks is the ghost of his old self—pallid, with a cold, bluish-gray pallor—hollow-eyed and emaciated. He looks as though he could not long survive the melancholy close of his political career. Ah! how priceless ought honor to be, when its shadow, reputation, is so dear. For Mr. Brooks we all felt peculiar commiseration, on account of his physical condition. It seemed hard for so many to be arrayed against a sick man—a *dead man*, rather, he seemed, and when the hammer fell at the close of that dreadful arraignment, it sounded like the fall of the first clods on his coffin. During the reading of this report, I was reminded of the trial of B. F. Whittemore, for a humbler sort of bribery and corruption, three years ago. Then, I remember, I looked around on that great House, resolved for the time into a high court of justice, and thought to myself that perhaps many a soul there was holding a solemn, secret little court of its own, before which stood a culprit, dumb with utter defenselessness, and that the name of this delinquent was not Benjamin F. Whittemore. To me, now, an absolutely unprejudiced looker-on, if there be one, and having in some instances feelings of friendship to make me charitable in my judgments, this report is not satisfactory. It seems to shadow forth another outrageous scape-goat case. Whittemore escaped expulsion by a resignation, at the last moment. Re-elected, he was refused admission, while at least one man, convicted of the same misdemeanor, was let off by a mere vote of censure. I thought it then a piece of outrageous injustice, and I think so now, and hope for the honor of Republicanism, it will not be repeated.

A pack of dogs, good dogs in the main, but subject to moral aberrations in the direction of sheep-killing, are proved to have gone together one night, on a destructive raid. To the rough hair of a setter or two, a few tufts of wool adhere, while the grayhounds, slender and sleek-coated, show no traces of their unlawful repast. But they all smell of fresh mutton. Shall then, the setters alone be led off and shot? It may be because I am so little of a politician and so lenient a moralist, but it certainly seems to me that there is "great cry and little wool" all around. For the soul of me, I cannot see any great sin that these men, judged as Congressmen, have committed, except against their own self-respect, by a want of faithfulness and courage. I would trust them now just as soon and just as far as ever. Indeed, I have faith to believe that they will be better men after this wholesome discipline of affliction—more modest and circumspect, and charitable, seeking something higher than mere partisan popularity, something more solid than the bubble reputation. Next week will be a week of fiery trial for them, and it should be a week of prayer for all those who love them, that they may come forth purified, if not justified. Whatever the result, let us not forget the good these men have done in the past.

Now, allow me a few words upon a private matter. I cut from a morning paper the following paragraph:

> Grace Greenwood hurled a magnificent anathema at the House when the Colorado State Admission bill was defeated. But this had no connection with the fact that Grace has invested in Denver town lots.—*Chicago Post.*

I demand an investigation. I solemnly declare that I own no town lots in Denver, nor a town lot, nor half a town lot. I own not a single share of railroad stock nor of mining stock in the Territory of Colorado. My memorandum-book is at the service of any committee that may be appointed, and I defy them to find out by it any thing inculpating me, or my Denver friends, or, for that matter, to find out any thing at all by it. It is true, I once saw by the papers that the Greeley colony had bestowed a lot upon me, and I have been expecting to receive a deed of the same, accompanied by a temperance pledge; but nothing of the sort has yet come to hand. There is that acre and a half of land, near Pike's Peak, which I shall own, when it is paid for, and I can "read my title clear," to it. That purchase I shall consider a perfectly legitimate transaction. They are very good people in Colorado, but they are not up to the times in the science of subsidising. I have been obliged to do what little I have done for pure love, and I denounce as a bare insinuation the idea that my late advocacy of the admission of Colorado was prompted by interested motives. It was a most ungenerous construction to put on my words. If my Chicago brother should speak well of Heaven, I would not suspect him of having "treasures laid up" there. Here I rest my defense. I am sure I have made a correct statement, having paused repeatedly to refresh my memory.

## THE STATE CAPITAL.

### The Senate and the Case of Tweed—The Model of the Capitol.

From Our Own Correspondent.

ALBANY, Friday, Feb. 21, 1873.

When the Senate was so stirred up by the passage of the Erie resolutions, presented by Mr. Johnson, it was privately suggested that a fitting complement to them would be an inquiry into the case of Tweed. This appears to have been recognized by the same gentlemen who threw the Erie apple of discord among the Senators, and this morning he presented a series of resolutions in regard to Mr. Tweed, which, in force and directness, leave nothing to be desired. In offering them he observed that he waived all right of being recognized as Chairman of the investigating committee, if appointed; nor did he even desire to be one of the committee. It was simply his wish to ask information, and to have it laid before the Senate. Mr. Adams inquired if a similar resolution were not passed last Winter, and if it were, he should like to know what had become of it. It appeared that the resolution had been referred, after its passage, to the Committee on Privileges and Elections, and the former chairman of it, Mr. Allen, said that he would explain why it had not been acted on, when it would be in order to debate the present resolution. The resolution went over under the rule, and will be called up either on Monday evening or Tuesday morning, when an interesting debate may be looked for. It is thought by some that the chagrin which Mr. Johnson felt at being left off the Erie Inquiry Committee, had something to do with his action of to-day, while the opinion is expressed by others that the resolutions are really aimed at a Republican Senator here, who has commenced suit against parties in his county for libel, and it is thought the result of the inquiry might help the defendants.

Mr. Tweed's case, however, will be reached by a different and more speedy method, if the bill which Senator Lowery has introduced becomes a law. It puts Senators and Assemblymen on the same footing as other State officers. If they do not qualify within fifteen days after the commencement of the term for which they were elected, it shall be held that the office is vacant, and a new election shall be held to fill it. The bill will require some amendments to reach the case of Mr. Tweed, but they will be made in Committee of the Whole. If passed, as it doubtless will be, Mr. Tweed will have fifteen days from the date of its passage in which to qualify. If he does so, the Senate can then expel him by resolution. Under the present state of the law, it is the opinion of many lawyers that Tweed is beyond the reach of the Senate.

Mr. Dickenson has been appointed to take the place of Mr. Palmer on the Erie Inquiry Committee.

Investigations appear to be epidemic. The Senate has added yet another to its list. This time the Quarantine authorities are the subject of it, and the string of resolutions offered by Mr. D. P. Wood, and which will be found in the regular dispatches, sufficiently set forth the object and scope of the proposed inquiry.

A bill which was introduced last year, at the instance of a number of prominent gentlemen of New-York, for the protection of factory children, was introduced this morning in the Senate, as a report from the Judiciary Committee on Petitions referred to them for the passage of such a bill. It prohibits absolutely the employment in any shop or factory of any child under ten years of age; and no child under twelve, if such child be unable to read or write; no child under the age of sixteen can be employed more than sixty hours per week, and, with certain specified exceptions, none between the ages of ten and sixteen for more than nine months of the year. Parents are compelled to send their children to school when released from work under the conditions of the act; factories and workshops are to be properly ventilated and cleaned, and dangerous parts of machinery are to be properly protected. An inspector of factory children is to be appointed by the Governor, who is empowered to inspect and report upon the various factories in the State. The bill is modeled on the laws now in force in England and in several of the Eastern States, regulating the employment of children in factories, and which have been found to be very beneficial in their working. The physical and moral welfare of the children is promoted by the efficient protection which these factory laws have thrown around them. They guard equally against the selfishness of parents and the cupidity of employers; and wherever they have been enforced, the results have invariably been of the most satisfactory character.

The Senate has refused to pass the concurrent resolution to allow the model of the new Capitol to be sent to the Vienna Exposition. There was a great deal of talk about the matter, and gentlemen with a talent for humor improved the opportunity for a display of it. Mr. Benedict and Mr. Madden threatened the Senate with some historical controversy on the causes of decline of the ancient republics, the latter contending that Venice, Rome, and Greece "eat out their vitals" by spending so much money on their public buildings, which was just what New-York was doing now in regard to the new Capitol; while Mr. Benedict held that the ancient republics did not do any thing of the sort, and that their vitals were perfectly healthy, as ours were at this time. The vote on the resolution stood 11 to 11, and it was declared lost. A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

By the direction of the last Legislature the Attorney-General instituted a suit against George W. Miller, late Superintendent of the Insurance Department, for fees retained by him on the plea of his right to do so. Mr. Miller entered a demurrer and the question was recently argued before Judge Learned, of this city. After due deliberation the Judge has dismissed the demurrer and sustained the complaint. The case will now go on.

## THE HARVARD CLUB.

### The Seventh Annual Dinner at Delmonico's—Addresses by the President and Others.

The seventh annual dinner of the Harvard Club of the City of New-York came off, last evening, at Delmonico's, and was distinguished by the same amount of pleasantry, good humor, and the happy delivery of witty speeches which characterized former gatherings. The hall was gracefully draped for the occasion, and a number of college mottoes and devices decorated the walls and ceilings.

The officers elected for the ensuing year are:

*President*—William G. Choate.

*Vice-Presidents*—Henry D. Sedgwick, John Haven, Peter B. Olney.

*Executive Committee*—Charles D. Gambrill, James H. Fay, Thomas Kinnicutt, Francis M. Weld, Charles McBurney.

*Secretary*—Henry Sherwin.

*Treasurer*—T. Frank Brownell.

There was a full attendance of the members of the club. Those present were President Eliot, Harvard College; William Walter Phelps, Rev. James T. Clarke, Parke Godwin, and Jos. H. Choate.

The Chairman delivered a neat and humorous address. He said that one of the by-laws of their constitution was the infliction of the severest punishment upon any man, however eminent, who spoke for a longer period than five minutes, [laughter,] and this law was founded upon the familiar Harvard maxim, which could not be too often repeated, that, whatever was worth saying, could be said in five minutes, and whatever was not worth saying, had better be unsaid. With unimitable humor the Chairman drew attention to the laws governing the society in 1642, under President Dunston, when young men were prohibited to speak except when asked, when frothy words and offensive gestures were strongly condemned, and the use of tobacco and the cheering glass was only permitted by consent of parents, and even then only in the privacy of their rooms. [A laugh.] He asserted, and the Harvard Club would bear him out, that they never had a dull speech or a long one at their annual dinners except by way of exception. [Laughter.] A fearful danger to the future of the college was now beginning to loom up, and that was the coming woman. [A laugh.] As President he knew that in his dealings with men he would have no difficulty in suppressing undue and unnecessarily long speeches, but how would he attempt to restrain the utterances of the fair but loquacious Alumni who would shortly appear upon the scene? [Laughter.] Adverting to the absence of those to whom invitations had been given, he regretted the inability of Rev. John Weiss to attend. Mr. Weiss, he said, belonged to a class of gentlemen in whose faces doors were summarily slammed because of the expression of certain opinions, and he regretted his absence the more because with the graduates of Harvard intolerance had no resting place, and they ignored and despised these relics of the barbarism of the seventeenth century. [Applause.] He concluded by proposing the first toast of the evening, our *Alma Mater*, coupling with it the name of President Eliot.

President Eliot, who was received with applause, said that the university was to-day stronger and more confident than ever before. [Applause.] The subscriptions to relieve the losses of the fire crowded in upon them thick and fast, and he had no doubt they would continue to do so until the disastrous effects it produced were done away with. With regard to the revolutionary changes in the college, which recently were the subject of newspaper speculation, he said he was frequently asked if lectures were to be substituted for recitations. While he admitted there were now more lectures than heretofore, there were also more recitations and more work in the laboratory than formerly. Within the last six years the number of teachers in the university had been more than doubled, and every teacher had given more time than formerly to instruction and less to inquisition. [Laughter.] Harvard was enlisted on the side of freedom of thought and a wide range of liberty in university studies. It had been said that religious observances had been abolished, but there was no truth whatever in the statement. In that matter they proposed to follow the wise lead of their sisters of Yale, Princeton, Brown, and Columbia, and it was far from their thoughts to run one hair's breadth in advance of public opinion in this matter. He proposed the toast of the Harvard Club of the City of New-York, which was greeted with a round of applause.

Hon. William Walter Phelps, of New-Jersey, was called out to reply to a toast complimentary to Yale College. He said he would be nervous before so scholarly an audience, after the wit and eloquence he had been hearing, were they not all orators themselves, so that he could say in the words of Mr. Tweed, "You know how it is yourself." He spoke tenderly of Mr. Tweed for two reasons: They were going to lose him—so the papers said. He was going to Kansas, and expected to find in the home of Pomeroy or Caldwell a more congenial clime. If Tweed went, it would settle one question. It would let them know who was the father of that ingenious sin, who wrote from Kansas: "Oh, father, you ought to come out here. It is a good country for you. They elect the meanest men to office."

After a humorous allusion to Mark Twain, he concluded by sketching the harmonious progress of Yale and Harvard, side by side, during the past two centuries.

He closed by drawing a picture of the two old universities, sitting on the Atlantic coast with eyes eastward, gathering, creating, assimilating, and distributing sound learning throughout the land.

The following toasts were also proposed and responded to: "The Overseers," Rev. James Freeman Clarke; "The Press," Parke Godwin; "Washington," James C. Carter; "Harvard Club," Joseph H. Choate; "The Medical Faculty," Dr. Morton, and "The Bench and Bar," H. W. Howland, after which the club adjourned.

### Personal.

Congressman William Williams, of Buffalo; Hon. E. H. Rollins, of New-Hampshire; Hon. Smith M. Weed, of Plattsburg, and Capt. F. Pavey, of London, England, are at the Fifth-avenue Hotel.

Lieut. W. C. McGowan, of the United States Navy, is at the Hoffman House.

Capt. H. Beattie, of the British Navy; Judge W. S. Lincoln, of Washington, and Dr. A. B. Elliott, of Troy, are at the Grand Central Hotel.

Senator Carr and Hon. George C. Gorham, of Washington, are at the Metropolitan Hotel.

Hon. Charles H. Sherrill, of Washington, D. C.; G. N. Zaika, of Russia; Henry Kip, of Buffalo, and W. B. Shattuck, of Cincinnati, are at the St. Nicholas Hotel.

Col. Thomas C. Bates, of New-Orleans; Gen. L. L. Lomax, of Virginia, and Judge Louis Janin, of Washington, are at the New-York Hotel.

### The Floods in Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 21.—A dispatch from Williamsport says there is no change in the river. Snow has been falling since midnight.

At Port Deposit it has been snowing and raining heavily all the morning. There is no change in the river.

A heavy rain is falling at Philadelphia. The Schuylkill is unchanged, but a channel has opened through a portion of the ice-gorge, and very little damage is expected from the moving of the remainder.

## FRANCE.

### Doings in the Assembly—Another Victory for M. Thiers—The Tactics and Achievements of the Executive.

From Our Own Correspondent.

PARIS, Thursday, Feb. 6, 1873.

It is confessed by all parties that M. Thiers has carried his point with the "Committee of Thirty," and gained a very complete victory over the Monarchists. This is mainly due to the death of Napoleon III., and to the absence of the exceedingly strong moral support his name gave to the conservative party. The President was not long in showing the great relief this event had brought him, and he treated the committee with a *sans façon* and haughty contempt which must have been very galling. After a certain amount of politic flattery, and after accepting the propositions of the committee with "some amendments," M. Thiers proceeds to lay down the law. He cannot consent to be a King who reigns but does not govern; he cannot accept the rôle of a prime minister; he cannot be reduced to the position of the President of the American Republic; in short, he cannot accept any rôle but that created by himself, and which leaves him constitutional king, prime minister, chief of the executive power, chief of the legislative power, and a ruler more absolute than Cæsar or Napoleon. He has assumed the rôle of *l'homme providentiel*, the "Savior of France," and rather likes it. Since no one doubts that he will use his power for the welfare of France, no one would be inclined to dispute his demands if they did not pledge the future. But this is the very thing they do and are intended do do, and it seems that the Monarchists cannot help themselves in the least. M. Thiers told them plainly that he would have his project or he would not try to govern the country. The committee here began to weaken. "If you keep me from the tribune," he then added, "I will appeal to the Chamber against you; if it refuses me, I will appeal to the country." This menace had its effect, and the committee drew up a bill. This M. Thiers accepted in form, but as to the matter he must insist upon certain amendments. These amendments altered the sense of the bill so as to make things worse than at present. For instance, the first paragraph says that the President shall communicate by message, and shall not enter the tribune to discuss his laws or to defend his ministers. This M. Thiers accepts, with the addition of these words: "except on occasions when he shall deem it necessary." Of course that makes the bill read that the President shall not speak before the Assembly except on such occasions as it shall please him to do so. Other amendments were of the same nature, but in the end we are informed that the committee has accepted them and that mutual concessions have led to an agreement.

A NEW COMPROMISE.

This reminds one of the famous saying of Chateaubriand: "I found it very inconvenient and a great loss of time," he said, "to dine before 7 o'clock. My wife wanted to dine at 5 o'clock, and insisted upon that hour. After many arguments and some heated discussions, we finally compromised upon 6 o'clock—an hour which was very inconvenient to us both. That is what they call domestic concessions." This hour put both in very bad humor, but we can fancy that Mme. Chateaubriand was the gainer, since she was the party which should have given way, and in the compromise she did not lower her authority by acceding to the demands of her husband. One would naturally suppose that if either had to yield, M. Thiers should do so before a majority of the Assembly he has always called sovereign and constituent. Any compromise, therefore, is entirely in his favor, for if it does not give him all he wants, it does assent to a principle which he will use at his own discretion. In this special compromise I am entirely at loss to see what was yielded by M. Thiers so far as regards article 1. Probably nothing at all. The compensation of the other party to the compromise must lie, I presume, in the article treating popular suffrage. The Right cannot bear that institution, and desire to alter it. They wish to make every man vote in his own district only; to make three years' residence a requisite, and to allow no man to vote before attaining the age of twenty-five years.

THE INTENDED SYSTEM.

I am not inclined to find fault with this system, and should only reduce the term of residence to one year. From eighteen to twenty-five, every young man is somewhat revolutionary; from twenty-five to thirty, he grows reflective; at thirty-five he becomes conservative, unless he has adopted "liberal politics" as a profession; in that case, a very great majority of his constituents are under thirty. The age of twenty-five is quite early enough for a man to assume the serious duties of citizenship, and I believe we shall come to that when we grow to comprehend better the great responsibilities which must devolve upon the citizen as our country becomes more densely populated. Another change lies in the future—the abolition of the present restriction as to residence in the district whence elected. If an eminent patriot, like Mr. Lincoln, Mr. Stanton, Mr. Seward, for instance, were without a seat in the Senate because there was no vacancy in his own State, it is a loss to the country to prevent another State from electing him if it chooses. M. Thiers admitted these changes in universal suffrage, making one year's residence "his minimum," and at the same time made his *mea culpa*. In 1848 he had presented a bill for the restriction of universal suffrage, and in urging it he had spoken with contempt of "the vile multitude." He confessed it, but would not acknowledge the charge that his bill had killed the Republic. He had always been opposed to too much suffrage, but the institution had now taken root in the country, and it would be dangerous to touch it. Indeed, it was only with extreme delicacy that one could now discuss the question of even a moderate restriction. However, he would yield to the committee on this point, merely demanding to fix his minimum; but upon the present question of speaking upon the Government measures, he could not yield.

THIERS' TACTICS.

Before leaving this point it is well to give some of M. Thiers' language in order to show what inducements to compromise were held out to the committee: "Your proposition humiliates me," he said, with an angry tone, and, "in the discussion of the Military bill, if I had been a king, and a contrary opinion to mine had prevailed, I should have abdicated." Again, "I will go tell that to the Chamber, which does not want to make me a manikin," and finally, "if I were one of the princes of the royal families of France, I could yield on this point; but I am a *petit bourgeois*, who has conquered his position by force of study and labor, and by the sweat of his brow; hence, I cannot, I repeat, accept the position you propose for me without humiliation, without a veritable shame." Upon this the *Patrie* says: "When we see a man excited to this extent, and so touchy that he no longer feels his high position, and allows his anger to get the better of him upon such petty details—once more we say there is no use arguing with him. One accedes to his demands, and this is now the best thing that can be done." The committee seems to have been of the same opinion, and it has yielded. M. Thiers boldly declared war, conducted it with great tact and ability, and has conquered up to this point. There is no reason to presume that he will now meet any serious opposition. M. Dufaure has presented a *projet de loi* for discussion, embracing the regulation of the President's powers during the interval between the present and the coming Assembly; the regulation of universal suffrage; the creation of a second Chamber or Senate, and the Constitution of the Republic. Without some unforeseen accident this project will be voted, and I believe it the very best of all things for the country. The Senate is not only a safeguard against the Reds, but a body which will prove very hostile to the idea of monarchy. It seems impossible for a Republican to approve the position M. Thiers creates for himself; but since it is of importance to him to cover his Ministers with his responsibility, and since the Assembly allows it, the system may be tried. From all this it will be remarked that the Republic is in a very fair way indeed, and that the Monarchists have given proof of their weakness. All of their manœuvres have been to one end. They did not want to establish a monarchy at once, before the Germans are out of France, nor did they want to overthrow M. Thiers. But they did want to keep him from compromising their future, and they tried hard to get possession of the Administration, in order to control the elections. But they have failed completely, and now it is not too much to say that the Assembly has abdicated in favor of M. Thiers. "They lost their only chance at Bordeaux," says Robert Mitchell, "for they should have made M. Grévy President. They would have then been sure that M. Thiers would use his great abilities to undermine M. Grévy's government, and do all in his power to bring back the Monarchy." ASHBY.

## AMUSEMENTS.

### Dramatic.

MR. BELLEW'S READINGS.

Mr. Bellew read at Steinway Hall last evening, previous to departing on a tour through the States. The announcement attracted a very large audience, and the effectiveness and finish of Mr. Bellew's performances elicited the demonstrations of satisfaction which have already been referred to as responsive to the bidding of a very few readers, but as invariably subject, in the case of Mr. Bellew, to his command. The programme included Macaulay's "Horatius," Hood's "Bridge of Sighs," and Davies' "Fontenoy," which pieces were repeated by request; four scenes from the fifth act of "Macbeth;" two humorous sketches by Dickens; "The death of Mary, Queen of Scots," by Bell, and "Lost and Found," by Hamilton Aide. Of the admirable delivery of the selections which were redemanded, and especially of the highly-dramatic rendering of "The Bridge of Sighs," we wrote some time ago. Bell's poem, we think, was hardly worthy the place it held, although the reader's manner has made even worse matter acceptable. The number following was, however, the most impressive listened to. Mr. Bellew recited with infinite poesy and pathos the simple story called "Lost and Found," and no ambitious composition on the bills was more potent over the emotions of the assemblage than the exquisitely told tale of a love mourned as lost by a woman for thirty years, and proved, by a sudden discovery, to have been steadfast until death. In comedy, Mr. Bellew is quite as much at ease as in the higher walks of the drama, and his sketches of "Dotheboys Hall" and "Tuggs at Ramsgate" elicited almost continuous laughter. At the close of last night's entertainment, Mr. Bellew, in a brief speech, thanked the New-York public for the favor into which he had at once been taken. We are sure that his exceptional talent will cause the task of addressing his audience in a like sense, to be habitual, wherever he may read.

### Musical.

CONSERVATORY CONCERT.

The annual concert of the New-York Conservatory of Music may be attended at Steinway Hall, this evening. The programme is one of decided scope and interest, and it will be interpreted wholly by members of the excellent institution under whose auspices the entertainment is given.

## THE LAND BOUNTY BILL.

### Adverse Report of the Senate Committee on Public Lands.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—Mr. Stewart, from the Senate Committee on Public Lands, reported adversely on the bill passed by the House of Representatives, on the 12th of December last, to enable honorably-discharged soldiers and sailors and their widows and orphan children to acquire homes on public lands of the United States, being what is commonly known as the Soldier's Bounty Land bill. The report says:

This bill, if enacted into a law, would provide for the disposition of at least 320,000,000 acres of selected land. The whole area of public domain, exclusive of Alaska, is less than 1,000,000,000 acres, from which must be deducted, as valueless or unsuitable for settlement, or reserved by law for other purposes, the lakes, the swamp-land grant of 1850, railroad grants yet unpatented, the sixteenth and thirty-sixth sections of each township granted for common schools, the Indian Territory and other reservations for Indians, the mineral lands, uninhabitable mountains, alkali deserts, and all other waste land. These deductions are variously estimated at from two-thirds to three-fourths of the whole amount of public domain, or from 666,000,000 to 750,000,000 of acres. This would leave from 250,000,000 to 334,000,000 acres of public lands yet to be occupied by settlers. The highest, and probably a very exaggerated estimate of the amount of such lands, is 400,000,000 acres. If the 320,000,000 acres required to satisfy the terms of the bill, under consideration, could be found, exclusive of the necessary deductions above noted, all reasonable expectation would be answered. Upon this statement of facts, continues the report, the question is squarely presented. Shall all the legislation of Congress for homestead and pre-emption settlements be, in effect, repealed, on account of the very uncertain benefit that the proposed law might confer on the soldiers and sailors.

Pre-emption and homestead laws are briefly summarized, together with their amendments, by which soldiers and sailors may have the time they have served in the army or navy deducted from the five years' residence required of other homestead settlers, and that, too, without the restriction of eighty acres imposed upon the latter within the limits of railroad grants. If, says the report, the policy of Government is to furnish homes for the soldiers and sailors, the brief term of residence required upon the land selected for a permanent home before the patent can be obtained, can be no hardship or serious inconvenience. The legislation of last session removed every obstruction which the homestead laws were supposed to throw in the way of the easy acquisition of 160 acres of public land for a home for each soldier and sailor, provided for in this bill, exacting only a short residence on the land to protect both Government and settler against the speculator. The bill prohibits the sale of the lands previous to the issue of patents. The practical operation of this provision, if it could be executed, would be manifestly unequal. Other legislation providing, as in former cases, for land-warrants, must be expected to follow. At the rate of the annual survey of the public lands, which has hitherto satisfied all demands for settlement, forty years would be required to issue the patents called for by this bill. The benefits designed to be conferred would therefore be postponed for the great mass of soldiers the whole term of their natural lives. An appropriation by Congress sufficient to make the most rapid survey possible would perhaps throw upon the market within the next five years upward of 300,000,000 acres of public land. This would reduce the price per acre to merely a nominal sum. In case bounty-land warrants were resorted to, all the public domain remaining would at once be covered by warrants, which would be thrown upon the market. From 6,000,000 to 8,000,000 acres only would be required annually for settlement. The larger part of these warrants would necessarily be held by somebody for nearly a generation, and the discount upon them would be very great. The number of warrants thrown upon the market by laws giving land bounties to the soldiers of the Mexican war, reduced the price at the time to less than 40 cents per acre. The immense number of warrants that would be thrown upon the market under this bill, would necessarily reduce prices to almost nothing, so that whether the restriction against selling the land before the issue of patents be maintained or bounty warrants be hereafter authorized, it is not probable that each soldier would receive an amount of money exceeding the cost to the Government of surveying and patenting his 160 acres. On the other hand the public domain would be transferred to speculators with whom every pioneer, whether native born, or emigrant, would be compelled to negotiate for a home.

The report concludes as follows:

"The money that the Government must expend to carry out any scheme for the immediate disposal of the public lands would without doubt be as much as it would receive as the result of such a forced sale. Would it not be far better that the Government should give this amount of money, and a great deal more, directly to the soldiers and sailors, and retain the lands for settlement under existing laws? The committee do not underrate the great services of the soldiers and sailors of the war of the rebellion, in preserving our free institutions, but the aid hereafter to be granted to them should be extended in such a manner under the law, so guarded that the benefit derived by them should equal the full value and cost to the Government of whatever it gives, without destroying its homestead and pre-emption policy for the disposition of the public lands for actual settlement.

### Daring Robbery in Ulster County.

CITY OF KINGSTON, N. Y., Feb. 21.—Mr. Cornelius Legg, a wealthy gentleman seventy years old, lives at Browersville, in the northern part of Ulster County. Two men visited the house, disguised, and while one stood over the old gentleman with a revolver, the other compelled an old female domestic to assist in searching the house. The robbers obtained about $600 in gold, silver, and bills, and a number of valuable rings and other articles, after which they left.

**An Emphatic Indorsement.**

The following, from the *Chronicle*, is a deserved tribute to an excellently conducted and reliable insurance company, whose business in this vicinity is transacted at the Agency of T. J. Temple, of No. 163 Broadway. Besides the "Northwestern," Mr. Temple is the agent of that sterling incorporation, the Citizens' Insurance Company of Newark. With these and other equally substantial resources, he is enabled to safely and satisfactorily place risks for almost any amount desired.

The annual statement of the North-western National Insurance Company, of Milwaukee, Wis., for the year ending Dec. 31, 1872, is a gratifying exhibit of the condition and prospects of this successful Company. Its strength and the confidence to which it is entitled are proven by the prompt payment and equitable adjustment of its losses. Its President, Alexander Mitchell; its Vice-President and Active Manager, E. D. Holton, and its Treasurer, David Ferguson, are well known throughout the North-west for their probity and business capacity. Mr. Whipp, the Acting Secretary, is a good insurance man. Its list of Directors includes many of the most substantial citizens of Milwaukee. The whole amount of the capital of the Company actually paid up is $235,500. Total assets, at their actual value, $383,285. Total liabilities, including reinsurance, except capital stock, $90,251.—*Evening Commercial.*

"Woe be unto those who give short measure and weight," says the *Alcoran*. Curiously enough, the Fairbanks Scale is now considerably used in various Mohammedan countries, to help the people keep the injunction of the Prophet.—*Exchange.*

**Conundrum.**

Why is a plush hat like drawing teeth at COLTON'S? *Ans.* Because it is not *felt*.—*Mail.*
—*Advertisement.*

**Burnett's Florimel.**

AN EXQUISITE HANDKERCHIEF PERFUME.—Sold by all druggists.—*Advertisement.*

Coughs, Hoarseness, and all Diseases of the Throat and Lungs. Speedy and certain cure. HEGEMAN'S TOLU AND LIVERWORT EXPECTORANT. Sold by druggists. Only 50 cents per bottle.—*Advertisement.*

**THE NEW-YORK TIMES.**

**SUNDAY EDITION.**

THE SUNDAY EDITION of the NEW-YORK TIMES continues to increase in circulation and popularity. The several leading features of the SUNDAY EDITION make it a very valuable and interesting paper for the general reader.

This Edition is peculiarly fitted for family reading, for, besides the current news of the day, it contains a large amount of interesting matter on social and leading topics. Several original articles are also given in each issue, while the careful selections from current literature, both foreign and domestic, make the paper a most desirable one to the general reader.

Among the articles prepared for the TIMES of SUNDAY MORNING, Feb. 23, will be found several original articles, besides the regular features, as follows:

CURRENT LITERATURE, being careful selections from leading American and English periodicals.

SUMMARY OF AMUSEMENTS—A full record of the week, with gossip of events at home and abroad.

MILITARY GOSSIP, giving the latest movements in National Guard circles, and considerable information in current topics for Military men.

ART NOTES, with the latest gossip in local and foreign studios.

ALL THE NEWS OF THE DAY, by mail and telegraph.

EDITORIAL COMMENTS on the topics of the day.

THE SUNDAY EDITION of the TIMES affords unusual advantages to advertisers, as it goes to a large number of first-class readers. All advertisements intended for this edition must be handed in before 9 o'clock this evening.

**Neglected Coughs and Colds.**—Few are aware of the importance of checking a Cough or "Common Cold" in its first stage; that which in the beginning would yield to BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, if neglected, often works upon the lungs.

**Landing ex Steamer Franklin.**—MME. POMMERY'S CELEBRATED CHAMPAGNE, Sec and Carte Blanche, and for sale at the leading wine dealers and grocers. CHARLES GRAEF, Sole Agent.

**Batchelor's Hair Dye is the Best in the** world—the only safe, true and perfect hair dye. No ridiculous tints—no disappointment—harmless, reliable, instantaneous black or brown. At all druggists and No. 16 Bond-st.

**The Halford Leicestershire Table** Sauce is capital for dyspeptics. It gives the proper tone, and acts better than any recommended stimulant.

**Try a bottle Chevalier's Life for the** HAIR. See how rapidly, healthfully, and pleasantly it acts.

**New-York Stencil Works, No. 87 Nassau-st.**, New-York.

## MARRIED.

HAINES—MERRITT.—On Wednesday, Feb. 19, at Lyndehurst, Irvington-on-Hudson, by the Bishop of New-York, assisted by Rev. W. H. Benjamin, Rector, and Rev. A. Douglas Miller, Rector, of Milford, Conn., JOHN P. HAINES and MARY, eldest daughter of George Merritt, Esq., all of Irvington-on-Hudson.

HERRING—BOOTH.—On Thursday, Feb. 20, at the Church of the Incarnation, by Rev. George L. Locke, of Bristol, R. I., FRANK O. HERRING, of New-York, to HENRIETTA M. BOOTH, daughter of Mrs. L. W. Ferris, of California.

☞ San Francisco papers please copy.

HILTON—COLWELL.—Wednesday, Feb. 19, by Rev. D. McAllister, assisted by Rev. D. Gregg, Mr. WILLIAM H. HILTON, of Newburg, N. Y., to Miss MARY A. COLWELL, of this City. No cards.

PECK—LEE.—On Wednesday, Feb. 19, at St. Ann's on the Heights, Brooklyn, by Rev. N. H. Schenck, D. D., WALTER H. PECK, of Flushing, Long Island, to ANNIE, eldest daughter of Joseph Lee, Esq., of Brooklyn.

STEDMAN—CORNING.—At the residence of J. W. L. Corning, St. Paul, Minn., on Wednesday, Feb. 12, 1873, by Rev. C. M. Ferry, WM. P. STEDMAN to EMILY A., second daughter of the late Edward Corning.

WELLER—ONDERDONK.—On Wednesday, Feb. 19, 1873, at St. George's Church, Hempstead, Long Island, by Rev. W. H. Moore, AUGUSTUS N. WELLER, of New-York, to KATE WARD ONDERDONK, daughter of Hon. Henry M. Onderdonk, of Hempstead.

## DIED.

ANDERSON.—At Sing Sing, Feb. 20, WILLIAM ANDERSON, in the 74th year of his age.

Funeral services at the residence of his son-in-law, Leander Fisher, Saturday, the 22d inst., at 4 o'clock P. M. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend. Train leaves Grand Central Depot at 2 o'clock P. M. Returning leaves Sing Sing at 5:54 P. M.

BOGERT.—On Thursday, 20th inst., JULIA HAMILTON, beloved wife of Charles Ludlow Bogert.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral at St. Thomas' Church, 5th-av., Saturday, Feb. 22, at 10 o'clock A. M.

COFFIN.—Suddenly, on Thursday, Feb. 20, of diphtheria, RALPH, youngest son of Wm. H. and Mary H. Coffin, aged 14 months, 23 days.

Funeral services at Second Unitarian Church, Clinton-st., corner Congress, Brooklyn, at 1½ o'clock, Saturday, 22d inst.

DE PUGA.—In Brooklyn, on Friday, Feb. 21, MANUEL DE PUGA, a native of Spain, aged 87 years and 5 months.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral from his late residence, No. 389 Grand-av., Brooklyn, on Sunday, the 23d inst., at 2½ o'clock P. M.

DILLONT.—On Friday, 21st inst., MAHALAH PRICE, daughter of J. Frank and Mahalah A. Dillont, aged 4 months and 2 days.

Funeral services at the residence of her grandmother, Mrs. Sarah H. Price, No. 28 Nassau-st., Brooklyn, on Sunday afternoon, Feb. 23, at 3½ o'clock. The remains will be taken to Tarrytown for interment, Monday, A. M.

FAILE.—At Nice, France, Jan. 13, 1873, THOMAS HALL FAILE, in the 70th year of his age.

Funeral services will be held at the Presbyterian Church, corner of 5th-av. and 19th-st., on Monday, Feb. 24, at 4 o'clock P. M.

HAZLEHURST.—Feb. 20, CHARLOTTE A., eldest daughter of Thomas M. and Mary F. Hazlehurst, in the 5th year of her age.

Funeral will take place on Saturday morning, at 10½, at the residence of her parents, No. 46 East 74th-st.

☞ Charleston papers please copy.

KOHLSAAT.—On Wednesday evening, Feb. 19, BERTHA MATHILDA, wife of John C. Kohlsaat, aged 47 years 10 days.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, No. 116 East 36th-st., on Saturday morning, Feb. 22, at 10 o'clock.

FLOYD.—At Comac, Long Island, on Thursday, 20th inst., Hon. CHAS. A. FLOYD, in the 82d year of his age.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral on Sunday, 23d inst., at 1 o'clock, at Comac.

☞ Long Island papers please copy.

KIPP.—On Friday, Feb. 21, at Dundee, N. J., PETER P. KIPP, in the 51st year of his age.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend his funeral at his late residence, on Tuesday, Feb. 25, at 1 o'clock P. M. Carriages in waiting at Clifton Depot on arrival of 10 o'clock train from New-York.

MARVIN.—In Brooklyn, Feb. 20, HATTIE CRESPO, only child of Henry W. and Rofena D. Marvin, aged 3 years and 7 months.

PAULDING.—Feb. 21, ELEANOR, widow of George Paulding, in the 68th year of her age.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

REED.—On Friday, 21st inst., JOHN T., only son of B. and Amelia E. Reed, aged 29 years.

Relatives and friends of the family; also, the members of Metropolitan Lodge No. 273, F. and A. M., are invited to attend the funeral services, at the Alanson M. E. Church, Norfolk-st., between Broome and Grand, on Sunday, 23d inst., at 3 o'clock P. M. The remains will be conveyed to Norwalk, Conn., on Monday, 12½ train, New-York and New-Haven Railroad.

SUMMONS.—METROPOLITAN LODGE NO. 273, F. AND A. M.—Brethren: You are hereby summoned to attend a special communication, to be held at our rooms, south-east corner of 14th-st. and 4th-av., on Sunday, 23d inst., at 1 P. M. sharp, for the purpose of paying the last tribute of respect to our late brother, JOHN T. REED.
E. B. DECKER, S. W.
WM. JOHNSTON, Jr., Secretary.

STEBBINS.—In San Francisco, Cal., Feb. 1, WILLIAM P. C. STEBBINS, formerly of this City.

STEVENSON.—Suddenly, on Friday morning, Feb. 21, at her residence, No. 495 5th-av., Mrs. ELIZABETH STEVENSON, widow of Walter Stevenson.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

THOMPSON.—On Sunday evening, Feb. 16, 1873, at Jacksonville, Fla., in the 58th year of his age, AARON K. THOMPSON, of the firm of Thompson & Hunter.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

TERRY.—In Hartford, Conn., on Feb. 7, Mr. OLIVER G. TERRY, aged 64 years.

TOBIAS.—At Jacksonville, Fla., on Sunday evening, Feb. 16, MORRIS TOBIAS, in the 56th year of his age.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 316 East 19th-st., on Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

VINTON.—Feb. 21, at his residence, Stamford, Conn., Brevet Major-Gen. DAVID H. VINTON, aged 70 years.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

☞ Providence, R. I., papers please copy.

WISWALL.—At Jamaica, Long Island, on 19th inst., SAMUEL WISWALL, aged 68 years.

Friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence on Sunday next at 12½ A. M. Trains leave 34th-st., East River, New-York, at 9 A. M.; Bushwick-av., Brooklyn, E. D., 9½ A. M.

WHITTEMORE.—On Thursday, Feb. 20, TIMOTHY WHITTEMORE, aged 38 years and 11 months.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Sunday, 23d inst., from his late residence, No. 14 West Washington-place, at 1½ o'clock.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

**DIAMOND POINTED GOLD PENS.**

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To those engaged in mercantile pursuits, any invention that will facilitate their labors is highly worthy of notice, as well as of extensive patronage. One of the most important inventions of the present age is that of a pen that possesses the necessary qualities of firmness in mark and durability in use.

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AT A MEETING OF THE BOARD OF Trustees of the New-York Dispensary, held Feb. 17, 1873, the decease of Dr. J. S. L. Tonelier, a district physician of the Dispensary, on the 25th January, 1873, at the advanced age of eighty-five years, having been communicated, it was

*Resolved*, That the long-continued and faithful services of the deceased, as physician to the Dispensary, well deserve a tribute of respect and acknowledgment from this Board. First appointed in 1840, and serving till 1845, (when he resigned.) Dr. Tonelier was reappointed in 1856, and continued in the performance of his duties till Dec. 5, 1872, the commencement of his last illness. His uniform regularity of attendance and devotedness to the care of the sick poor, continued for so many years and to such an advanced age, furnish a rare instance of professional fidelity that may well excite our admiration and be a worthy example for imitation.

*Resolved*, That in his decease the Dispensary has lost a faithful medical officer, whose excellence of character was warmly appreciated by all his associates.

An extract from the minutes.
ROBT. B. CAMPBELL, Secretary.

**COMMITTEE OF SEVENTY.**

A mass-meeting of the citizens of New-York in favor of a substantial reform of the City Government, and opposed to the provisions of the charter now pending before the Legislature, which do not promise to secure such a result, will be held at Cooper Institute on TUESDAY EVENING, the 25th inst., at 8 o'clock.

By order of the Committee.
JAMES M. BROWN.

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**ART SALE.**

IMPORTANT COLLECTION OF PAINTINGS belonging to Mr. Henry T. Chapman, Jr., now on exhibition free, day and evening, at the Leavitt Art Rooms, No. 817 Broadway, to be sold by auction at the Clinton Hall sale-rooms, WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY EVENINGS, Feb. 26 and 27, at 7½ o'clock. Among the paintings are choice examples by Verboeckhoven, Carand, Schaffeels, Perrault, Col, Boddington, Damschroeder, Von Seben, Thayer, Stammel, Ziem, Thorn, Koek-koek, Meyer Von Bremen, Zimmerman, Church, S. R. Gifford, T. L. Smith, Durand, Wm. Hart, J. G. Brown, David Johnson, Doughty, Colman, &c., &c.

The Art Rooms will remain open this day and evening.

The Messrs. LEAVITT, Auctioneers.

**NEW-YORK STATE SOCIETY OF THE CINCINNATI.**

GENERAL ORDER.
NEW-YORK, Feb. 18, 1873.

The Society will meet at Delmonico's, 14th-st. and 5th-av., on SATURDAY EVENING, Feb. 22, 1873, at 7 o'clock, for the purpose of celebrating the 141st anniversary of Washington's Birthday. The Standing Committee will meet at 6½ P. M. An address will be delivered by Gen. ALEXANDER S. WEBB.

By order, HAMILTON FISH, President.
MARINUS WILLETT, Secretary.

**POST-OFFICE NOTICE.**

The mails for Europe, during the week ending Saturday, Feb. 22, 1853, will close at this office on WEDNESDAY at 7½ A. M., on THURSDAY at 11 A. M., and on SATURDAY at 10 A. M.

P. H. JONES, Postmaster.

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NO. 3, VOL. 8—MARCH, 1873.
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CONTENTS:

On the Stresses of Rigid Arches, Continuous Beams, and Curved Structures, by WM. BELL; Homfray's Pneumatic Telegraph; On the Utilisation of Blast Furnace Slag; On the Composition of Ancient Cements and Rosendale Cements; Smoke Prevention; The Bessemer Saloon Steam-boat; Galvanic Batteries, by Rev. H. HIGHTON, M. A.; Railway Speed; Screw-Shafts; The A B C Process; A New System of Cheap Transport for Side or Tributary Railway Lines, by WM. B. HYDE, C. E.; Terrestrial Magnetism, by Rev. J. S. PERRY, F. R. A. S.; Recent Notes on the Metallurgy of Iron; Modern Examples of Road and Railway Bridges, by C. T. CLARKE, C. E.; Special Characteristics of Mediæval and Gothic Architecture; Traction Engines or Road Locomotives, by Prof. R. H. THURSTON; Useful Formula for Cements; On the Resistance of Immersed Hulls, by C. Delévaque; Armor or No Armor; Strains on Railroad Axles; Foreign Scientific Notes.

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## REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

The attendance at the Exchange yesterday, Friday, Feb. 21, notwithstanding the storm, was fair, and the following business was transacted: James M. Miller, by order of the Supreme Court, in partition, under the direction of Robert F. Little, Esq., referee, disposed of the four-story and basement brick house, with lot 24.6 by 96.2, rear line 25 feet, No. 85 Fourth-street, north side, between the Bowery and Second-avenue, for $18,250, the purchaser being Hiram Merritt. Also, under a similar court decree, William H. Andrews, Esq., referee, the three-story and basement brick house, with lot 25 by 103.3, No. 116 West Sixteenth-street, south side, between Sixth and Seventh avenues, for $13,550, purchaser J. A. Cranitch. The other legal sale announced in charge of Mr. Miller, of the store and lot No. 199 Church-street, was adjourned for two weeks. Joseph McGuire, by order of the Supreme Court, in foreclosure, under the direction of Charles C. Bigelow, Esq., referee, also sold property as follows: Plot of land containing some eight lots, situate on the east side of Avenue A, taking in the block front between One Hundred and Third and One Hundred and Fourth streets, extending to and fronting on the Harlem River, sold for $7,900 to B. P. Fairchild. Eight full lots on East One Hundred and Seventh-street, north side, 100 feet west of Avenue A, now under water, sold in one parcel and purchased by Thomas Monaghan for $4,975. Nothing further worthy of note occurred.

To-day no auctions will be held, the sale heretofore noticed to take place at the Court-house at White Plains, Westchester County, having been adjourned until Friday, the 28th inst. During next week the market should be characterized by great activity, for not only are the auctions proposed numerous, but the class of real estate to be offered is of the most valuable character. A full list of all the sales to take place, with particulars, will be published as usual on Monday, but attention is briefly called to the following as of special importance: Tuesday, Feb. 25, executor's sale by Muller, Wilkins & Co., of the very choice business property situated on the south-west corner of Nassau and Liberty streets. House and lot No. 18 West Thirty-ninth-street, and lots on Fourth-avenue, south-east corner of Ninety-eighth-street, belonging to the estate of James Suydam, deceased. Same day, partition sale by A. J. Bleecker, Son & Co., of choice City real estate, located respectively on Broadway, Church-street, Greenwich-street, and Clinton-place. Same day, public auction sale in Brooklyn by Jere. Johnson, Jr., of 103 desirably-located lots. Wednesday, Feb. 26, public auction sale in Brooklyn, by Mr. Johnson, of an extensive variety of principally improved Brooklyn real estate. Also, sale at Exchange, in this City, of a large lot of City property, by Messrs. Muller & Co. Thursday, Feb. 27, executor's sale, by Muller & Co., of the exceedingly valuable property belonging to the Carman Estate, embracing 175 City lots, thus making this auction the most important of any thus far held this season. Also, same day, sale in Brooklyn, by Jere Johnson, Jr., of the entire estate of Samuel Smith, deceased, comprising property valued at nearly $600,000, the list taking in some of the choicest real estate in the City of Brooklyn. These proposed auctions are all exciting the greatest attention among investors generally, and the results are waited for with interest.

At private contract, V. K. Stevenson, Jr., No. 11 Pine-street and No. 226 Fifth-avenue, reports having recently sold the four-story brown-stone-front house and lot, latter 30 by 100, No. 26 Gramercy Park, (East Twentieth-street,) with stable and lot 23 by 100 in rear, fronting on Nineteenth-street, for $80,000 cash.

### THE BUILDING RECORD.

Plans for new buildings submitted and unsafe buildings reported at the department—James M. Macgregor, Superintendent—for the week ending with Friday, Feb. 21:

*New Buildings.*

West 44th-st., north side, 225 feet west of Seventh-avenue, seven first-class dwellings, three brown stone and four of brick, each four stories, 21.3 by 68; John Jacob Astor, owner.

East One Hundred and Twenty-sixth-street, south side, 150 feet west of Second-avenue, one second-class dwelling, brick, three stories, 18 by 38; George Brettel, owner.

East Fortieth-street, north side, 155 feet west of Second-avenue, one second-class dwelling, brick, three stories, 12 by 55; F. R. Kidwell, owner.

East Fifty-seventh-street, south side, 175 feet west of Second-avenue, one store and tenement brick, five stories, 25 by 58; S. Vimmelstein, owner.

East Thirty-ninth-street, south side, 425 feet east of Second-avenue, two stores and tenements, brick, each five stories, 25 by 63; Dores Buddensick, owner.

Oak-street, No. 35, one store and tenement, brick, five stories, 25 by 75.2; D. Williams, owner.

Ninth-avenue, east side, 75 feet south of Forty-eighth-street, one store and tenement, brown stone, five stories, 25.1½ by 62.6; R. J. Follis, owner.

Carmine-street, No. 52, one store and tenement, brick, five stories, 20 by 68; A. Reichardt, owner.

Catherine-street, south-east corner of Oak-street, one store and tenement, brick, five stories, 30 by 70; John P. Moore, owner.

Monroe-street, No. 2, one store and tenement, brick, five stories, 25 by 72; Neil McColgan, owner.

Avenue C, south-west corner Fifth-street, two stores and tenements, brick, five stories each, 24.10 by 64 by 26 by 24.10; John Russ, owner.

Delancey-street, No. 143, one store and tenement, brick, five stories, 25 by 75; J. Hahn, owner.

East Eleventh-street, south side, 62 feet east of First-avenue, one store and tenement, brick, 28 by 23.9; Bernhardt, owner.

Spring-street, No. 52, rear, one tenement, brick, four stories, 25 by 34; John Morrow, owner.

Centre-street, Nos. 81, 83, and 85, one store, brick, six stories, 63.8 by 60.6; Robert Craighead, owner.

Sixth-avenue, north side, 50 feet west of Fifty-third-street, three French apartment buildings, brown stone, each five stories, 25 by 70; F. Vevreilar, owner.

Broadway Circle, Eighth-avenue and Fifty-eighth-street, one brick and brown-stone hotel, seven stories, width and depth irregular; John D. Voorhies, owner.

*Unsafe Buildings.*

No. 205 Mercer-street, Wm. A. Bloodgood, owner; unsafe rear wall.

No. 128 West Seventeenth-street, Nos. 237 to 241 East Thirty-seventh-street, and No. 121 East Fifty-first-street, Corporation of the City of New-York, owner; unsafe ceilings.

No. 302 Mott-street, front, Thomas Boyle, owner; unsafe front and side walls.

No. 302 Mott-street, rear, Thomas Boyle, owner; unsafe generally.

No. 144 Fulton-street, G. H. Wittmans, owner; unsafe rear arches.

No. 115 Fourth-avenue, John Busco, agent; unsafe first floor.

No. 25 Rector-street, Eden Sprout, agent; unsafe front pier.

No. 231 West Forty-seventh-street, Alex. Milet, agent; unsafe east wall.

Building north-east corner First-avenue and Ninth-street, Corporation of the City of New-York, owner; unsafe ceilings.

Nos. 724 to 730 Fifth-street, Corporation of the City of New-York, owner; unsafe ceilings.

Nos. 22 to 28 Leonard-street, Hugh N. Camp, agent; unsafe remaining walls.

Nos. 729 Broadway, W. & E. A. Cruikshank, agents; unsafe ceilings and root.

### Exchange Sales, Friday, Feb. 21, 1873.

NEW-YORK.

*By James M. Miller.*

| | |
|---|---|
| 1 4-story and basement brick h. and l. No. 85 4th-st., n. s., 106.6 ft. w. of 2d-av.; lot 24.6x96.2, (rear line, 25 ft.) | $18,250 |
| 1 3-story and basement brick h. and l., No. 116 West 16th-st., s. s., between 6th and 7th avs.; lot 25x103.3 | 13,550 |

*By Joseph McGuire.*

| | |
|---|---|
| 1 plot, containing some 8 lots, on Av. A, e. s., block front between 103d and 104th sts., and fronting on Harlem River | $7,900 |
| 8 lots on East 107th-st., n. s., 100 ft. w. of Av. A, all under water, each 25x100.9; sold as one parcel | 4,975 |

### Recorded Real Estate Transfers.

NEW-YORK.

*Thursday, Feb. 20.*

| | |
|---|---|
| Delancey-st., No. 299, s. s., 28 ft. w. of Lewis-st., 25x75, h. and l.; Delancey-st., No. 301, s. w. corner Lewis-st., 25x75, h. and l. | $60,000 |
| Monroe-st., n. s., 100 ft. e. of Jackson-st., 25x95 | 8,000 |
| 22d-st., s. s., 250 ft. e. of 8th-av., 25x98.9 | 15,850 |
| 26th-st., n. s., 490.8 ft. w. of 6th-av., 15.5x98.9, No. 149 | 10,000 |
| 27th-st., n. s., 180 ft. w. of 6th-av., 26x98.9, h. and l. | 26,000 |
| 28th-st., n. s., 225 ft. e. of 9th-av., 150x98.9 | 65,000 |
| 33d-st., s. s., 70 ft. w. of 1st-av., 30x98.9, h. and l. | 7,000 |
| 41st-st., s. s., 250 ft. e. of 8th-av., 25x98.9 | 21,050 |
| 50th-st., s. s., 295 ft. e. of 2d-av., 20x100.5, Ca. G., 1872 | 16,500 |
| 52d-st., s. s., 416 ft. w. of 5th-av., 17x100.5, h. and l., husband to wife, mortgage | 30,000 |
| 52d-st., s. s., 182.5 ft. e. of 9th-av., 17.7x100, half part, mortgage $2,500 | 3,000 |
| 61st-st., s. s., 150 ft. e. of 11th-av., 25x100.5 | 2,800 |
| 77th-st., n. s., 125 ft. e. of Madison-av., 150x102.2 | 88,500 |
| 112th-st., s. s., 75 ft. e. of 2d-av., 25x100.11 | 3,000 |
| 128th-st., n. s., 248 ft. e. of 4th-av., widened, 82x99.11, 2 hs. and ls. | 24,500 |
| Lexington-av., w. s., 60 ft. n. of 50th-st., 20x80, foreclosure | 17,870 |
| 1st-av., e. s., 80.11 ft. s. of 121st-st., 20x80 | 16,000 |
| 8th-av., n. w. corner 130th-st., th. n. 199.10 ft. to former s. s. of 131st-st. x th. w. 225 ft. to e. s. of St. Nicholas-av. x th. s. 199.10 ft. to n. s. of 130th-st. x th. e. 225 ft. | 85,000 |
| 8th-av., w. s., 199.10 ft. n. of 130th-st., 25x225, Ca.G. | 6,000 |
| 10th-av., w. s., 50 ft. s. of 156th-st., 25x100 | 15,000 |

LEASE CONVEYANCE.

| | |
|---|---|
| 3d-av., e. s., 80.5 ft. n. of 60th-st., 20x95, leasehold | $14,000 |

LEASES RECORDED.

| | |
|---|---|
| Avenue C, No. 76, 5 2-12 years, per year | $1,400 |
| Worth-st., Nos. 145 and 142, 10 years, per year | 7,000 |
| 28th-st., No. 134 West, 8 5-12 years, per year | 2,400 |
| 28th-st., No. 134, store, &c., sub-let, 5 years; 2 years, per year, $660; 3 years, per year | 780 |
| South 5th-av., No. 101, 2 years, per year | 1,800 |

## CITY REAL ESTATE.

**15 EAST 49TH-ST., NEAR 5TH-AV.**

For sale, in 49th-st., just east of 5th-av., a beautiful four-story brown stone house, 17x60 feet. Has been recently overhauled in the most thorough manner; the plumbing-work, mantels, &c., being all new and of the best quality, and is tastefully decorated; lot 100.5 feet in depth.

The owner will sell the house with the handsome fixtures and furniture. We would recommend it to the attention of any one desiring to purchase an attractive house in the best location in New-York, at a very reasonable price. To a professional man it would be especially desirable. A comparatively small amount of cash to be paid down.

For further particulars and permits apply to
E. H. LUDLOW & CO.,
No. 3 Pine-st. and No. 35 East 17th-st.

**FOR SALE.**—THE FOLLOWING CHOICE plots of property are now offered by me, and will be absolutely sold:
5th-av. and 92d-st., 100x100 feet, 8 lots.
5th-av. and 128th-st., 100x100 feet, 5 lots.
5th-av. and 127th-st., 75x110 feet, 3 lots.
WITH BUILDINGS THEREON.
Dyckman property, 6 lots on Post-av., 150x150.
Dyckman property, 4 lots on Hawthorne-st., 100x100.
Apply direct to owner, JOSIAH JEX,
No. 18 East 49th-st., before 10 o'clock A. M.

**FOR SALE OR TO RENT,** PARTIALLY Furnished—The first-class well-built house, No. 61 Irving-place, near 18th-st.; house, four story, high-stoop, brick, 25x50, with two-story extended dining-room; lot, 25x100. Price, $35,000; $15,000 on bond and mortgage; rent with superior furniture, $4,000 per annum. HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

**FOR SALE—FIRST-CLASS THREE-STORY** and basement brown stone houses, in 14th-st., between Broadway and 8th-av. 2 x 60, $17,000; also, 18.9x 50, $16,000. Inquire on premises, or of JAMES HENDERSON, No. 22 7th-av.

**HUDSON-ST., CORNER OF LEONARD**—80x100 feet for sale. Full particulars from F. G. & D. BROWN, Broadway and Wall-st.

## CITY REAL ESTATE.

**FIRST-CLASS HOUSES FOR SALE.**
WITH EARLY POSSESSION, BY
E. H. LUDLOW & CO.

Fifth-avenue, Nos. 584, 588, 590, varying in width from 20 to 27½ feet.

Fifth-avenue, No. 560, corner of 46th-st., with or without the elegant furniture.

Fifth-avenue, No. 556, elegantly furnished and decorated.

East 62d-st., No. 1, with side lights.

East 57th-st., Nos. 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, near 5th-av., several new and elegant houses, varying from 19 to 27½ feet.

West 53d-st., Nos. 10, 12, 14, and 16, three choice houses, one with dining-room extension.

East 53d-st., Nos. 15, 17, and 19, just east of 5th-av., three new and elegant houses of full width.

East 48th-st., near 5th-av., three full-sized houses finished in cabinet work.

West 47th-st., near 5th-av., very desirable, 24 feet wide, Columbia College lease.

West 34th-st. near 5th-av., full width and very desirable.

West 52d-st., near 5th-av., 28½ feet wide, side lights.

For permits and further particulars apply at Branch office, No. 35 East 17th-st., or No. 3 Pine-st.

**HUGH N. CAMP, NO. 106 BROADWAY,** offers the following stable lots for sale:
Park-av. and 40th-st.—Four lots.
45th-st., between 6th-av. and Broadway—One lot.
52d-st., between 5th-av. and Madison—One lot.
54th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.—One lot.
55th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.—One lot.
ALSO,
A very neat two-story brick stable, in good order, in the vicinity of 6th-av. and 53d-st.

**FOR SALE.—FIRST-CLASS B. S. HOUSES.**
54th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., 25x70.
51st-st., near 5th-av., fee, 21.6x50.
50th-st., near 5th-av., college lease.
49th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., 20x55.
49th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., 22x60.
46th-st., between Madison and 5th avs., 25x62.
44th-st., between 5th-av. and Broadway.
S. EDDY & CO., No. 1 Park-place.

**FOR SALE—IN 53D-ST., NEAR 5TH-AV.**—An elegant four-story full size brown-stone house. Price, including the handsome furniture, $75,000.
ALSO,
An elegant four-story house in East 35th-st., between Park and Lexington avs. Price, $35,000.
HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

**FOR SALE.—AN ELEGANT BROWN-**stone house on 5th-av., below 50th-st.; also, a full-sized house on 23d-st., near 6th-av., at a bargain; also, 50x200, with buildings, on 23d-st., between 6th and 7th avs.
S. EDDY & CO., No. 1 Park-place.

**FOR SALE—THE HOUSE AND LOT NO. 28** West 9th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.; all conveniences; possession May 1; will be sold at 12 o'clock, TUESDAY, Feb. 25, at the Exchange, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) by
E. H. LUDLOW & CO., Auctioneers.

**FOR SALE, FURNISHED—THREE-**story and basement brown-stone front house, No. 317 West 51st-st., near 8th-av.; house built four years ago, and last year put in complete order; painted, frescoed, &c. Apply after 2 P. M., at house, or of the owner; terms to suit. RANDALL, No. 554 8th-av.

**FOR SALE—A PLOT OF GROUND COVER-**ing about three and a half City lots, on Worth-st., running through to Leonard-st., near Centre-st.; a splendid location for a large manufacturing business. Apply to HUGH N. CAMP, No. 106 Broadway, corner Pine-st.

**FOR SALE—ON MADISON AV. SOUTH-**east corner 49th-st.—A bargain; first-class four-story brown-stone house, with all modern improvements; price $40,000; terms easy.
TAYLOR & STEARNS, No. 1½ Pine-st.

**FOR SALE CHEAP—NO. 226 WEST 46TH-**st., near Broadway, three-story brown-stone house, 20x50; all the improvements. J. W. STEVENS & BROS., 47th-st., North River; No. 6 Pine-st., 2 P. M.

**FOR SALE—BROWN-STONE HIGH-STOOP** house, 16 8x60, lot, 100x161; East 46th-st., fully furnished; price, $22,500; $5,000 cash, balance bond and mortgage. Apply to J. McK., No. 91 Fulton-st.

**FOR SALE—HANDSOME FOUR-STORY** brown-stone house, 47th-st., near 5th-av., $35,000; 19th-st., near 5th-av., three-story, 25 feet wide, $35,000. Permits of A. JOURNEAY, No. 51 Lispenard-st.

**FOR SALE—THE FIRST-CLASS BROWN-**stone house, known as No. 220 West 58th-st., near Broadway; immediate possession. For particulars apply next door.

**SEVEN LOTS, BETWEEN 8TH AND 9TH** avs., below 72d-st., for sale on easy terms. Apply to HUGH N. CAMP, No. 106 Broadway.

**FOR SALE OR TO LET—NO. 124 EAST** 31st-st., in perfect order. Apply to H. A. MOTT, owner, No. 71 Broadway.

## BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE.

**FOR SALE, IN BROOKLYN—A FOR-**tune for an enterprising party with capital—Brooklyn Hall and Market, in Adams-st., between Fulton-st. and Myrtle-av.; the market has eighty stands; the hall, the largest in the city, being 135x65 feet; ceiling, 25 feet; supper rooms adjoin; suitable for balls, lectures, meetings, armory, theatre, or any purpose needing spacious accommodation and central location. Apply to JOHN F. HENNESSY, No. 319 Bridge-st., near Myrtle-av., Brooklyn.

**FOR SALE TO CLOSE AN ESTATE—**The handsome three-story residence, No. 28 2d-place, Brooklyn, thirty-four feet wide, (double;) desirable in all respects; immediate possession if desired. Apply to E. R. KELLOGG, Administrator, on the premises, or No. 3 Broadway, New-York, from 10 A. M. to 12 M.

**$20.000 WILL BUY AN ELEGANT** brown-stone house, full furnished; best part of Brooklyn; lot worth $12,000 to $15,000; house $10,000 to $12,000; furniture $4,000 to $6,000. Terms satisfactory. Address BLOODGOOD, *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st.

**A MODERATE-PRICED HOUSE, EX-**cellent location, for sale.—Three-story high-stoop brick house on President-st., opposite Carroll Park, Brooklyn; lot 22x100 feet; convenient to cars and ferries. Apply to E. R. KELLOGG, No. 3 Broadway, New-York, from 10 to 12 A. M.

**FOR SALE, IN BROOKLYN, ON THE HILL.**—A three-story brown-stone house, first class in every respect; with or without furniture. Inquire on the premises, No. 309 Carlton-av.

## JERSEY CITY REAL ESTATE

**JERSEY CITY.—FOR SALE, TO LET, OR** exchange, houses, lots, stores, &c., at low rates, on easy payments, and in desirable locations near ferries. Call or send stamp for circular. J. M. GIBSON, Auctioneer, No. 27 Montgomery-st., Jersey City.

## COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

**SUMMIT, CHATHAM, MADISON, NEW-JERSEY.**
FOR SALE—Houses, villa sites, and farms.
TO RENT—Houses furnished and unfurnished.
FOR EXCHANGE—Several places for City property.
ARCHIBALD GRACIE,
Summit, near the station.

**FOR SALE AT TRENTON, N. J.**—A choice and attractive residence, in thorough repair, and containing all the modern improvements, convenient to the institutions, and suited in all respects for the residence of a genteel family. The plot of ground on which the dwelling stands is surrounded by an evergreen hedge, and contains two and one-quarter acres in lawn, fruit, garden, shrubberies, flower-plats, ornamental trees, and ten or twelve grape-vines of different kinds; stable, carriage-house, &c., &c. This place is offered for sale to relieve the owner, who is in poor health, from care. Price $16,500; one-half can remain on bond and mortgage if desired. For further particulars apply to
HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

**COUNTRY RESIDENCE AT GREEN-**WICH, Conn., belonging to the subscriber, and five acres of land; house planned by Calvert Vaux; built in best manner, in fine order, replete with every convenience, and a never-failing supply of purest water; stables, carriage-house, and out-buildings; grounds laid out in best style; handsome stone and iron gateway; walks, lawn, evergreens, rare shrubs, and shade-trees; garden stocked with every variety of fruits; price much less than cost, and on easy terms if sold before April 1. Apply to FRANCIS TOMES, No. 104 Broadway.

**NYACK, ON HUDSON.**—FOR SALE AT A bargain, a beautiful country seat of three acres of choice land, and a very handsome house, located close to bank, churches, and stores, and within eight minutes' walk of depot; the house is of stone, well arranged, containing nine bedrooms, exclusive of five servants' rooms, parlor, library, dining-room, study, billiard-room, kitchen, laundry, &c.; circumstances enable us to offer this elegant property very cheap.
F. G. & D. BROWN,
Corner of Broadway and Wall-st.

**FOR SALE OR TO LET FURNISHED—**Eighteen miles from New-York, on Northern New-Jersey Railroad, within eight minutes' ride of two railroads, a large house, heated by steam, with other modern improvements; barn, poultry-house, gardener's cottage, ice-house, filled, fine shade-trees, and an abundance of fruit. Will sell at moderate price, with from five to twenty-four acres. Rent $1,200 for six months, $2,000 for the year. For further particulars address A. B., Box 4,072 New-York.

**FOR SALE AT TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—**One and a quarter mile from depot, two very nice new dwelling-houses, two-story and attic, with plots, 50x200 feet, on the Sleepy Hollow, near the Bedford Road, at very low prices; three-fourths can remain on mortgage. Also, number of villa plots, 50x150 feet, at $600 and upward, per plot. Apply to T. MILTON PURDY, corner Main and Water sts., Tarrytown.

**FOR SALE AT TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—**A splendid country seat, with furniture, horses, carriages, &c.; only one and a quarter mile from the depot; three-fourths can remain on mortgage. Apply to T. MILTON PURDY, corner Main and Water sts., Tarrytown.

**FOR SALE OR TO LET—ON STATEN** Island, within thirty minutes of Wall-st., desirable residences, with fine view, and park attached; terms of sale easy; rents low. Further particulars at the office of the estate of ERNEST FIEDLER, No. 32 Broadway.

**ORANGE, N. J.** — SHORT DISTANCE from depot, a fine residence and suitable outbuildings all in good order, with four, five or seven acres of land; neighborhood unexceptionable; street Macadamized and lighted with gas. Inquire of EDWARD AUSTEN, No. 287 Pearl-st.

**RESIDENCE AT WESTPORT, CONN.**—Double house of seventeen rooms, good cellar, good water, abundance of fruit, fine shade and water-view, convenient to depot. Land adjoining for sale. Address Mrs. C. SANFORD.

**STAMFORD.**—MODERN COUNTRY RESIDENCE; twenty-one rooms, carriage-house, forty acres land; beautiful trout stream; $12,000; rare bargain. Address J. W. ATWATER, Riverside Station, Conn.

**FOR SALE NEAR LONG BRANCH.**—COUNTRY residence, with four acres, or more, fine lawn, and abundance of full-grown shade trees. Apply to owner, between 10 and 12. EDWARD C. FIEDLER, No. 32 Broadway.

**BEAUTIFUL PLACE, NEAR PLAIN-**field—Seven acres; also, several tasty cottages, lots 50x200; only $2,500; terms easy.
JAQUES, No. 208 Broadway.

**FOR SALE—NYACK, ON HUDSON, THIRTY** acres river front. C. H. GREEN,
Piermont, N. Y.

## COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

**FOR SALE.**

The beautiful country home of Chiddingstone, Chancellor Livingston Manor, upon the bank of the Hudson, near Tivoli, Dutchess County, N. Y. The mountain and river views from this place are unequaled. About eighty acres of improved land, upon which are native woods, a mansion house, (new,) of stone and brick, 52 by 50, French roof, water-tank, bath, &c.; also, large cottage, fourteen rooms, coach-house and stables, barns, sheds, &c.; ice-house, filled; machine and carpenter shops, all new and newly painted and all in perfect order. Also, private dock. The property well underdrained, fine wells of water. No fever and ague here. Eight or ten trains each way daily. Churches and schools near. Stock and farming implements sold, if desired. Apply on the premises to T. S. CLARKSON, Tivoli, N. Y.

**A BARGAIN.**—ACCESSIBLE SUBURBAN residences for sale or to let, only thirty-eight minutes from Liberty-st. by the superior accommodations (Winter or Summer) of Central Railroad; frequent express-trains; cheap fares, and desirable surroundings.

Picturesque 12-room cottage house and one acre, laid out in drives, lawns, garden, flowers, berries, bearing fruit and shade trees; wide halls, verandas, &c.; $12,000.

Large French-roof 14-room cottage house, stable, and nearly one acre, planted in garden; berries, bearing fruit, shade-trees; very substantial; $14,000; with extra land, $26,000.

Choice of either on very easy terms. They are within 1,000 feet of passenger depot, at best end of the city, and 5,000 feet from its centre. Paved streets, gas, and water, heater, exclusive stairways, call bell, &c. Rent $1,200 and $1,500. For particulars apply at West Elizabeth Railroad Depot, or address OWNER, Post-office Box No. 235 New-York City.

**ORANGE, N. J.—SPECIALTY.**

Washington's Birthday.—Our Orange Office, opposite principal depot, will remain open for sale and rental of real estate on the 22d.
HAMILTON & WALLIS.

**FOR SALE—A VERY DESIRABLE SUM-**mer or Winter residence, (of a gentleman who is about leaving the place,) in Kingston, Canada; located on high ground, neighborhood first-class, on the public park and lake shore, with a splendid view toward the Thousand Islands; ten miles from Cape Vincent, on the American side, commanding superior advantages for healthfulness, fishing, yachting, boating, gunning, &c.; house built in the best possible manner, containing all the modern improvements, and heated by steam; good stable, and about one-half an acre of ground beautifully laid out; price $15,000. Full particulars can be obtained and photograph seen at office of HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

**FOR SALE TO CLOSE AN ESTATE**—Near Norwood, on N. R. R. of N. J., large stone house and eight acres, beautifully located, splendid shade; all kinds fruit; elegant water; cheap to a prompt purchaser; terms easy; price $9,500.

Also, on Jersey City Heights, Palisade-av., small house of ten rooms, newly painted. Extra size lot. Cheap. Price $4,000.
Address J. O. WINNER,
Pennington, N. J.

**FOR SALE—NEAR BOUND BROOK, A COUN-**try-seat of forty acres; large house in good repair, plenty of out-buildings; fruits, all kinds in abundance; excellent water; a beautiful spot; price, $13,000; also, adjoining the above, a number of choice building sites; extensive view, pure mountain air; near railroad depot; a little over one hour's ride from New-York City in the railroad, centre of New-Jersey. Apply to WM. MACKAY, Somerville, N. J.

**AT WESTFIELD, N. J.—COUNTRY** seat of 25 acres; fine buildings, plenty of fruit, $13,000; house and lot, $2,000; five acres in village; new buildings, plenty fruits, $11,000; also, house and lot, new, $3,600; also, farm of thirty acres, good building and plenty of fruits, to exchange for good Brooklyn house; terms easy. D. W. LAMON.

**IN LLEWELLYN PARK, ORANGE, N. J.**—For sale on Glen-av., a fine lot of about four and half acres, with a good natural grade and very extensive view; a short distance from main entrance to Park, and about five minutes' walk from depot on the new Midland and Watchung Railroad. Apply to DOMINICK & DICKERMAN, No. 34 Broad-st., New-York.

**A HANDSOME COUNTRY PLACE,** ten or eighty acres, on the Hudson River, at Scarborough, one mile below Sing Sing; large double brick house, 50x52; stable, gate-house, and other outbuildings; views very fine. Apply to EDWARD AUSTEN, No. 287 Pearl-st., or ROBERT H. BOORMAN, No. 81 Cedar-st.

**WALTER UNDERHILL, REAL ES-**TATE AGENT, YONKERS, N. Y.—All descriptions of Yonkers property for sale or rent; a very fine place for sale on the highest elevation; also a desirable property on Warburton-av.

**ORANGE, N. J.—COUNTRY HOUSES,** lands, and village lots for sale; a great variety. Also, furnished and unfurnished houses to let for season or year, by WALTER E. SMITH, formerly Blackwell & Smith, Orange, corner Main and Cone sts.

**NYACK, ON THE HUDSON.**—FOR sale or to let, a new French roof house, fourteen rooms; all modern improvements; two acres; river view for twenty-five miles. Apply to R. P. EELLS, Nyack.

**FOR SALE—MILBURN HILL, N. J., NEAR** Morris and Essex Depot.—Medium size French roof house; modern conveniences, twelve rooms, with twenty lots lawn and garden. Apply on premises, or address F., Box No. 443 New-York Post-office.

**FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—ONE OF** the best country seats in Westchester County. Apply at No. 103 Fulton-st., of PETER A. H. JACKSON.

**ORANGE, N. J., AND VICINITY. (SPE-**cialty.)—Call for rent catalogue. Orange office open Washington's Birthday. I. H. GERRY,
No. 39 Nassau-st., corner Liberty, New-York.

**FOR SALE CHEAP AT INWOOD—**A fine plot of ground, 86x125 feet, on Gerard-av., adjoining Arcularius Hotel. Apply to
FRANCIS TOMES, No. 104 Broadway.

## DWELLINGS TO LET.

**UNFURNISHED HOUSES TO RENT.**

| | |
|---|---|
| 9th-st., four stories, English basement | $2,500 |
| 11th-st., four stories, high stoop | 2,500 |
| 20th-st., three stories, extra wide | 2,500 |
| 38th-st., three stories, high stoop | 2,000 |
| 53d-st., three stories, high stoop | 1,600 |

And several others, in various locations.
Printed lists at either office.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO.,
No. 3 Pine-st.
No. 35 East 17th-st.

**TO LET OR FOR SALE.**

The 25 foot dwelling-house, No. 443 Marcy-av., corner Hart-st., Brooklyn, containing fifteen rooms; it has been thoroughly overhauled, repaired, and painted; has the modern improvements; would lease to a good party for a term of years; neighborhood unexceptionable; for sale at a low figure. Apply to J. DENHAM & CO., No. 266 West 23d-st., New-York, or at the house.

**TO LET—IN BROOKLYN, E. D., (FURNISH-**ed,) a three-story and basement house, with modern improvements, thoroughly well furnished, in Bedford-av., within a few minutes' walk of the ferries; neighborhood unsurpassed either in New-York or Brooklyn, in the grand drive to Prospect Park; family going to Europe. Address for particulars A. H. B., No. 31 Lafayette-place, New-York.

**AT NEW-BRIGHTON, STATEN ISLAND,** to rent, furnished and unfurnished, several brick villas; gas, water, baths, and all modern improvements; gardens, lawns, shade-trees; thirty-five minutes of Wall-st. Apply to E. DUNCAN SNIFFEN, Real Estate Broker, No. 130 Broadway.

**TO LET OR LEASE—THE WHOLE OR** part of three-story high-stoop attic and basement house; three rooms deep on three floors; all improvements; rent very reasonable to responsible tenant. Apply at No. 417 West 23d-st.

**A NUMBER OF HANDSOME FUR-**nished and unfurnished houses, with fine grounds, at Fort Washington and Inwood to let, from $1,000 to $4,500.
G. LESPINASSE, No. 112 Broadway.

**A THREE-STORY AND BASEMENT** house to let, No. 407 East 84th-st.; rent, $800. Also two story and basement house, No. 1,620 1st-av., near 84th-st.; rent, $650. Apply to G. W. FANNING, No. 53 Bleecker-st.

**HOUSES NOS. 111 AND 115 WEST** 12th-st., near 6th-av. Apply at office of Rhinelander Estate, No. 75 Barclay-st., north-west corner of Greenwich.

**TO LET—FURNISHED, THE ELEGANT** four-story brown-stone house No. 32 West 51st-st.; terms very low, to a small family of adults. Apply to S. EDDY & CO., No. 1 Park-place.

**TO LET—HOUSE IN 51ST-ST., BETWEEN** 5th and 6th avs., in perfect order, at a moderate price to a good tenant. Address Box No. 3,353 New-York Post-office.

**TO RENT, FURNISHED—HOUSE NO.** 23 West 33d-st. Apply to HENRY DRAPER, No. 112 Pearl-st.

## STORES, &C, TO LET.

**TO LET OR LEASE,**
**NO. 112 5TH-AV.,**
**EXTRA-WIDE STORE.**
Well arranged, well lighted, new, and very showy.
Apply to HORACE S. ELY, No. 22 Pine-st.

**OFFICES TO LET**
**IN**
**TIMES BUILDING.**
SPLENDID OFFICES TO LET IN THE FIRE-PROOF TIMES BUILDING.
Apply at TIMES COUNTING-ROOM.

**NOS. 594 AND 596 BROADWAY—**TO let the splendid loft occupied by Mason & Hamlin Organ Company, 55x200 feet; well lighted with side windows. Apply to P. O. FOWLER,
No. 96 Nassau-st.

**UNION-PLACE AND 19TH-ST., COR-NER, 53X150 FEET, TO LEASE FOR TWENTY-ONE YEARS, SUITABLE FOR A THEATRE, PIANO, OR SEWING-MACHINE WARE-ROOM, OR FOR ANY LARGE BUILDING OF THE KIND.**
**F. G. & D. BROWN,**
**NO. 90 BROADWAY, COR. WALL-ST.**

**TO LET OR LEASE—FLOORS IN THE** new building Nos. 17, 19, 21, and 23 Rose-st., well adapted for printers or manufacturing purposes requiring abundant light, with or without steam power. Apply to OCKERSHAUSEN BROS., No. 380 South-st., or J. T. PRESTON, No. 27 Rose-st.

**OFFICES TO LET, IN BIBLE HOUSE,** 4th-av., 8th and 9th sts. Desirable rooms, having steam heat, can be secured on second or third stories. Apply at Treasurer's Office of American Bible Society.

**OFFICES TO LET—IN BUILDING NO.** 243 Broadway, opposite new Post-office. Apply at office of the Rhinelander estate, No. 75 Barclay-st., north-west corner Greenwich-st.

**TWO FIRST-CLASS WAREHOUSES TO** let or lease, Washington-st., near Canal-st.; very substantial, and in perfect order; possession. Apply to JAMES PRICE, No. 200 Hudson-st.

**CORNER OF BROADWAY AND BAR-**clay-st., opposite new Post-office, stores and office to let. Inquire at Room No. 39, up-stairs, in the building.

## REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

**EXECUTOR'S SALE.**

ESTATE OF RICHARD F. CARMAN, Deceased.

**175 LOTS,**

INCLUDING VACANT LOTS, VILLAS, DWELLING HOUSES, AND AN ELEGANT HOTEL, SITUATE ON THE

**BOULEVARD,**

150TH, 151ST, 152D, AND 153D STS., 10TH AND 12TH AVS.; ALSO,

**VALUABLE WATER GRANTS**

**ON THE HUDSON RIVER, BETWEEN 151ST AND 153D STS. ALSO, IMPROVED PROPERTY ON BEAVER AND WEST 31ST STS.**

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO.
will sell at auction on
THURSDAY, Feb 27, 1873,
at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway.

BY ORDER OF R. CARMAN COMBES AND JOSEPH F. DONNEL, ESQS., EXECUTORS, the following described Real Estate, viz.:

126 LOTS,
comprising the two entire blocks bounded by the
BOULEVARD,
12TH-AV., 151ST, 152D AND 153D STS.

On the westerly end of the block bounded by 152d and 153d sts. is a large and substantially-built brick hotel, known as the
RIVERSIDE HOUSE.
It has an extensive view of the
HUDSON RIVER,
and is one of the best located hotel sites in the City of New-York, having all the advantages of a Summer resort, and being only thirty-five minutes from Dey-street by Elevated and Hudson River Railroads.

There are also on these two blocks thirteen
BEAUTIFUL VILLAS,
well built, many of them having water and gas introduced, and stables attached.
ALSO,
VALUABLE WATER GRANTS
on the
HUDSON RIVER,
BETWEEN 151ST AND 153D STS.

TWELVE LOTS ON 10TH-AV., 152D AND 153D STS. On the 10-av. lots are ten three-story brick houses.

TWENTY LOTS BOUNDED BY 10TH-AV., 151ST AND 152D STS. On this property there are three frame cottages.

TWO LOTS ON 10TH-AV., BETWEEN 153D AND 154TH STS., with frame buildings thereon.

HOUSE AND LOT NORTH SIDE 150TH-ST., 100 FEET EAST OF 10TH-AV.

WEST 31ST-ST.,
BETWEEN 6TH AND 7TH AVS., brick buildings, NOS. 146, 148, AND 150.

FOUR-STORY BRICK STORES, NOS. 34 AND 46 BEAVER-ST.

The above-described property is most eligibly located, being in the immediate line of improvements.

This sale, which will be
PEREMPTORY,
affords a most desirable opportunity to capitalists for safe and
PROFITABLE INVESTMENT.

SEVENTY PER CENT. MAY REMAIN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE FOR ONE, THREE, OR FIVE YEARS.

Map at office of auctioneers, No. 7 Pine-st., or at office of
DE WITT, LOCKMAN & KIP, ATTORNEYS,
NO. 88 NASSAU-ST.

**SUPREME COURT SALE,**

**IN PARTITION.**

JAMES M. MILLER, Auctioneer.

**NO. 147 WEST 29TH-ST., LOT OF LAND, WITH BRICK STABLES.**

Also,

**VALUABLE PROPERTY AT INWOOD, IN THE TWELFTH WARD.**

JAMES M. MILLER will sell at auction, on
WEDNESDAY, MARCH 5, 1873,
At 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, under the direction of
NATHANIEL JARVIS, JR., ESQ., REFEREE.

No. 147 West 29th-st., 289.7 feet east of 7th-av.—The lot of land with the brick stables.

Also, valuable property at Inwood, in the Twelfth Ward of the City of New-York.

Four lots of land, south-west corner of Hudson-av. and C-st., each lot 25x100 feet.

One plot of ground between 214th and 215th sts., 13th and 14th avs., containing 4 712-1000 acres. On this plot is a large two-story and basement brick mansion, carriage house, stable, ice house, and other out-buildings. The property is well located, commanding a fine view of the Hudson, and in a neighborhood that is increasing in value daily.

The attention of capitalists and real estate dealers is called to the proposed sale of the Thompson estate. The property is very desirable for investment, being on the line of the new boulevards, and in the immediate vicinity of the new National Parade Ground.

For maps and full particulars inquire at the office of auctioneer, No. 28 Pine-st., New-York.

JERE. JOHNSON, Jr., Auctioneer,
**WILL SELL AT AUCTION,**
ON THURSDAY, FEB. 27,
at 12 o'clock, at Auction Exchange, Nos. 399 and 401 Fulton-st., Brooklyn, opposite the Court-house, by order of the Executors, the
ENTIRE ESTATE
of
SAMUEL SMITH, Deceased,
Consisting of
STORES, HOUSES, AND LOTS,
located on Fulton, Smith, and Livingston sts., in the immediate vicinity of the City Hall and Court-house.

FULTON-STREET—South-west corner of Smith-st., three superb vacant lots; grand location for a bank or public building of any kind, or for stores.

The splendid four-story brown-stone mansion formerly occupied by Judge Smith, situated on Smith-st., between Fulton and Livingston sts.

NOS. 171, 173, 175, 177, 179, 181, 183, 185, 187, and 189 LIVINGSTON-STREET.—Ten very desirable three-story, basement, subcellar brick houses.

NO. 165 LIVINGSTON-STREET.—Three-story, basement, subcellar, and attic brown-stone house.

NOS. 31 AND 33 SMITH-STREET.—Two two-story, basement, subcellar, and attic brick houses.

NOS. 11, 13, 19, AND 20 GALLATIN-PLACE.—Four three-story, basement, and subcellar brown-stone houses.

NOS. 366, 368, 370, 372, AND 374 FULTON-STREET.—Three splendid four-story stores.

SMITH-STREET, BETWEEN FULTON AND LIVINGSTON STREETS.—Three very desirable lots.

Terms easy.

Maps will be ready for distribution on and after Thursday, Feb. 20, at No. 399 Fulton-st., Brooklyn, and No. 21 Park-row, New-York. For further particulars apply to JERE. JOHNSON, Jr., No. 21 Park-row, New-York, or of Messrs. TEN BROOCK & VAN ORDEN, Proctors, No. 167 Greenwich-st., New-York.

**WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY.**

JUBILATE.
AMERICA! AMERICA!
GREATEST COUNTRY
THE SUN EVER SHONE UPON.
THRICE-HAPPY PEOPLE,
MULTIPLY YOUR BLESSINGS
by owning
YOUR OWN HOMES.
How could you spend the day more profitably or
PATRIOTICALLY
than by visiting
JERE. JOHNSON, JR.,
at his
AUCTION EXCHANGE,
Nos. 399 and 401 Fulton-st., Brooklyn,
or No. 21 Park-row, New-York,
and looking after the
SPLENDID BROOKLYN LOTS
TO BE SOLD AT AUCTION
FEB. 25, 26, AND 27,
AT AUCTION EXCHANGE,
Nos. 399 and 401 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.
ANNEXATION, QUICK TRANSIT, AND
THE BIG BRIDGE
ALL SURE.
NOW'S YOUR TIME TO BUY.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

**EXECUTOR'S SALE.**

By order of James A. H. Cornell and Theophilus A. Brouwer, executors of James Suydam, deceased.
VALUABLE IMPROVED PROPERTY,
CORNER OF
LIBERTY AND NASSAU STS.
HOUSE AND LOT
NO. 18 WEST 39TH-ST.,
AND
LOTS CORNER 4TH-AV. AND 98TH-ST.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction TUESDAY, Feb. 25, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, by order of the executors above named, the five-story brick building and lots south-west corner of Nassau and Liberty sts.,
OPPOSITE THE POST-OFFICE.

The four-story brown-stone-front house and lot No. 18 West 39th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

The four lots south-east corner of 4th-av. and 98th-st.

Maps and full particulars at the auctioneer's office, No. 7 Pine-st.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

**EXECUTOR'S SALE OF NO. 31 EAST 20TH-ST., NEAR BROADWAY.**

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY, Feb. 25, 1873, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York. Sale by order of Charles S. Hine, Esq., Executor of David A. Smith, deceased:

EAST TWENTIETH-STREET—The three-story, basement, and subcellar brick high-stoop house and lot, No. 31 East 20th-st., north side, about 210 feet east of Broadway. House is 21.1x41.6 feet, with two-story extension, 21.4x10.9 feet. Lot 21.4x92 feet. Possession May 1, 1873.

Maps and permits at the office of the auctioneers, No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

**DWELLING AND LOT, NO. 28 WEST 9TH-ST.**

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on TUESDAY, Feb. 25, 1873, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York:

WEST NINTH-ST.—The handsome four-story, basement, and subcellar brick, high-stoop dwelling No. 28 West 9th-st., south side, 439.9 feet west of 5th-av. House 25x48 feet, and two-story extension of 12 feet; has all the conveniences, is in fair order. Possession May 1, 1873. Lot 25x93.11 feet.

Maps, &c., at No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

## REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

JERE. JOHNSON, Jr., Auctioneer,
Sales-room, Nos. 399 and 401 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.
New-York office, No. 21 Park-row, New-York.

**WILL SELL AT AUCTION,**
TUESDAY, Feb. 25,
at 12 o'clock, at Auction Exchange, Nos. 399 and 401 Fulton-st., Brooklyn,
POSITIVE AND UNRESERVED SALE
OF
103 CHOICE BROOKLYN LOTS,
located in the
NINTH, EIGHTEENTH, AND TWENTY-FIRST WARDS, AS FOLLOWS:
In the
NINTH WARD.

ATLANTIC AVENUE BOULEVARD—South-west corner of Albany-av., five superb lots.

ATLANTIC-AVENUE BOULEVARD—South side, 87 feet west of Albany-av., three lots.

PACIFIC-STREET—North-west corner of Albany-av., five lots.

PACIFIC-STREET—South side, 100 feet west of Grand-av., eight lots. Only three blocks from the Park.

DEAN-STREET—North side, 125 feet w. of Grand-av., twelve lots. Only three blocks from the Park.

TWENTY-FIRST WARD.

HOWARD-AVENUE—South-east corner of McDonough-st., five lots.

SARATOGA-AVENUE—North-west corner of Decatur-st., five lots.

DECATUR-STREET—North side, 100 feet west of Saratoga-av., five lots.

DECATUR-STREET—North side, 100 feet east of Howard-av., ten lots.

EIGHTEENTH WARD.

Thirteen splendid lots on Elm-st., between Bushwick and Evergreen avs., very desirable for improvements or investments, and worthy the attention of capitalists.

CENTRAL-AVENUE—South corner of Joy-st., six lots.

EVERGREEN-AVENUE—North corner of Jacob-st., six lots.

JACOB-STREET—North side, between Central and Johnson avs., five lots.

JOY-STREET—South side, and near to Johnson-av., three lots.

EVERGREEN-AVENUE—North side, between Wierfield and Margaretta sts., six lots.

Terms liberal. Maps at office of auctioneer, No. 21 Park-row, New-York, or at Auction Exchange, No. 399 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

WEDNESDAY, Feb. 26,
At 12 o'clock, at Auction Exchange, at Nos. 399 and 401 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.
IMPORTANT SALE OF HOUSES AND LOTS.
BROOKLYN PROPERTY.

NO. 52 FORT GREENE-PLACE—Between Fulton-st. and DeKalb-av., very desirable three-story high-stoop basement and sub-cellar Philadelphia brick house; brown stone trimmings; all improvements; first-class neighborhood, near Dr. Cuyler's Church. Must be sold. Terms easy.

NO. 43 HOYT-STREET—Between Livingston and Schermerhorn sts., three-story basement and sub-cellar brick house; twelve rooms; all improvements; excellent neighborhood. Positive sale. Easy terms.

RAYMOND-STREET—East side, 135 feet south of Lafayette-av. Desirable lot and first-class two-story stable, complete in its appointments. Just in the locality where stables are needed for private use. Terms easy. Must be sold.

NO. 480 FIFTH-AVENUE—South-west corner of 11th-st. Splendid four-story brick store; fifteen rooms over store; cars pass door. Very desirable for business purposes.

NO. 295 NINTH-STREET—Between 4th and 5th avs. Large house, 3x38; desirable residence, in good order.

NO. 180 TENTH-STREET—Four-story attic, basement, and sub-cellar frame house, filled in with brick; ten rooms; improvements; near three car lines; good neighborhood.

VACANT LOTS.

SEVENTH-AVENUE—Corner of 40th-st. Six desirable lots.

RALPH-AVENUE—Between Butler-st. and Douglas-st. boulevard. Ten lots.

By order of Executors and others.

WILLIAMSBURG PROPERTY.

NO. 73 NORTH SECOND-STREET—Two-story attic and basement frame house.

NOS. 219 AND 221 NORTH SEVENTH-STREET—Two two-story houses.

NO. 423 BUSHWICK-AVENUE, OPPOSITE PROSPECT STREET—Two-story attic and basement house.

NOS. 348 AND 350 BUSHWICK-AVENUE, CORNER COOK-STREET—Two two-story brick basement houses.

NORTH TENTH-STREET, between 1st and 2d sts., valuable vacant lot.

Terms easy. For maps apply to auctioneer, No. 21 Park-row, New-York, or No. 399 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

**TRUSTEE'S SALE AT AUCTION.**

VALUABLE PLANTATION IN ST. FRANCIS COUNTY, ARKANSAS.

Will be sold by H. D. Bulkley, Trustee, under deed of trust to secure $15,000 of notes of C. A. Rose, of Memphis, to Kirtland, Babcock & Bronson, for account of John Sedgwick, their assignee in bankruptcy, on TUESDAY, Feb. 25, 1873, at the office of Donoho & Bulkley, in Memphis, Tenn.

The tract contains over 1,000 acres, has a frontage of over one mile on the St. Francis River, and is situated fifteen miles south-east of Madison, the county-seat of St. Francis Country, Arkansas, and five miles west of Kent's Landing, on the Mississippi, having easy access to the markets of Memphis and New-Orleans. Three hundred acres are cleared and under fence; fifty acres deadened, and the balance well timbered with oak and ash. Ample quarters for laborers. Soil first class.

Address DONOHO & BULKLEY,
No. 39 Madison-st., Memphis, Tenn.
Or RANGS & NORTH, Attorneys for Assignee,
No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

## HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

**WANTED—TO BUY, OR HIRE WITH** privilege of buying, a good house, eleven or twelve rooms, and not less than two acres of land; must be less than a mile from railroad station, and about an hour from New-York; New-York State preferred; price must be moderate. Apply to E. P. JOHNSON, No. 55 Liberty-st.

**WANTED TO RENT—IN THE NINTH** Ward, a first or second floor, by a small family of adults. Address D. P., Box No. 118 *Times* Office.

## AUCTION SALES.

**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT** on MONDAY, Feb. 24, 1873, at 12 M., at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New-York, I will sell at auction, by Muller, Wilkins & Co., auctioneers, 5,000 shares of the capital stock of the Portage Lake and Lake Superior Ship Canal Company, par $100 each; 278 mortgage bonds of the Lake Superior Ship Canal, Railroad, and Iron Company, $1,000 each; 108 mortgage bonds of the Decatur, Sullivan and Mattoon Railroad Company, $1,000 each, and 50 mortgage bonds of Chicago and Illinois Southern Railroad Company, $1,000 each. For further particulars apply to THEODORE M. DAVIS,
Receiver of the Ocean National Bank,
No. 19 Nassau-st., New-York City.

JOHN H. DRAPER & CO., Auctioneers.

**THE DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA** and Western Railroad Company will sell
90,000 TONS SCRANTON COAL,
at public auction on WEDNESDAY, Feb. 26, at 12 o'clock noon, at No. 26 Exchange-place.
SAMUEL SLOAN, President.

## BANKRUPT NOTICES.

**IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE** United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of ROBERT BAILE, bankrupt.—In bankruptcy.—Before Mr. Henry Wilder Allen, Register in Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Robert Baile, of Jersey City, in the County of Hudson and State of New-Jersey, who has carried on business for the six months next immediately preceding the filing of the petition herein in the City of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, upon the petition of his creditors, by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York Feb. 20, 1873.
GEO. DUNCAN, Assignee.
f22-law3wSa No. 106 Duane-st., New-York City.

**IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE** United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of WILLIAM H. BUCKNAM and JAMES A. WOTTON, Jr., bankrupts.—In Bankruptcy.—Before James F. Dwight, Esq., Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of William H. Bucknam and James A. Wotton, Jr., composing the firm of William H. Bucknam & Company, in the City, County, and State of New-York, within said district, who have been adjudged bankrupts, upon the petition of their creditors, by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, Feb. 21, 1873.
JOHN J. THOMASSON, Assignee,
f22-law3wS No. 20 Nassau-st., New-York City.

**IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE** United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of THOMAS WELDON, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Isaiah T. Williams, Esq., Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Thomas Weldon, of New-York City, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York City the 21st day of February, A. D. 1873.
ALBERT CORNELL, Assignee,
f22-law3wS* Nos. 79 and 81 Leonard-st., New-York City.

**IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE** United States for the District of New-Jersey.—In the matter of SAMUEL SNEDEN and LEONARD B. SNEDEN, bankrupts.—In Bankruptcy.—Before S. S. Morris, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Samuel Sneden and Leonard B. Sneden, composing the late firm of Sneden Brothers, of Hackensack, in County of Bergen, and State of New-Jersey, within said district, who have been adjudged bankrupts upon a creditor's petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated Hackensack, N. J., Feb. 19, A. D. 1873.
R. P. TERHUNE, Assignee,
f22-law3wS* Hackensack, N. J.

**IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE** United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of BERNHARD METZ, JOSEPH METZ, and LOUIS CLEVE, bankrupts.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Mr. James F. Dwight, Register in Bankruptcy.—Southern District of New-York, ss.: At the City of New-York, the 24th day of December, 1872.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate and effects of Bernhard Metz, Joseph Metz, and Louis Cleve, of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, within said district, who have been adjudged bankrupt upon a creditor's petition by the District Court of said district.
f22-law3wS* JOHN H. PLATT, Assignee.

**IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE** United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of BYRON SHERMAN and PORTER SHERMAN, bankrupts.—In Bankruptcy.—Before John Fitch, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Byron Sherman and Porter Sherman, of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, within said district, who have been adjudged bankrupts upon creditors' petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York City, the 4th day of February, A. D. 1873. C. H. WIGHT, Assignee,
f8-law3wS* No. 93 Chambers-st.

**NO. 3,853.**—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States, for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of WILLIAM T. HENDERSON, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of William T. Henderson, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, the 14th day of February, A. D., 1873. GEORGE H. CARY, Assignee,
f15-law3w-Sa* No. 63 Wall-st., New-York City.

## BANKRUPT NOTICES.

**THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON** the 18th day of February, A. D. 1873, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of DAVID M. GRIFFIN, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 44 Wall-street, in the City of New-York, before John Fitch, Register, on the 4th day of March, A. D. 1873, at 1 o'clock P. M.
GEORGE H. SHARPE, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger, Southern District of New-York.

**IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE** United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of THE REDFIELD & RICE MANUFACTURING COMPANY, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—This is to give notice that, by an indenture bearing date the 31st day of December, A. D. 1872, The Redfield & Rice Manufacturing Company of the City of New-York has conveyed and assigned all its estate and effects whatsoever to Charles H. Woodbury as trustee, upon trust for the benefit of all the creditors of the said The Redfield & Rice Manufacturing Company, and that said conveyance was duly executed according to the provisions of the 43d section of the Bankrupt act of March 2, 1867.—Dated the 31st day of December, A. D. 1872.
CHARLES H. WOODBURY, Trustee.
f8-law3wSa*

**IN BANKRUPTCY.—ASSIGNEE'S SALE.**—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned will sell the personal property and assets of the LODI PRINT WORKS not previously disposed of, consisting of horses, harness, carts, wagons, chemicals, dye-stuffs, and other materials, and also certain claims of said Lodi Print Works against their debtors, at public auction, at the premises of said Lodi Print Works, at Lodi, Bergen County, N. J., on FRIDAY, the 28th day of February, 1873, at 2 o'clock P. M.—Dated Feb. 17, 1873. NATHAN HOBART,
Assignee of the Lodi Print Works, Bankrupts.

## LEGAL NOTICES.

**SUPREME COURT, CITY AND COUNTY** of New-York.—EDMUND TITUS, plaintiff, against LEOPOLD BOHM and JULIE, his wife, Jacob Pollens, Christian Eberspacher, Nicholas Seger, Frank Schaeffler, John Becker, Thomas Byrnes, Max Ebler, George Hennrich, William Groschee, Francis Mehan, —— Russell, Alfonse Sommer, Jacob Arens, Louis Delhomme, Samuel Forsyth, Charles E. Innes, Elias Cohen, Frederick Otto, Alvin Kuhn, Randolph W. Townsend, Anthony B. Dyett, and Henry Goldsmith, defendants.—Summons—For relief.—Com. not served.—To the defendants above named: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the new Court-house, in said City, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, No. 36 Pine-street, New-York City, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated New-York, Jan. 4, 1873.
WILSON M. POWELL, Plaintiff's Attorney,
No. 36 Pine-street.

The complaint in the above-entitled action was duly filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the new Court-house, in said City, on the 4th day of January, 1873.
WILSON M. POWELL, Plaintiff's Attorney.
ja18-law6wS*

**SUPREME COURT—CITY AND COUNTY** OF NEW-YORK.—CATHERINE A. GEORGE, plaintiff, against DANIEL GEORGE, defendant.—Summons.—For Relief.—To the defendant: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, of which a copy is herewith served upon you, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office, No. 54 William-street, in the City of New-York, within twenty days after the service hereof, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated New-York, Feb. 13, 1873. MIDDLEBROOK & PHILLIPS,
Plaintiff's Attorneys,
No. 54 William-st., New-York City.

The complaint in the above-entitled action was, on the 14th day of February, 1873, duly filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the City Hall in the City of New-York.—Dated New-York, Feb. 14, 1873.
MIDDLEBROOK & PHILLIPS,
Plaintiff's Attorneys,
ja15-law6wS* No. 54 William-st., New-York City.

**SUPREME COURT.—CITY, COUNTY,** and State of New-York.—SELIGMAN ROTHSCHILD and HENRY FRANKEL against N. L. GOLDSTONE.—Summons.—To the Defendant: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the clerk of the City and County of New-York at the New Court-house, in said City, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office, No. 320 Broadway, in the City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiffs in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of two hundred and six dollars, with interest from the 3d day of January, 1873, besides the costs of this action.—Dated New-York, Jan. 9, 1873.
BLUMENSTIEL & ASCHER,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

The complaint in the above entitled action was filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, on the 16th day of January, 1873.
BLUMENSTIEL & ASCHER,
Plaintiffs' Attorney,
ja18-law6wS* No. 320 Broadway, New-York City.

**NEW-YORK SUPREME COURT.**—WILLIAMINE MARK, plaintiff, against JOHN NEWTON SEARS, defendant.—Summons.—For a money demand on contract.—To the defendant above named: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, of which a copy will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the new County Court-house, in said City, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office, No. 294 Broadway, New-York City, within twenty days after the service hereof, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of one hundred and fifty ($150) dollars, with interest from the 21st day of December, 1870, besides the costs of this action.—Dated New-York, Jan. 22, 1873.
SAMUEL D. SEWARDS, Plaintiff's Attorney,
No. 294 Broadway, New-York City.

The complaint in the above-entitled action was filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the new County Court-house, in said City, on the 21st day of February, 1873.
S. D. SEWARDS, Plaintiff's Attorney,
No. 294 Broadway, New-York City.

**LITTLE, HORACE, ET AL.—SU-**preme Court, New-York County.—CHAUNCY T. BOWEN, plaintiff, against HORACE LITTLE and JOSEPH S. HYDE, defendants.—Summons for a money demand on contract.—(Com. not ser.)—To the defendants: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the City of New-York, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office, No. 90 Broadway, New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of four thousand seven hundred and thirty dollars and fifty-four cents, with interest from the 1st day of December, 1872, besides the costs and disbursements of this action.—Dated 14th December, 1872.
STRONG & SHEPARD,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

The complaint in the above entitled action was duly filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, on the 3d day of February, 1873.
STRONG & SHEPARD,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

**SUPREME COURT—COUNTY OF NEW-**York.—WILLIAM J. DAVISON against CATHERINE McCABE, Daniel McCabe, her husband, Gilbert Leavy, Bernard Leavy, John Leavy, Elizabeth, his wife, Mary Blake, Ellen Leavy, and Thomas Leavy.—Summons.—For Relief.—(Com. not ser.)—To the defendants: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which was filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of New-York, in the State of New-York, at the Court-house in the City of New-York, on the 18th day of January, 1873, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, No. 51 Chambers-street, in the City of New-York aforesaid, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated Jan. 21, 1873.
SOLOMON F. HIGGINS,
ja24-law6wS* Plaintiff's Attorney.

**SURROGATE'S COURT, COUNTY OF** New-York.—Administration on the personal estate of PIERRE BERNARD BERGES, deceased, having heretofore been granted to Marie Victoire Berges and others by competent authority at Bordeaux, in the Republic of France, the place of domicil of said deceased, and administration on the personal estate of said deceased in the County of New-York having been applied for by Charles A. Du Vivier, notice is hereby given to all creditors of said deceased, resident in the State of New-York, to present their claims to the said Charles A. Du Vivier, at the office of Coudert Brothers, No. 40 Wall-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 4th day of August, 1873, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of which day, and at which hour, the application aforesaid will be heard by the Surrogate of the County of New-York, at his office in the New County Court-house, in the City of New-York.—Dated New-York, Jan. 24, 1873.
ROBERT C. HUTCHINGS, Surrogate.
jan25-law6mF*

## PUBLIC NOTICES.

**THE UNDERSIGNED, RECEIVER OF** the Corporation known as the American Chemical Works, appointed by order of the Supreme Court, hereby gives notice, pursuant to the statute in such case provided, that all persons indebted to said corporation render an account of the debts and sums of money owing by them to such corporation, and pay the same to me, that all persons having in their possession any property or effects of said corporation deliver the same to the undersigned, and that all creditors of said corporation, or persons holding any open or subsisting contract therewith, deliver and present the same in writing and detail to me as such Receiver, on or before the 28th day of March, 1873, at my office, No. 265 Broadway, in the City of New-York.
GEORGE CAULFIELD, Receiver, &c.
f8-law3wS

## BUSINESS CHANCES.

**THE OWNER OF A VALUABLE** dock and business has been advised by his physician to quit business on account of poor health. Those having capital, and wishing to engage in a good paying business, will get all the particulars by addressing C., Williamsburg Post-office.

**CLOTHING TRADE.—ONE OF THE** largest, soundest, and best cash retail trades in the City for sale, with or without stock, with lease, fixtures, &c. Respectable intending buyers only address X Z., *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st.

**FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS LAGER,** wines, and saloon business, (day,) cheap; down-town. Address A. B. S., Box No. 157 *Times* Office.

## SITUATIONS WANTED.

**FEMALES.**

**ADVERTISEMENTS ARE RECEIVED** FOR THE NEW-YORK TIMES
At the "Times" Up-Town Office,
No. 54½ West 32d-st., junction Broadway and 6th-av.
And the "Times" West-Side Office,
No. 308 West 23d-st., corner of 8th-av.
NO EXTRA CHARGE WHATEVER.

**CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.**—By a neat and tidy German girl, in a private family; has good references, and understands her business thoroughly. Can be seen at No. 138 6th-av., over drug-store.

**COOK.—BY A NEAT AND TIDY GIRL, A** situation in a private family; can do cooking in all its branches; no objection to the country; has good references. Can be seen at No. 138 6th-av., over drug-store.

**COOK.—BY A MOST COMPETENT COOK,** in a private family or restaurant; thoroughly understands her business; City or country. Call at No. 621 6th-av., first floor.

**GIRLS OF ALL NATIONALITIES** may hear of good situations at Mrs. STOCKWELL'S Intelligence Office, No. 1,303 Broadway.

**HOUSE-WORK.—BY A NEAT AND TIDY** Protestant girl, a situation in a small private family; no objection to the country. Can be seen at No. 138 6th-av., over drug-store.

**HOUSE-WORK.—BY A GOOD, GERMAN** woman, to do general house-work; is a good cook, washer, and ironer. Apply at No. 127 Norfolk-st., at M. Hald's.

**LADIES SUPPLIED WITH FIRST-**class help by applying at Mrs. STOCKWELL'S Intelligence Office, No. 1,303 Broadway.

**LAUNDRESS.—BY A FIRST-CLASS LAUN-**dress, (Protestant,) thoroughly experienced; best City references. No. 140 West 19th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

**LAUNDRESS.—BY A RESPECTABLE** Scotch girl as first-class laundress in a private family; best City reference. Call at No. 228 East 12th-st., third floor, back.

**NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS OR** Maid.—By a first-rate girl, who is a good seamstress and plain hair-dresser; is obliging; can give references. Call at No. 621 6th-av., first floor.

**MALES.**

**BY A YOUNG MAN OF EDUCATION,** business acquirements of high grade, of unexceptionable habits, is open for a financial, business or trust situation; can furnish capital if necessary; references A 1; prefers promotion to salary. Address INTEGRITY, Box No. 2,426 Post-office.

**BUTLER.—BY AN ENGLISH BUTLER;** has acted as steward or head waiter; also as a single-hand waiter; has excellent references. Address Butler, *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d st.

**COACHMAN, GARDENER, WAITER,** &c.—Cook.—By a married couple, one child aged seven months; or would live in a cottage; is a good driver and groom; can also wait on table, milk, tend furnace, &c.; wife is an experienced cook; best City reference. Apply at 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

**COACHMAN.—BY A YOUNG COLORED** man, married, as coachman and groom in a private family; an experienced driver, and strictly temperate; good references. Address E. J. S., No. 3 East 44th-st., near 5th-av.

**COACHMAN.—BY A YOUNG MAN AS** coachman, or coachman and groom; several years' reference from his last place. Call or address D. D., No. 122 West 15th-st.

**COACHMAN.—BY A YOUNG MAN,** Scotch; understands his business thoroughly; leaving on account of family going to Europe. Call on W. G., No. 119 East 41st-st.

**FARMER.—BY A PROTESTANT MAN, OF** long experience. Only those in want of an able man may address J. J. J., Box No. 189 *Times* Office.

**GARDENER.—BY A COMPETENT FIRST-**class man, English, married, no family; references obtained on interview, or may be had of F. W. Hotchkiss, Esq., last employer. Address D. Beer, Elizabeth Post-office, N. J.

**GARDENER.—BY A FIRST-CLASS YOUNG** man; Protestant, married, no family; understands his business in all its branches; will be disengaged on the 1st of March; best of reference. Address Box No. 173 Post-office, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

**GARDENER.—BY A PROTESTANT** young man (married) as first-class gardener; understands green-houses and graperies, fruits and vegetables; has six years' reference from last employer. Address Gardener, Box No. 204 *Times* Office.

**GARDENER.—A GENTLEMAN WISHES** a situation for his gardener, (married,) who has a thorough practical knowledge of the business in every department. Apply to Geo. H. Potts, No. 118 Broadway.

**USEFUL MAN.—BY A SINGLE MAN,** aged thirty years, with good recommendations; is a good driver, also groom, and can keep carriages and harness in nice order; will assist in gardening, and be generally useful. Apply at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

**USEFUL MAN.—BY A RESPECTABLE** Swede; speaks fair English; can care horses, drive, milk, assist in gardening and general work about the house; good recommendations. Apply at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th av.

**WANTED.—THE YOUNG MEN'S CHRIS-**tian Association requests merchants, bankers, manufacturers, and business men generally, who are in want of book-keepers, entry clerks, salesmen, office clerks, copyists, office boys, porters, &c., to make application to WILLIAM F. LEE, Chairman Employment Committee, corner 23d-st. and 4th-av.

## HELP WANTED.

**WANTED—A GARDENER FOR A LARGE** place fifteen miles from New-York; must be single, understand his business, not afraid of work, and have good references. Address Post-office Box No. 780 New-York.

**WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS COOK IN A** small private family; must have best City reference. Call Friday and Saturday at No. 30 East 60th-st., 2 to 5 o'clock.

**WANTED—A WET-NURSE CAN HEAR** of a good situation by applying at No. 85 Marion-st., from 10 until 2 o'clock.

## COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

**NOTICE.**

The copartnership of WARREN, BROUGHTON & WYMAN is this day dissolved, Mr. BROUGHTON, by mutual consent, retiring from the business. The accounts of said firm will be settled by the other partners.
I. P. WARREN,
JOHN G. BROUGHTON,
WM. W. WYMAN.
NEW-YORK, Feb. 20, 1873.

The undersigned have, this day, formed a copartnership under the name and firm of WARREN & WYMAN, for the purpose of continuing the business heretofore conducted by Warren, Broughton & Wyman, at No. 13 Bible House, New-York.

It will be their aim to offer a choice collection of the best religious books, tracts, cards, texts, &c., of their own and others' publishing, for the use of individuals, families, Sunday-schools, &c. They respectfully ask the patronage of their former friends and the public.
I. P. WARREN,
WM. W. WYMAN.
NEW-YORK, Feb. 20, 1873.

The subscriber takes great pleasure in commending to his friends and acquaintances in the book-trade, and to others, his late associates, with whom he has been so long and pleasantly connected in business, and cordially bespeaks for them a continuance of the patronage heretofore enjoyed by us.
JOHN G. BROUGHTON.
NEW-YORK, Feb. 20, 1873.

**DISSOLUTION.—THE COPARTNERSHIP** heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm of CHARLES DORTIC, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Either partner will sign the name of the firm in liquidation.
CHAS. DORTIC,
ELSDEN A. MORRIS.
NEW-YORK, Feb. 15, 1873.

COPARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the style of MORRIS & BUCHAN, and will continue the business of the late firm of CHARLES DORTIC at No. 30 Water-st.
ELSDEN A. MORRIS,
JAMES BUCHAN, JR.
NEW-YORK, Feb. 15, 1873.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

**BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS.**—"H. R. H. Prince Albert Victor thrives so well upon it that it must be very good."—T. M. Kendall, medical attendant to H. R. H. the Princess of Wales. "This food resembles mother's milk as closely as possible."—Dr. H. Barker on "Right Foods for Infants." "Highly nourishing, and easily digested."—Dr. Hassall. It combines the most valuable flesh and bone-forming substances, and differs essentially from other farinaceous foods which, being quite unable to afford proper nourishment to a growing infant, frequently lead to a rickety and idiotic condition.

Savory & Moore's preparation has also the advantage of being freed from the ground husk of the corn, which produces irritation of the bowels and intractable diarrhea. No boiling or straining required. Sold in tins prepared by SAVORY & MOORE, No. 143 New Bond-st., London. Procurable of all chemists, druggists, and store-keepers throughout the States.

**EDWARD H. DIXON, M. D., HAS RE-**moved his private hospital to the vicinity of his residence, No. 42 Fifth-av. Spacious apartments and competent nurses are provided for those who require careful dietetics or constant surgical attendance. Specialty: The more obscure diseases of the Pelvic Viscera; Hernia and its radical cure; Stricture and its associate disease, Irritability of the Bladder; Varicocele, Hemorrhoids, Fistula and its consequences. Consultations at Dr. D.'s residence from 8 to 9, 1 to 2, and 7 to 9, evenings.

**TAPE WORM REMOVED IN A FEW** hours, with head complete; no fee asked until the head passes; medicine perfectly harmless, being purely vegetable. Botanic depot No. 5 3d-av. C. W. EASTWOOD, Proprietor.

**GUERLAIN, NO. 15 RUE DE LA** PAIX, PARIS.—Ambrosial cream for shaving; fashionable perfumes for the handkerchief; Eau Lustrale for the hair; Eau de Cologne, (preparation speciale.)

**JOHN RUSS,**
AGENT AND GENERAL COLLECTOR,
Post-office Box No. 694, Montreal, Canada.

**CASTOR OIL—CAN BE TAKEN AGREE-**ably and easily in DUNDAS, DICK & CO.'S SOFT CAPSULES. No taste, no smell. Contain no Croton-oil. Sold by your druggist.

## MARBLE MANTELS.

**S. KLABER & CO., STEAM MARBLE-**works, No. 223 West 41st-st., between Broadway and 8th-av. Marble and marbleized mantels, monuments, head stones, of superior workmanship, at very low prices.

**STEWART'S SLATE MANTELS, RICH** and elegant designs; slate work of every description; marble and wood mantels. T. B. STEWART & CO., No. 220 and 222 West 23d st., near 7th-av.

## SHIPPING.

### WHITE STAR LINE,

FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL, CARRYING THE

**UNITED STATES MAIL.**

NEW AND FULL-POWERED STEAM-SHIPS, sailing from New-York on SATURDAYS, from Liverpool on THURSDAYS, calling at Cork Harbor each way.

CELTIC........SATURDAY, Feb. 22, at 1 P. M.
ATLANTIC.......SATURDAY, Mar. 1, at 7:30 A. M.
REPUBLIC.......SATURDAY, Mar. 8, at 1 P. M.
ADRIATIC.......SATURDAY, Mar. 15, at 3 P. M.
BALTIC.........SATURDAY, Mar. 22, at 12 M.

From White Star Dock, Pavonia Ferry, Jersey City.

Passenger accommodations (for all classes) unrivaled, combining

**SAFETY, SPEED AND COMFORT.**

Saloon, State-rooms, Smoking-room and Bath-rooms in MIDSHIP section, where least motion is felt. Surgeons and stewardesses accompany these steamers.

Rates—Saloon, $80, gold; (for sailings after 1st April, $100 gold;) steerage, $30, currency. Those wishing to send for friends from the old country can now obtain steerage prepaid certificates, $32, currency.

Passengers booked to or from all parts of America, to Paris, Hamburg, Norway, Sweden, India, Australia, China, &c.

Drafts from £1 upward.

For inspection of plans and other information apply at the Company's offices, No. 19 Broadway, New-York. J. H. SPARKS, Agent.

### NATIONAL LINE

OF STEAM-SHIPS.

WEEKLY TO QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.
FORTNIGHTLY TO LONDON DIRECT.
From Piers Nos. 44 and 47 North River.

TO QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.
FRANCE, THOMSON.....Wed'day, Feb. 26, at 3 P. M.
SPAIN, GRACE.........Wed'day, Mar. 5, at 9 A. M.
ITALY, THOMPSON......Wed'day, Mar. 12, at 3 P. M.
TO LONDON DIRECT.
DENMARK, SUMNER.....Saturday, March 8, at 12 M.

These steam-ships are

**THE LARGEST IN THE TRADE.**

Cabin passage..........$75 and $65, currency
Steerage...............$32, currency

Prepaid steerage tickets from Liverpool, Queenstown, Londonderry, Glasgow, Cardiff, Bristol, or London.

**CHEAPER THAN BY ANY OTHER LINE.**

For further information apply at the Company's office, No. 69 Broadway. F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

### CUNARD LINE.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAM-SHIPS, BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

FROM NEW-YORK.
Abyssinia, Wed., Feb. 26. | Parthia, Wed., March 19.
Algeria, Wed'day, March 5. | *Cuba, Wed., March 26.
Calabria, Wed., March 12. | Abyssinia, Wed., April 2.

And every following WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY from New-York.

Steamers marked thus * do not carry steerage passengers.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

Cabin, $80, $100, and $130, gold, according to accommodation.

Tickets to Paris, $15, gold, additional.

Return tickets on favorable terms.

Steerage.......$30, currency

Steerage tickets from Liverpool and Queenstown and all parts of Europe at lowest rates.

Through bills of lading given for Belfast, Glasgow, Havre, Antwerp, and other ports on the Continent, and for Mediterranean ports.

For freight and cabin passage apply at the Company's office, No. 4 Bowling-green.

For steerage passage, at No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building. CHAS. G. FRANCKLYN, Agent.

### ANCHOR LINE.

EXPRESS STEAMERS SAIL FROM PIER NO. 20 NORTH RIVER, NEW-YORK.

ANGLIA...Sat., Feb. 22 | EUROPA.......Sat., Mar. 1
ITALIA...Wed., Feb. 26 | CALEDONIA..Wed., Mar. 5

Passengers booked and forwarded to and from any railway station in Great Britain, Ireland, Germany, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, or America, as safely, speedily, comfortably, and cheaply as any other route or line. Tickets, drafts or certificates can be bought at lowest currency rates by applying at the Company's offices, No. 7 Bowling-green. HENDERSON BROTHERS, Agents.

**INMAN LINE FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.**

Royal Mail Steamers are appointed to sail as follows:

CITY OF PARIS.......Saturday, Feb. 22, 1 P. M.
CITY OF MONTREAL....Saturday, Mar. 1, 7 A. M.
CITY OF BROOKLYN....Saturday, Mar. 8, 2 P. M.
CITY OF BRUSSELS....Saturday, Mar. 15, 3 P. M.
CITY OF ANTWERP.....Saturday, Mar. 22, 12 M.
CITY OF NEW-YORK....Thursday, Mar. 27, 2 P. M.

and each succeeding SATURDAY and THURSDAY, from Pier No. 45 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

CABIN, $75 and $80, gold, according to accommodations. Round trip tickets at low rates.

STEERAGE, to Liverpool, Queenstown, Glasgow, Londonderry, London, Bristol or Cardiff, $30 currency. Prepaid certificates, $32.

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Sweden, Norway, Denmark and Paris, at reduced rates.

Drafts issued at lowest rates.

For Cabin Passage and general business apply at the Company's office, No. 15 Broadway.

For Steerage Passage, at No. 32 Broadway. JOHN G. DALE, Agent.

Or to O'DONNELL & FAULK, No. 402 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia.
M. S. CREAGH, No. 102 State-st., Boston.
F. C. BROWN, No. 86 South Market-st., Chicago.

**ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.**

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAM-SHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.

The splendid vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50 North River as follows:

ST. LAURENT......LEMARIE...Saturday, Feb. 22
PEREIRE..........DANRE....Saturday, March 8
VILLE DE PARIS...SURMONT.Saturday, March 22
ST. LAURENT......LEMARIE.Saturday, April 5

PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD (including wine) TO BREST OR HAVRE.
First cabin..........$125 | Second cabin.........$75

Excursion tickets at reduced rates.

These steamers do not carry steerage passengers.

American travelers going to or returning from the Continent of Europe, by taking the steamers of this line, avoid both transit by English railway and the discomforts of crossing the Channel, besides saving time, trouble, and expense.

GEORGE MACKENZIE, Agent, No. 58 Broadway.

**FOR LIVERPOOL.**

(VIA QUEENSTOWN.) CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAILS.

THE LIVERPOOL AND GREAT WESTERN STEAM COMPANY will dispatch one of their first-class full-power iron screw steam-ships from PIER NO. 46 NORTH RIVER, EVERY WEDNESDAY, as follows:

WYOMING, Capt. PRICE........Feb. 26, at 3 P. M.
IDAHO, Capt. MORGAN.........Mar. 5, at 10 A. M.
MINNESOTA, Capt. T. F. FREEMAN. Mar. 12, at 3 P. M.
MANHATTAN, Capt. PRICE, JR...Mar. 19, at 9 A. M.
WISCONSIN, Capt. T. W. FREEMAN Mar. 26, at 3 P. M.
NEVADA, Capt. FORSYTH........April 2, at 9 A. M.

Cabin passage, $80, gold.

Steerage passage, (Office No. 29 Broadway,) $30, currency.

For freight or cabin passage apply to WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 63 Wall-st.

**PACIFIC MAIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY'S LINE TO**

### CALIFORNIA, JAPAN AND CHINA,

VIA PANAMA, CARRYING MAILS, PASSENGERS, AND FREIGHT TO ASPINWALL, PANAMA, SANTA MARTHA, GREYTOWN, AND PACIFIC COAST OF MEXICO, CENTRAL AMERICA, PERU, AND CHILI.

Steamers leave 10th, 20th, and 30th of each month, except when those dates fall on Sunday, then the day previous.

March 1, 1873—Steamer RISING STAR, Capt. S. P. GRIFFIN, will leave Pier No. 42 North River at 12 o'clock noon for Aspinwall direct, connecting at Panama with the steamer COSTA RICA, Capt. LAPIDGE, touching at Acapulco and San Diego, and also connecting for all Central American and South Pacific ports. Departures of 10th and 20th each month connect with the Company's steamer, touching at San Benito, Tonala, Salina Cruz, and Port Angel.

Steamer JAPAN will leave San Francisco March 1, 1873, for Japan and China. For rates of passage, freight, and all further information apply at Company's office on the pier, foot of Canal-st. F. R. BABY, Agent.

### ATLAS STEAM-SHIP COMP'Y

UNITED STATES MAIL LINE.

MONTHLY SERVICE TO JAMAICA, VENEZUELA, WEST INDIES, AND SPANISH MAIN.

The Company's first-class iron steamers will be dispatched (unless prevented by unforeseen circumstances) with the mails, as under:

The steam-ship CLARIBEL, Capt. BAYLEY, for Turks Island, Kingston, (Jamaica,) and Savanilla, will be dispatched on the 25th inst.

The steam-ship ST. THOMAS, Capt. DRAKEFORD, for Port-au-Prince, Curacoa, Laguayra, and Puerto Cabello will be dispatched on the 26th inst.

Loading berth, Pier No. 13, N. R. For freight or passage apply to PIM, FORWOOD & CO., Agents, No. 56 Wall-st.

**RED BALL LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, RATES OF PASSAGE REDUCED.**

NEW-YORK TO DEMERARA.

Calling at St. Thomas and Barbadoes to land mails and passengers. These first-class, full-powered iron steamers are intended to sail from Pier No. 18 East River, as follows:

LAGOS, Cawanth..........Feb. —
MANDINGO, Spence.......Saturday, Mar. 15
AND EVERY THREE WEEKS THEREAFTER.

These steamers are specially adapted to tropical service, have large state-rooms, bath-rooms and superior ventilation, and take only first-class passengers. A limited amount of cargo will be taken. HORNSTEDT & GARTHORNE, Owners, No. 70 South-st., New-York. For freight or passage apply to E. E. MORGAN'S SONS, 70 South-st., N. Y.

**NOTICE TO TRAVELERS.**

Families or gentlemen going to travel on the Continent of Europe, who can afford the expense of a courier, should never leave Paris without one. Their services are invaluable in relieving the traveler from multiplicity of cares and troubles respecting passports, examination and conveyance of luggage, in securing the best accommodation, in protecting the traveler from imposition and an infinity of annoyances, to which they are exposed in various parts of the Continent. Competent and trustworthy couriers and traveling servants may always be obtained by applying to the COURIER SOCIETY, No. 3 Rue d'Alger, near the Tuileries Garden, Paris.

## SHIPPING.

### THE GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C., THE FLORIDA PORTS, AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.

Sailing every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, from Pier No. 29 North River, at 3 P. M.

The steam-ships

CHARLESTON, Capt. JAS. BERRY, Tuesday, Feb. 18.
SOUTH CAROLINA, Capt. T. J. BECKETT, Thursday, Feb. 20.
CHAMPION, Capt. R. W. LOCKWOOD, Saturday, Feb. 22.

Superior accommodations for passengers. Through passage tickets and bills of lading issued in connection with the South Carolina Railroads to all points South and South-west, and over the North-eastern Railroad to Florence, Cheraw, and all points on the Cheraw and Darlington Railroad, and with steamers to Florida ports. Insurance by this line ONE-HALF PER CENT. Goods forwarded free of commission. Bills of lading furnished and signed at the office. Local Passenger and Freight Office, No. 177 West-st., corner of Warren-st.

HENRY R. MORGAN & CO., Agents.

For through freight tariff, or further information in reference to through business, apply to BENTLEY D. HASELL, General Agent Great Southern Freight Line, No. 317 Broadway.

**FOR SAVANNAH, GA.,**

THE FLORIDA PORTS, AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.

GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA AND ATLANTIC AND GULF RAILROAD.

TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS AND SATURDAYS.

THE STEAM-SHIPS

MONTGOMERY, Capt. FAIRCLOTH, SATURDAY, Feb. 22, from Pier No. 13 North River, at 3 P. M.
R. LOWDEN, Agent, No. 93 West-st.

SAN JACINTO, Capt. HAZARD, SATURDAY, Feb. 22, from Pier No. 8 North River, at 3 P. M.
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent, No. 5 Bowling-green.

VIRGO, Capt. BULKLEY, TUESDAY, Feb. 25, from Pier No. 16 East River, at 3 P. M.
MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., Agents, No. 62 South-st.

HERMAN LIVINGSTON, Capt. CHEESEMAN, THURSDAY, Feb. 27, from Pier No. 8 North River, at 3 P. M.
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent, No. 5 Bowling-green.

Insurance by this line ONE-HALF PER CENT.

Superior accommodations for passengers.

Through rates and bills of lading in connection with Central Railroad of Georgia, to all points.

Through rates and bills of lading in connection with the Atlantic and Gulf Freight line.

C. D. OWENS, Agent A. & G. R. R., No. 229 Broadway. | GEORGE YONGE, Agent C. R. R., No. 409 Broadway.

**FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL.**

RATES OF FREIGHT REDUCED.

UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.

REGULAR MAIL STEAMERS sailing on the 23d of every month.

SOUTH AMERICA, Capt. TINKLEPAUGH.....Feb. 21
ONTARIO, Capt. SLOCUM.................March 23
MERRIMACK, Capt. WEIR................April 23

These splendid steamers sail on schedule time, and call at St. Thomas, Para, Pernambuco, Bahia, and Rio de Janeiro, going and returning. For engagements of freight or passage, apply to

WM. R. GARRISON, Agent, No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

**DIRECT LINE TO HAVANA.**

HAVANA, PROGRESO AND VERA CRUZ.

New-York and Mexican Mail Steam-ship Line, leaving Pier 3 N. River, at 3 P. M., every Thursday.

WILMINGTON, (Havana only,)..........Feb. 20
CITY OF MERIDA, (Havana and Mexico,)....Feb. 27
CITY OF HAVANA, (Havana only,)........March 6
CLEOPATRA, (Havana only,)............March 13

For freight or passage apply to F. ALEXANDRE & SONS, No. 33 Broadway.

EXTRA STEAMER.—Steamer CLEOPATRA will sail for Havana on SATURDAY, Feb. 22.

**FOR NASSAU.**

The steamer CLEOPATRA, Capt. PHILLIPS, will sail for Nassau on SATURDAY, Feb. 22.

For freight or passage apply to F. ALEXANDRE & SONS, No. 33 Broadway.

**UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.**—United States passports, indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Passport Agent, No. 91 Duane-st., corner Broadway.

## RAILROADS.

### PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Trains leave New-York, from foot of Desbrosses and Cortlandt sts., as follows:

Express for Harrisburg, Pittsburg, the West, and South, with Pullman Palace Cars attached, 9:30 A. M., 5, 7, and 8:30 P. M. Sunday, 5, 7, 8:30 P. M.

For Baltimore, Washington, and the South at 9 A. M., 1, 9 P. M. Sunday, 9 P. M.

Express for Philadelphia, 8, 9, 9:30 A. M., 12:30, 1, 4, 5, 6, 8:30, 9 P. M., and 12 night. Sunday, 6, 8:30, and 9 P. M.

For Philadelphia, via Kensington, at 7 A. M. and 2 P. M.

Emigrant and second class, 7:15 P. M.

For Newark at 6, 6:30, 7, 7:40, 8:10, 9, 10, 11, 11:40 A. M., 12, 1, 2, 2:30, 3, 3:20, 3:40, 4:10, 4:30, 5:10, 5:20, 5:30, 5:50, 6, 6:10, 6:30, 7, 7:30, 8:10, 9, 10, 11:30, 12 P. M. Sunday, 5:20, 6, 8:10, 9 P. M.

For Elizabeth, 6, 6:30, 7, 7:40, 8, 8:10, 9, 10, 11, 11:40 A. M., 12, 12:30, 1, 2, 2:30, 3, 3:20, 3:40, 4, 4:10, 4:30, 5:20, 5:30, 5:50, 6, 6:10, 6:30, 7:30, 8:10, 10, 11:30, 12 P. M. Sunday, 5:20, 6, and 8:10 P. M.

For Rahway, 6, 6:30, 7, 8, 10, 9:30, and 10 A. M., 12 M., 1, 2, 2:30, 3, 3:20, 3:40, 4:10, 4:30, 5:20, 5:30, 5:50, 6, 6:30, 7:30, 8:10, 10 P. M., and 12 night. Sunday 5:20 and 6 P. M.

For Woodbridge and Perth Amboy, 6 and 10 A. M., 12 M., 2:30, 3:40, 4:30, and 5:50 P. M.

For New-Brunswick, 7, 10 A. M., 12 M., 1, 2, 3, 4:10, 5:20, 6, 9 P. M., and 12 night. Sunday 6 and 9 P. M.

For East Millstone, 7 A. M., 12 M., 4:10 and 5:20 P. M.

For Lambertville and Flemington, 9 A. M. and 2 P. M.

For Phillipsburg and Belvidere, 2 and 4 P. M.

Accommodation for Bordentown, Burlington, and Camden, 7 and 9:30 A. M., 12:30, 2, 3, 3:40, 4, and 6 P. M.

For Freehold, 7, 8 A. M., 2 and 4 P. M.

For Jamesburg, Pemberton, Camden, 6 A. M., 3:40 P. M.

Trains arrive as follows: From Pittsburg, 6:50 A. M., 1:02 P. M., daily; 10:14 A. M. and 6:34 P. M., daily, except Monday. From Washington and Baltimore, 6:40 A. M., 4:54, 10:12 P. M.; Sunday 6:40 A. M. From Philadelphia, 5:21, 6:50, 10:14, 11:04, 11:54 A. M., 2:14, 3:54, 6:04, 8:43 P. M.; Sunday, 5:21, 6:50, 11:04 A. M.

Ticket offices, Nos. 526, 435, 271, and 944 Broadway; No. 1 Astor House, and foot of Desbrosses and Cortlandt sts. Emigrant Ticket-office, No. 8 Battery-place.

A. J. CASSATT, General Manager. | D. M. BOYD, JR., Gen. Pass. Agent.

**NEW-YORK MIDLAND RAILWAY.**

WINTER ARRANGEMENT, taking effect Dec. 2, 1872.

Passenger depots foot Cortlandt and Desbrosses sts. as follows:

For New-Durham and Maywood—7, 9:10, 10:50 A. M.; 1, 4:30, 5:30, 6:20, and 11:30 P. M.

For Hackensack, Paterson, Hawthorne, Midland Park, and Wortendyke—7, 9:10, 10:50 A. M.; 1, 3:30, 4:30, 6:20, *11:30 P. M.

For Ridgefield Park, Bogota, Rochelle, Dundee Lake, Market Street, and Riverside—7, 10:50 A. M.; 1, 4:30, 5:30, 6:20, 11:30 P. M.

For Wyckoff, Pompton, and Montclair Junction—7, 9:10, 10:50 A. M.; 3:30, 4:30, 5:30 P. M.

For Campgaw, Oakland, Bloomingdale, and West Bloomingdale—7, 9:10, 10:50 A. M.; 4:30, 5:30 P. M.

For Smith Mills, Charlotteburg, Stockholm, Snufftown, Ogdensburg, and Quarryville—7, 9:10 A. M.; 4:30 P. M.

For New-Foundland, Franklin, Hamburg, Deckertown, Unionville, West Town, Johnson, Slate Hill, Middletown, and Bloomingburg—‡7, 9:10 A. M.; 3:30, ‡4:30 P. M.

For Pine Bush, Hunisboro, Fallsburg, Monticello, Liberty Falls, and Ellenville—9:10 A. M.; 3:30 P. M.

Returning, leave Liberty Falls at 6:55 A. M., 1:25 P. M.; Ellenville, 7:42 A. M., 2:15 P. M.; Middletown, 6, 8:55 A. M., 2:37, 5:45 P. M.; West Bloomingdale, 7, 8:20 A. M., 2:27, 4:05, 6:58, 10:50 P. M.; Wortendyke, 6:25, 7:27, 9, 11:22 A. M., 2:04 P. M.; Paterson, 5:42, 6:47, 7:55, 8:19, 11:38 A. M., 2:57, 4:24, 7:15, 11:12 P. M.

Arriving in New-York at 6:55, 8, 9:10, 10:20 A. M.; 12:50, 4:10, 5:40, 8:25 P. M., and 12:50 A. M.

MONTCLAIR DIVISION.

Trains leave New-York, foot Cortlandt and Desbrosses sts., for Montclair, Pompton, and intermediate stations, 9:10 A. M., 4:30 P. M. For Montclair and intermediate stations, 5:30 P. M. Arrive, 8 and 9:10 A. M., 4:10 P. M.

‡ Does not run beyond Middletown.
* Does not run beyond Hawthorne.
† Does not run beyond Bloomingburg.

C. W. DOUGLASS, Superintendent.
WM. H. WEED, General Ticket Agent.

**CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY**—Allentown Line to the West.—Passenger and Freight Depot in New-York, foot of Liberty-st.—Winter Arrangement—Commencing Dec. 16, 1872, leave New-York as follows:

6 A. M.—Way-train for Somerville.
7 A. M.—For Flemington, Easton, Bethlehem, Bath, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Pittston, Mahanoy City, Mt. Carmel, Hazleton, Towanda, &c., with through cars to Williamsport; connects at Junction with Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad.
9 A. M.—Morning Express, daily (except Sundays,) for Easton, Allentown, Harrisburg, and the West; connects at Somerville for Flemington; at Easton for Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Towanda, Waverley, &c.
10:15 A. M.—Way-train for Somerville.
12 M.—Way-train for Somerville.
12:50 P. M.—For Flemington, Easton, Bath, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Mahanoy City, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Reading, Columbia, Lancaster, Pottsville, Harrisburg, &c.
2:30 P. M.—For Easton, Bethlehem, and Allentown.
3:15 P. M.—For Plainfield.
4 P. M.—For Easton, Allentown, and Mauch Chunk; connects at Junction with Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad.
4:30 P. M.—For Somerville and Flemington.
5 P. M.—For Somerville.
5:15 P. M.—For Plainfield.
5:30 P. M.—Evening Express, daily, for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pittsburg, and Chicago.
6 and 6:45 P. M.—For Somerville.
7:30 P. M.—(Emigrant)—For Easton.
9 and 11 P. M.—For Plainfield.

For Elizabeth at 6, 6:40, 7, 7:15, 8, 8:45, 9, 9:30, 10:15, 11, 11:45 A. M.; 12 M., 12:50, 1, 2, 2:30, 3, 3:15, 3:45, 4, 4:15, 4:30, 4:45, 5, 5:15, 5:30, 5:45, 6, 6:20, 6:45, 7:15, 7:30, 8:10, 9, 10, 11, 12 P. M.

R. E. RICKER, Superintendent and Engineer.
H. P. BALDWIN, General Passenger Agent.

**LONG ISLAND RAILROAD COMPANY.**

Trains will leave James slip as follows. (Leave 34th-st., East River, fifteen minutes later.)

8:30 A. M.—Greenport Mail.
10:30 A. M.—Port Jefferson, Northport, Locust Valley, and Rockaway trains.
3 P. M.—Riverhead and Sag Harbor Express trains, (through to Greenport on Saturdays.)
4 P. M.—Port Jefferson, Northport, and Locust Valley Express.
5 P. M.—Hempstead Express.
6 P. M.—Northport and Rockaway Accommodation.

All trains connect at Jamaica with East New-York, and at Mineola with Hempstead.

**LONG ISLAND RAILROAD COMPANY.**

SUNDAY TRAINS
LEAVE HUNTER'S POINT.

9:30 A. M.—Port Jefferson, Northport, and Locust Valley excursion trains.
6 P. M.—Northport, Locust Valley, and Rockaway accommodation.

## RAILROADS.

**NEW-YORK, NEW-HAVEN, AND HARTFORD RAILROAD**

NEW-YORK AND NEW-HAVEN DIVISION.
WINTER ARRANGEMENT,
COMMENCING NOV. 21, 1872.

Passenger Station in New-York, Grand Central Depot. Entrance on 42d st.

TRAINS LEAVE NEW-YORK.

For New-Haven, 7:08, 8:08 (Ex.) 11:38 A. M.; 12:23 (Ex.) 3:08 (Ex.) 3:55, 4:38, 5:39, 8:08 (Ex.) and 9:10 (Ex.) P. M.

For Bridgeport, 7:08, 8:08 (Ex.) 9:08, 11:38 A. M.; 12:23 (Ex.) 3:08 (Ex.) 3:55, 4:38, 5:39, 8:08 (Ex.) and 9:10 (Ex.) P. M.

For Milford and Stratford, 7:08, 11:38 A. M.; 3:55, 4:38, and 5:39 P. M.

For Fairfield, Southport, and Westport, 7:08, 9:08, 11:38 A. M.; 3:55, 4:38, and 5:39 P. M.

For South Norwalk, 7:08, 8:08 (Ex.) 9:08, 11:38 A. M.; 12:23 (Ex.) 3:08 (Ex.) 3:55, 4:38 (Ex.) 5:39, 6:38, 8:08 (Ex.) and 9:10 (Ex.) P. M.

For Darien, 7:08, 9:08, 11:38 A. M.; 3:55, 4:38, 5:39, and 6:38 P. M.

For Stamford, 7:08, 8:08 (Ex.) 9:08, 10:08, 11:38 A. M.; 12:23 (Ex.) 2:22, 3:08 (Ex.) 3:55, 4:38 (Ex.) 4:53, 5:39, 6:03, 6:38, 7:22, 8:08 (Ex.) stopping at New-Rochelle and Port Chester, and 9:10 (Ex.) P. M., stopping at Mount Vernon, Mamaroneck, and Rye.

For Greenwich and intermediate stations, 7:08, 9:08, 10:08, 11:38 A. M.; 2:22, 3:55, 4:53, 5:39, 6:03, 6:38, 7:22 P. M.

Sunday mail-train leaves Grand Central Depot, 42d-st., New-York, at 7:08 P. M., for Boston, via Springfield line, stopping at New-Rochelle, Port Chester, Stamford, South Norwalk, and Bridgeport, and at 9:10 P. M., for Boston via Shore Line, stopping at Mount Vernon, Mamaroneck, and Rye.

CONNECTING TRAINS.

For Boston, via Springfield, 8:08 A. M.; 3:08 and 8:08 P. M.

For Boston, via Shore Line, 12:23, 9:10 P. M.

For Hartford and Springfield, 8:08 A. M.; 12:23, 3:08, and 8:08 P. M.

For Newport, R. I., 8:08 A. M.

For Connecticut River Railroad, 8:08 A. M., 12:23 P. M. to Greenfield; 3:08 P. M. to Montreal and White Mountains.

For Hartford, Providence, and Fishkill Railroad, 8:08 A. M.; 12:23 P. M.

For Shore Line Railway, at 8:08 A. M. to Norwich and Providence, 12:23, 3:08 to New-London and Norwich, and 9:10 P. M. Boston Ex.

For Connecticut Valley Railroad, 8:08 A. M. and 3:08 P. M.

For New-Haven and Northampton Railroad, 8:08 A. M.; 3:08 P. M. to Northampton and Williamsburg.

For New-Haven, Middletown, and Willimantic Railroad, (Air-line,) 8:08 A. M. and 3:08 P. M.

For Housatonic Railroad, 8:08 A. M. and 3:08 P. M.

For Naugatuck Railroad, 8:08 A. M., 3:08 P. M., and 4:38 P. M. to Waterbury.

For Danbury and Norwalk Railroad, 7:08, 8:08, and 9:08 A. M.; 12:23 and 4:38 P. M.

For Shepaug Valley Railroad, via Danbury and Norwalk R. R., 8:08 A. M. and 4:38 P. M.

For New-Canaan Railroad, 8:08 A. M.; 12:23, 4:38, and 5:39 P. M.

Commodious sleeping-cars attached to 8:08 and 9:10 P. M. trains, and also to Sunday Mail trains on either line. Drawing-room cars attached to the 8:08 A. M., 12:23, and 3:08 P. M. trains.

Passengers can procure tickets to any point reached over this road at the Grand Central Depot, corner 42d-st. and 4th-av.; also at the offices of the New-York Transfer Co., (Dodds' Express,) No. 944 Broadway, and No. 1 Court-st., Brooklyn; and by leaving suitable notice can have their baggage called for and checked from residence to destination.

JOHN T. MOODY, Sup't N. Y. & N. H. Div.

**NEW-YORK CENTRAL & HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.**

Commencing on Monday, Nov. 4, 1872. Through Trains will leave Grand Central Depot.

8.00 A. M., Chicago and Montreal Express, with drawing-room cars through to Rochester and St. Albans.
10.30 A. M., Special Chicago Express, with drawing-room cars to Buffalo and Niagara Falls.
10.45 A. M., Northern and Western Express.
3.40 P. M., Special Express for Albany and Troy.
4.00 P. M., Montreal Express, with sleeping-cars from New-York to St. Albans.
6.00 P. M., Express, daily, with sleeping-cars for Watertown and Canandaigua.
8.00 P. M., Pacific Express, with sleeping-cars for Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls; also, for Chicago via both L. S. and M. C. Railroads. This train runs on Sundays.
11.00 P. M., Express, with sleeping-cars for Troy and Albany.

C. H. KENDRICK, General Passenger Agent.

## RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

**BROOKLYN TABERNACLE,**

REV. T. DE WITT TALMAGE, D. D., PASTOR.

At the ACADEMY OF MUSIC TO-MORROW AND HEREAFTER, the Brooklyn Tabernacle Congregation will occupy the Academy of Music MORNING and EVENING, at 10½ and 7½, until their new church is built. Seats free.

**CALVARY BAPTIST CHURCH,** West 23d-st., between 5th and 6th avs.—Preaching by the Pastor, Rev. R. S. MACARTHUR, SUNDAY, Feb. 23, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Baptism at the close of the evening service.

**GRACE CHAPEL, IRVING HALL, IR**ving-place and 15th-st., Rev. JOHN W. KRAMER Pastor.—Services on SUNDAY at 11 A. M., 3½ P. M., and 7½ P. M. Lecture in the evening on *The Second Tour of Galilee.* Seats free.

**ANTHON MEMORIAL CHURCH.** 48th-st., west of 6th-av., Rev. R. HEBER NEWTON, Rector.—Services on SUNDAY at 10½, 3½, and 7½ o'clock. Sermon by the Rector in the morning; subject—*Woman's Work in the Church.* In the afternoon, children's church service: subject of sermon—*Job, the Hero of Patience.*

**ASSOCIATION HALL, CORNER 4TH-**av. and 23d-st.—Service of song SUNDAY EVENING at 7½ o'clock, followed by a short address by Rev. MANCIUS S. HUTTON, D. D. Devotional meetings for young men on THURSDAY EVENING at 8 o'clock, and SATURDAY EVENING at 8½ o'clock.

**ALL SAINTS' FREE CHURCH, COR**ner Henry and Scammel sts., New-York, Rev. WM. N. DUNNELL, Rector.—Divine service SUNDAY at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. ASH WEDNESDAY at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. FRIDAY at 9 A. M. Seats free.

**AT WASHINGTON-SQUARE M. E. CHURCH,** 4th-st., near 6th-av.—Preaching next SABBATH at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Young people's prayer meeting at 6½ P. M. Revival-meetings every evening during the week. Come and welcome.

**APOLLO HALL, CORNER BROAD**WAY and 28th-st.—Mrs. NETTIE C. MAYNARD, trance speaker, lectures on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M., on *Spiritualism.* Children's Lyceum, 12 M. Conference, 2½ P. M.

**ATTORNEY METHODIST P.** Church, between Delancey and Rivington sts.—Rev. J. J. WHITE, Pastor, will preach on SUNDAY at 10½ A. M.; ANNIE E. SMITH will preach in the EVENING at 7 o'clock.

**A BENEFIT FOR MISSION WORK.**—BRET HARTE, March 4, in New-York; March 10, in Brooklyn. See column of amusements.

**A HALL TO LET FOR RELIGIOUS SERVICES.**—APPLY TO R. SOMERVILLE, NO 82 5TH-AV.

**BEDFORD-STREET PRAYING BAND.** Mr. THOMAS SHERWOOD, leader, will conduct the services at Beekman Hill M. E. Church, East 50th-st., between 1st and 2d avs., SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M., 3 and 7 o'clock P. M. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

**CHURCH EXTENSION WORK.**

Another of a series of great meetings in behalf of CHURCH EXTENSION AND MISSION WORK IN THE CITY will be held

ON SUNDAY EVENING,
in
THE ROSE HILL M. E. CHURCH,
27th-st., near 2d-av.

The speakers of the occasion will be
Rev. WM. C. STEELE,
Rev. J. W. BARNHART, and
Rev. JOHN DICKINSON.

The meeting will be held under the auspices of the New-York Church Extension and Missionary Society, of which J. B. Cornell, Esq., is President.

This society last year spent over $67,000 in its work; 117,958 pages of reading matter were distributed. 47,440 visits made by its missionaries, and 435 persons were converted.

**CHURCH OF THE NEW-JERUSALEM,** 35th-st., between Park and Lexington avs.—Services 11 A. M. and 7½ P. M. Subject of morning discourse—*Sleep; Its Nature, Use, and Spiritual Significance.* Evening lecture—*What Makes Heaven?* Mr. GILES, the Pastor, is delivering a course of lectures in exposition of Swedenborg's work on *Heaven and Hell,* in which the scriptural and rational grounds of his doctrine of a future life are fully considered. The public are cordially invited.

**CHURCH OF OUR SAVIOR.**—REV. J. M. PULLMAN will preach at the Young Men's Universalist Association Rooms, No. 1,288 Broadway, SUNDAY MORNING. EVENING at Lyric Hall, 6th-av., opposite Reservoir-square. Subject—*The Glory of Young Women.*

**CHURCH OF THE RECONCILIATION,** (Episcopal,) 31st-st., west of 2d-av.—Services SUNDAY at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. The Pastor, Rev. E. SOLLIDAY WIDDOWER, will preach in the EVENING on *The Tendency of Rationalism to Subvert the Truths of the Gospel.* Seats free.

**COME TO ZION.**—BISHOP SNOW WILL preach in the University, Washington-square, on SUNDAY, at 3 P. M. Seats free. Subject—*The Gathering of Israel in the Great Day of Jezreel.*—Hos. i, 11.

**CHURCH OF THE MESSIAH, PARK-**av, corner 34th-st.—Rev. HENRY POWERS will preach SUNDAY MORNING, on *God's Discipline.* Evening Lecture to Young People. Subject—*Dress.*

**FIVE POINTS MISSION, SITE OF THE** old brewery, No. 61 Park-st.—The original mission at the Points.—Rev. J. N. SHAFFER, Superintendent. Sunday-school at 9½ A. M. and from 2½ to 4 P. M. Preaching at 7½ P. M. Come and see what is worth seeing.

**FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH, 39TH-ST.** and Park-av.—Baptismal service and sermon by Pastor, Rev. T. D. ANDERSON, D. D., at 10½ A. M. Preaching at 7½ P. M.; prayer-meeting at 7 P. M.; Sunday-school at 9½ A. M.

**FIFTY-THIRD-STREET BAPTIST CHURCH,** corner 7th-av., Rev. W. H. PENDLETON, Pastor.—Services MORNING and EVENING. Baptisms at the close of evening service. Revival meetings every evening next week.

**GREENE-STREET M. E. CHURCH,** between Broome and Spring sts.—Rev. J. S. INSKIP will preach on SUNDAY, at 10½ o'clock A. M., and Rev. ELIHU GRANT, at 7½ o'clock P. M. All the seats are free; strangers and others are cordially invited to attend.

**HARLEM SECOND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.**—Rev. EDWARD L. CLARK, Pastor, preaches each SUNDAY MORNING and EVENING, at the New Hall, 125th-st., between 3d and 4th avs. Sunday-school, 2½ P. M. Prayer meeting Wednesday evenings. All made welcome.

**HARLEM.**—UNITY CHAPEL, 125TH-ST. and 4th-av., west.—Rev. H. W. BELLOWS will repeat his lecture on *Music and the Fine Arts,* SUNDAY EVENING. Services begin at 7½ o'clock. The public cordially invited.

**LEXINGTON-AVENUE M. E. CHURCH,** corner of 52d-st.—There will be preaching on SABBATH MORNING at 10½ o'clock, by Rev. S. D. BROWN, D. D., and in the EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, by Rev. F. C. MORGAN. Sabbath-school at 2 P. M.

## RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

**THE RELIGIOUS AMENDMENT**

OF THE AGE.

**CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES.**

**A NATIONAL CONVENTION**

WILL BE HELD IN THE LARGE HALL OF THE COOPER INSTITUTE, beginning on WEDNESDAY, FEB. 26, AT 2 P. M.

Hon. F. R. BRUNOT, | President A. A. MINER,
Dr. STEPHEN H. TYNG, | Prof. J. H. McILVAINE,
President J. EDWARDS, | Dr. E. CRAVEN,
Prof. J. R. W. SLOANE, | President, GEO P. HAYS,

and others will address the Convention.

**LYRIC HALL, 6TH-AV., BELOW 42D-ST.**—JOHN WEISS will preach on SUNDAY MORNING, at 10½ o'clock. Subject—*The Idea of Hereafter.*

**MURRAY HILL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,** 40th-st., east of Lexington-av.—Services on SABBATH at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Preaching by the Pastor, Rev. GEORGE S. CHAMBERS.

**NEW-YORK PORT SOCIETY.**—Preaching SUNDAY in the Church, corner of Catharine and Madison sts., at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M., by the Pastor, Rev. E. D. MURPHY; at 3 P. M., at Mission No. 273 Water-st., by Rev. O. B. BIDWELL, and at 3½ P. M., at No. 275 West-st., by the Associate Pastor, Rev. BENJ. F. MILLARD.

**NEW TESTAMENT WORDS ABOUT** Nature. Rev. STEPHEN H. TYNG, Jr., will lecture in this course at the Church of the Holy Trinity, Madison-av. and 42d-st., on SUNDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock. Subject—*The Mountains.*

**OLD FORSYTH-STREET M. E. CHURCH,** near Canal-st.—Preaching by the Pastor, Rev. J. W. BARNHART, at 10½ A. M. and 7 P. M. Prayer-meeting on WEDNESDAY EVENING, at 7½. Come, and welcome, to all our meetings.

**OLD JOHN-STREET M. E. CHURCH,** between Nassau and William sts.—Preaching by the Pastor, Rev. L. S. WEED, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Evening subject—*Heaven, Where is it?* Seats free; all cordially invited.

**REV. W. W. PAGE WILL PREACH TO** his people, formerly worshiping corner Houston and Thompson sts., in the Bleecker Buildings, corner Bleecker and Morton sts., on SABBATH, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. All will be welcome. The Church Sabbath-school will meet with our Wooster-street Sabbath-school at 2 P. M. The Wednesday evening prayer meeting will be held around in the different houses of the Congregation.

**REV. GEORGE T. DOWLING, OF** Providence, the son of the Pastor, will preach on SUNDAY EVENING next, at the South Baptist Church, 25th-st., near 8th-av. The young people are specially invited to hear this popular young minister. Dr. DOWLING, the Pastor, will preach in the FORENOON.

**REV. JULES DE LAUNAY, OF THE** French Evangelical Church, will preach in the South Reformed Church, 5th-av. and 21st-st., SUNDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock. Subject—*The Faith of the Early Church as Taught by the Records of the Catacombs in Rome.* The discourse will be illustrated by several diagrams of the Catacombs.

**REV. T. T. KENDRICK WILL PREACH** in Grand-street Methodist Church, Williamsburg, near 5th-st., at 10½ A. M. Subject—*A Model King and Kingdom.* EVENING, at 7½ o'clock. Theme—*Poet's Corner, Westminster Abbey, London.* Seats free. Ladies' tea-meeting next Tuesday evening.

**RIGHT REV. BISHOP POTTER** will administer the Rite of Confirmation SUNDAY EVENING at 7½ o'clock, in the Chapel of the Holy Trinity, 3d-av., between 38th and 39th sts. All are invited to attend.

**REV. DR. THEODORE L. CUYLER** will preach in the Madison-avenue Reformed Church, corner 57th-st., SUNDAY AFTERNOON, at 3½ o'clock. MORNING service at 10½ o'clock. Sunday-school at 2½ P. M. All are cordially invited.

**REV. MORGAN DIX,** Rector of Trinity Church, will preach at Trinity Chapel EVERY FRIDAY EVENING in Lent. The subject of the discourses—*The Seven Deadly Sins.* Hour of service, 8 o'clock P. M.

**REV. A. D. GILLETTE, D. D., WILL** preach in Plymouth Baptist Church, 51st-st., between 9th and 10th avs., on SUNDAY MORNING at 10½, and EVENING 7½ o'clock.

**REV. C. S. HARROWER, PASTOR ST.** Luke's M. E. Church, 41st-st., near 6th-av., will preach SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Trustees in attendance to seat strangers.

**SEVENTEENTH-STREET M. E. CHURCH,** between 1st and 2d avs.—Rev. WM. H. BOOLE, Pastor, will preach SUNDAY MORNING, and Rev. FRED. BELL, the converted pugilist, of England, in the EVENING, and give an account of his remarkable experience. Revival meetings every evening next week, Saturday excepted.

**ST. ANN'S CHURCH, 18TH-ST., NEAR** 5th-av.—SUNDAY, Holy communion at 7 A. M. Rev. Dr. GALLAUDET will preach at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Service for deaf mutes at 2½ P. M. Free seats. ASH WEDNESDAY, services at 6½ and 10½ A. M., 4 and 7½ P. M. Rev. Mr. SABINE will preach in the evening.

**SEVENTH-AVENUE UNITED PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,** between 12th and 13th sts.—Preaching on SABBATH MORNING and AFTERNOON by the Pastor, Rev. S. H. GRAHAM at the usual hours, 10½ and 3 o'clock. Seats free. Strangers cordially invited.

**SECOND ADVENT CHURCH, COOPER** Institute, Room No. 24.—Preaching SUNDAY by Elder ANDREW SIMPSON, at 10½ A. M. and 3 P. M. Subject—*Prophecy on the Time of the Second Coming of Christ now at Hand.* All who are interested to hear are cordially invited to attend.

**ST. JOHN'S M. E. CHURCH, 53D-ST.,** between Broadway and 8th-av.—Preaching on SUNDAY, Feb. 23, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M., by the Pastor, Rev. A. D. VAIL.

**SIXTH-AVENUE REFORMED CHURCH** (opposite Amity-st.)—Rev. J. McCOY, of Baltimore, will preach SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Strangers cordially invited.

**SONG SERVICE.**—ROSE HILL (27TH-ST.) Methodist Episcopal Church.—Every SUNDAY EVENING at 7 o'clock. Seats and music free.

**THE REVIVAL HYMN AND TUNE** BOOK for the Million, contains sixty-four pages of choice Revival Hymns and Tunes for prayer and social meetings, Sunday-schools, and entire congregations. Among the many gems we would name: "Where is thy Refuge, poor Sinner?" "I will never cast him out;" "Save, O Jesus Save;" "Jesus of Nazareth passes by." Price 10 cents; $8 per hundred; sample copies mailed.

HORACE WATERS & SON, Publishers, No. 481 Broadway, New-York.

**THE CHURCH OF THE PURITANS.**—Rev. Dr. CHEEVER will preach in the University Chapel on Washington-square, SABBATH EVENING, at 7½ o'clock. Subject—*The Province of Light in the Work of Education.*

**THE VENERABLE JOHN McLEAN,** D.D., D.C.L., Archdeacon of Manitoba, in the Diocese of Rupert's Land, will preach at Trinity Chapel on SUNDAY, Feb. 23, at 7½ P. M.

**WEST TWENTY-FIFTH-STREET** UNITED PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, between 6th and 7th avs. Rev. R. J. STEWART, Pastor.—Preaching SABBATH MORNING and AFTERNOON at 10½ and 3. The stranger made welcome.

**WESTMINSTER PRESBYTERIAN** CHURCH, West 22d-st., between 6th and 7th avs.—Rev. J. K. DEMAREST will preach MORNING and EVENING, at 10½ and 7½. Strangers welcome.

**Y. M. C. A., 23D-ST. AND 4TH-AV.**—Regular monthly meeting MONDAY EVENING, 24th inst., at 8 o'clock. Young men are invited.

## SURROGATE NOTICES.

**IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF** Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JESSE W. BENEDICT, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business at the office of Boardman & Boardman, attorneys, Nos. 320 and 322 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on or before the 21st day of June next.—Dated New-York the 9th day of November, 1872.

FRANCES ANN BENEDICT, Executrix.
PETER CARTER and COLEMAN BENEDICT, } Executors.
n30-law6mSa*

**IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF** Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against EDMUND B. CHEREVOY, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers at their place of business, the office of C. W. Van Voorhis, attorney at law, No. 12 Chambers-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 25th day of March, 1873, next. Dated New-York, the 20th day of Sept., 1872.

GEORGE BRAID,
THOMAS W. WEATHERED. } Executors.
s21-law6mS*

**IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF** Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JOSHUA L. UNDERHILL, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Underhill & Uihoeffer, No. 54 Wall-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 20th day of May next.—Dated New-York, the 14th day of November, 1872.

HENRY H. UNDERHILL, Executor.
n16-law6mS*

**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, IN** pursuance of an order of the Surrogate of the County of New-York, and according to law, to all persons having claims against ELIZABETH McLEOD, late of the City of New-York, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, the executor of the last will and testament of the said deceased, at the subscriber's office and place of transacting business, No 74 (seventy-four) Broadway, in the City of New-York, on or before the 28th day of August next.—Dated New-York, the 21st day of February, 1873.

f22-law6mS. JOHN M. MASON, Executor.

**IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF** Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against GEORGE NEWSCHAFER, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at her residence, No. 219 East Thirty-first-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 22d day of July next.—Dated New-York, the 15th day of January, 1873.

CATHARINE NEWSCHAFER, Executrix.
SAMUEL W. TUTTLE, Proctor for Executrix.
ja18-law6mS*

**IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF** Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Mrs. MARY A. GOMPERTS, late of the City of New-York, in the County and State of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at the bookstore of J. Milton Ferry, No. 76 Bowery, in the City of New-York on or before the 15th day of May next.—Dated New-York, the 8th day of November, 1872.

HIRAM RAYNOR,
JOHN TOWNSHEND. } Executors.
n9-law6mS*

## PERSONAL.

**J. G. MOODY WILL RETURN HOME** at once. All will be forgiven. No one knows but your uncle. W. H. R.

## HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

**ADVERTISEMENTS ARE RECEIVED** FOR THE NEW-YORK TIMES at the TIMES Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st., junction of Broadway and 6th-av.; and the TIMES West-side Office, No. 308 West 23d-st., corner of 8th-av. NO EXTRA CHARGE WHATEVER.

**ARMY WAGONS, FARM CARTS, BLAN**kets, tents, McClellan saddles, mule-collars, harness, canvass, rubber, water-proof wagon and horse covers. W. A. CARTER, No. 82 Cortlandt-st., near Greenwich.

**HARNESS, SADDLES, HORSE CLOTH**ing, &c., &c., manufactured extensively by C. B. SMITH & CO., No. 40 Warren-st.

## BOARDING AND LODGING.

**LELAND'S STURTEVANT HOUSE,**

BROADWAY, 28th and 29th sts., New-York.
American Plan, with Elevators.
Centrally located, near the depots and theatres.
LEWIS & GEO. S. LELAND, Proprietors.

**ADVERTISEMENTS ARE RECEIVED** FOR THE NEW-YORK TIMES At the "Times" Up-Town Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st., junction Broadway and 6th-av. And the "Times" West-Side Office, No. 308 West 23d-st., corner of 8th-av. NO EXTRA CHARGE WHATEVER

**NO. 207 WEST 43D-ST.**—PLEASANT parlor with bedroom connecting, on second floor, to let with board; also, other rooms, location desirable; convenient to four lines of cars; references required.

**NO. 565 7TH-AV.**—BOARD, WITH OR without rooms, $5 50 to $7 per week; meals at all hours; table board, $4; newly and completely furnished throughout; first-class table; families supplied.

**THIRTY-SEVENTH-ST., NEAR 5TH-**AV.—Second floor and single rooms, elegantly furnished; private table if desired. Apply at Everett Library, No. 588 6th-av.

**NO. 98 WEST 19TH-ST., NEAR 5TH-**av., with board, handsome furnished rooms on second floor, for a party of gentlemen or family; house first-class.

**A NICE LITTLE GROUND FLOOR,** plainly furnished, front or back parlor, either or both; rent very low. No. 62 West 33d-st., near Broadway.

**NO. 119 EAST 17TH-ST.**—ROOMS, with board, private table, if desired; house newly and handsomely furnished, and strictly first-class.

**AT NO. 60 WEST 14TH-ST.**—TWO pleasant front rooms connecting, without board, for gentlemen only; no moving in May.

**TWO OR THREE GENTLEMEN CAN** have rooms and board in a private family at No. 58 West 19th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.; reference.

## SUMMER RESORTS.

**ROUND HILL HOTEL.**—SUMMER resort; unparalleled drives, scenery, boating, groves, fountains, billiards, &c; climate most healthy; tropical fevers and ague unknown; water cure removed. Send stamp for circular.

IRAD FULLER, Sup't, Northampton, Mass.
C. BANTA, Secretary.

## INSTRUCTION.

### Mount Washington Collegiate Institute,

NO. 40 WASHINGTON-SQUARE (SOUTH.)
DR. GEO. W. CLARKE, PRINCIPAL.
Prepares pupils of all ages for business or college.

**CHARLIER INSTITUTE**

FOR BOYS & YOUNG GENTLEMEN.
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL.
Nos. 126 and 128 East 24th-st.

**YONKERS MILITARY INSTITUTE.**

A BOARDING SCHOOL for making boys intelligent, healthy, Christian men. ESTABLISHED 1854.
Earnest teaching; common-sense management.
BENJAMIN MASON, Box No. 654, Yonkers, N. Y.

**ANTHON GRAMMAR SCHOOL,**

No. 252 Madison-av.
School hours, 9¼ A. M. to 2½ P. M.

**JACKSON MILITARY INSTITUTE.** Tarrytown, N. Y. Established 1857. Address Rev. F. J. JACKSON, M. A., Principal.

**"KINDERGARTEN SCHOOL," FOR** children, and PRIVATE RECITATION ROOMS for LADIES. Reopen Sept. 26. Object, the physical, mental and moral culture of children; also, to furnish special advantages to LADIES not desiring the routine of school. Miss E. M. COE, Prin., 15 West 42d-st.

**TO RENT**—A YOUNG LADIES' BOARDING and Day School, situated in one of the pleasantest cities of New-England; widely known and long established; will be rented, furnished, for a term of years. Address, with references, S. H. G., Box No. 142 *Times* Office.

**A COLLEGE PROFESSOR, RESIDING** on the Hudson, just above the Highlands, would like two or three pupils between twelve and sixteen years of age. He would receive them during the Summer. Address PROFESSOR, Hoffman House.

**A FEW YOUNG LADIES, AS BOARD**ing pupils, are received by the Misses BUCKNALL, at their suburban residence, New-Brunswick, N. J.

**CLAVERACK COLLEGE AND HUDSON** River Institute, at Claverack, N. Y., for both sexes; 167 furnished rooms; twenty instructors; term opens March 17. ALONZO FLACK, President.

**BENDAN'S SCHOOL, NO. 136 WEST 41ST-**st., with primary and limited number. Large experience and highest references.

**COLLEGE FOR YOUNG LADIES,** Bordentown, N. J.—For terms, &c., address Rev. JOHN H. BRAKELEY, Ph. D., President.

**MISS PERINE'S ENGLISH AND FRENCH** School for young ladies and children, No. 106 East 38th-st., between Park and Lexington avs.

**ELIZABETH COLLEGIATE SCHOOL.**—A home for boys, Elizabeth, N. J. REV. J. C. WYCKOFF.

**DREW LADIES' SEMINARY, CARMEL, N.Y.**—Spring session opens Feb. 17. Geo. C. Smith, A. M.

**MILITARY BOARDING SCHOOL**—White Plains, N.Y. Principal, O. R. WILLIS, Ph.D.

## PROPOSALS.

UNITED STATES ARMY BUILDING,
CORNER HOUSTON AND GREENE STS.,
NEW-YORK CITY, Feb. 20, 1873. }

**SEALED PROPOSALS, IN DUPLICATE,** will be received by the undersigned until 12 o'clock M., THURSDAY, March 20, 1873, for the following Subsistence Stores:

| | |
|---|---|
| 250 | barrels Pork, "P. M." |
| 1,500 | barrels Flour, full head-lined and sealed bungs. |
| 250 | barrels Flour, Extra Family, full head-lined and sealed bungs. |
| 25 | barrels White Corn-meal, full head-lined and sealed bungs. |
| 5,000 | pounds Hams, "S. C." full head-lined and sealed bungs. |
| 10 | barrels Mackerel, No. 1. |
| 50 | kits Mackerel, "Mess." |
| 1,000 | pounds Smoked Beef, in 100-pound boxes. |
| 1,000 | pounds Breakfast Bacon, in 100-pound boxes. |
| 1,000 | pounds Smoked Tongues, in 100-pound boxes. |
| 5,000 | pounds Leaf Lard, five-pound caddies, in sixty-pound boxes. |
| 50 | boxes Smoked Herrings. |
| 10,000 | pounds Green Rio Coffee, in barrels, full head-lined. |
| 5,000 | pounds Green Java Coffee, in gunnies. |
| 20,000 | pounds "Extra C" Sugar, in barrels, full head lined. |
| 5,000 | pounds Cut-loaf Sugar, in barrels, full head-lined. |
| 5,000 | pounds Granulated Sugar, in barrels, full head-lined. |
| 2,000 | pounds Crushed Sugar, in barrels, full head-lined. |
| 400 | gallons "Golden" Syrup, in barrels and half-barrels. |
| 400 | gallons "Diamond" Syrup, in barrels and half-barrels. |
| 10,000 | pounds Brown Soap, two-pound bars, in eighty-pound boxes, strapped. |
| 5,000 | pounds Candles, Adamantine, sixes, full weights, in forty-pound boxes, strapped. |
| 600 | pounds Dried Peaches. |
| 600 | pounds Dried Apples. |
| 200 | pounds Dried Prunes, French. |
| 200 | boxes E. L. Raisins, halves and quarters. |
| 500 | half-boxes Sardines. |
| 5,000 | gallons Cider Vinegar, in iron-bound barrels. |
| 50 | dozen Fine Pickles, (Crosse & Blackwell's,) consisting of Chow Chow, Piccalilli, Gherkins, and Mixed Pickles, pints. |
| 20 | dozen Pickled Cucumbers and Onions, Domestic, quarts. |
| 20 | dozen L. & P. Worcestershire Sauce, pints, twelve in a case. |
| 10,000 | pounds P. M. Beans, in barrels, full head-lined. |
| 16,000 | pounds Salt, in barrels, full head-lined. |
| 5,000 | pounds Carolina Rice, in oak barrels, full head-lined. |
| 1,000 | pounds Pearl Hominy, in five-pound papers, fifty pounds in a box. |
| 100 | dozen Extracts, Vanilla and Lemon. |
| 1,000 | pounds Corn Starch, and Laundry Starch, in one pound papers. |
| 200 | pounds Macaroni, Vermicelli, and Tapioca. |
| 500 | boxes Table Salt. |
| 200 | dozen Toilet Soap, assorted. |
| 100 | pounds Yeast Powders and Chocolate. |
| 120 | pounds Cream Tartar and Carbonate Soda, in pound papers. |
| 144 | boxes Desiccated Codfish. |
| 25 | pounds Laundry Indigo and Nutmegs. |
| 25 | pounds each of Allspice, Cloves, Ginger, Cinnamon, Cayenne Pepper, and Mustard, in one-fourth-pound papers, full weights. |
| 1,000 | pounds pure Ground Black Pepper, in one-fourth-pound papers, full weights. |
| 200 | dozen Condensed Milk, "Eagle" brand. |
| 100 | dozen Cranberry Sauce, Spiced Salmon, Fresh Salmon, Fresh Oysters, Pickled Oysters, Lobsters, Preserved Peaches, Preserved Damsons, Preserved Pineapples, Currant Jelly, Raspberry Jam, Fresh Peaches, Fresh Pineapples, Green Corn, Green Peas, Lima Beans, and Tomatoes, in two-pound cans. |

The manner of making bids, requirements of bidders, &c., the same as previous advertisements from this office.

These stores are required for immediate shipment, and in quantities, more or less, at the option of the Government. W. W. BURNS, Major and Commissary of Subsistence, U. S. A.

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS,
NEW-YORK COUNTY COURT-HOUSE,
February 19, 1873. }

**SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RE**ceived until Monday, 24th inst., at 1 o'clock, at which time the same will be opened, at the Clerk's Office of the Board of Supervisors, for the furnishing of the stationery and printing for the Court of Common Pleas, Department of Finance, Court of Special Sessions, Commissioner of Jurors, and Supreme Court, as per requisitions to be seen at this office. Bids may be made for all or separate, and the Committee reserve the right to reject any or all proposals. The bids must specify the amount per piece and gross.

By order of the Committee on Printing and Stationery.

## AMUSEMENTS.

**WOOD'S MUSEUM.** CHANFRAU.

SATURDAY, Feb. 22.
WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY FESTIVAL.
THREE PERFORMANCES IN LECTURE-ROOM.

| | |
|---|---|
| GRAND MORNING PERFORMANCE AT 11 O'CLOCK. | NEW SONGS, NEW DANCES, &c., ENTREE—THE HAPPY BLACK AND TANS, and the eccentric comedy of B. B. THE BENICIA BOY. |
| LAST MATINEE. AFTERNOON, AT TWO O'CLOCK. | Positively last performances of MR. F. S. CHANFRAU. LAST MATINEE OF MR. F. S. CHANFRAU. The performances will commence with the laughable comedy of TOODLES. Timothy Toodles...Mr. Chanfrau. Concluding with the great drama of MOSE, Or a GLANCE AT NEW-YORK IN 1848. |
| LAST NIGHT AT EIGHT O' CLOCK. | LAST NIGHT of Mr. F. S. CHANFRAU. The laughable comedy of TOODLES and the celebrated drama of MOSE; OR A GLANCE AT NEW-YORK IN 1848. |

MONDAY, Feb. 24, Mr. OLIVER DOUD BYRON in his specialty, ACROSS THE CONTINENT.

**OLYMPIC THEATRE.**

MR. JAMES E. HAYES...Sole Lessee and Director.

MONDAY EVENING, FEB. 17,
and
EVERY NIGHT UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE,
Reappearance of
MR. GEO. L. FOX
and revival of his Comic Trick Pantomime of
HUMPTY DUMPTY,
with new Scenery, Music, Costumes, and Tricks.

G. L. FOX........as.......Clown
C. K. FOX........as.......Pantaloon
C. W. RAVEL..................Harlequin
Miss FANNY BEANE...............Columbine

A brilliant array of specialty artists.

First appearance of Prof. NELSON and SONS in their classic gymnastic performances.

First time of the RUSSIAN QUARTETTE, late of the Grand Russian Opera Troupe. First appearance of ALICE and ADA MOLTENO, Solo Harpists and Violinists, from London. Reappearance of the wonderful MARTENS FAMILY. VENUS AND ADONIS, the charming infant Velocipedists. Signor CASSELLI, Wire Walker. KYNOCK and SMITH, Skaters. The entire troupe of BEDOUIN ARABS, ten in number. Master THOMAS CASSELLI, Vocalist, and a large and complete corps of Pantomimists.

Those favorite Gymnasts, the WILSON BROTHERS, are engaged, and will shortly appear.

Scale of prices—Family Circle, 50c.; Dress-circle and Parquet, $1; Orchestra and Balcony, $1 50; Private Boxes, $5, $8, and $10 each.

FAMILY MATINEES ON WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS.

Scale of prices to Matinee—Family Circle, 50c.; Dress-circle and Parquet, 75c.; children under twelve years, 50c.; all reserved seats, $1. Boxes as usual.

**OLYMPIC THEATRE.**

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

G. L. FOX and his HUMPTY DUMPTY, at the GRAND FAMILY MATINEE on WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY, SATURDAY, Feb. 22.

**ACADEMY OF MUSIC.**

MAX MARETZEK.........Sole Manager
GRAND ITALIAN OPERA.
SEASON OF TWELVE NIGHTS ONLY.
FAREWELL ENGAGEMENT
of
PAULINE LUCCA.
IMPORTANT NOTICE.

The public and the subscribers are respectfully informed that, owing to necessary preparations and rehearsals, the Opera season of twelve nights will not begin until

FRIDAY, the 28th inst., when Mme. PAULINE LUCCA will make her re-entrée in one of her favorite characters.

SUBSCRIPTIONS WILL BE RECEIVED AT THE BOX OFFICE UNTIL SATURDAY, THE 22D INST.

The regular sale of tickets, for single nights, will begin on MONDAY, the 24th, and continue until the OPENING NIGHT, on FRIDAY, the 28th, at the usual ticket offices.

**ASSOCIATION HALL**—23D-ST. AND 4TH-AV. SEVENTH POPULAR MATINEE, THIS AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock.

**NIBLO'S GARDEN.** NIBLO'S GARDEN, TWO PERFORMANCES TO-DAY.

LEO AND LOTOS. LEO AND LOTOS.
THE MAGNIFICENT BALLET SPECTACLE, with all its beauties and novelties, SURPASSING IN COMPLETENESS ANY SPECTACLE EVER SEEN IN THE WORLD.
Gorgeous scenery and dresses.
Americus, Davies, Siegrist Family, Trained Dogs.
Grand holiday matinée, to-day, at 1½.

**GRAND MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT**

AT THE BROOKLYN ATHENÆUM.

THE HAYMAKERS,
A CANTATA, by G. F. Root, will be presented to the public on
SATURDAY EVENING, FEB. 22.

This Cantata is founded upon scenes and incidents connected with the Hay Field and Haying Season, and possesses unusual attractions for a pleasant and effective evening's entertainment. The work has been wholly committed to memory, and will be presented with characteristic costume, action, &c.

Tickets, 50 cents. Can be procured of W. W. Rose, No. 124 Atlantic-st.; Bolles, No. 244 Fulton-st.; Higbie & Way, No. 607 Fulton-st., and at the door upon the evening of the concert. No reserved seats. Doors open at 7 o'clock; commences at 8.

V. E. MARSTON, Conductor.

### "CHARITY."

AN AMATEUR DRAMATIC AND MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT will be given at the UNION-SQUARE THEATRE, on MONDAY, Feb. 24, inst., at 1½ o'clock P. M., in aid of

### ST. BARNABAS HOME.

**ASSOCIATION HALL, 23D-ST. AND 4TH-**AV.—SEVENTH POPULAR MATINEE. SATURDAY AFTERNOON, Feb. 22, at 2 o'clock.

Miss BORIE.........Soprano.
Mr. STODDARD..........Baritone.
ALFRED H. PEASE....Pianist.
ANTONIO L. MORA....Organist and Director.

Admission, 25 cents; reserved seats, 25 cents extra. For sale at Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway, and Gurley's book-store, 23d-st. and 4th-av.

March 1, New-York's favorite reader, Mr. George Vandenhoff. Seats can now be secured.

**ASSOCIATION HALL**—23D-ST. AND 4TH-AV. SEVENTH POPULAR MATINEE, THIS AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock.

**GRAND CONCERT,**

VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL,
by the
NEW-YORK CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC,
AT STEINWAY HALL,
SATURDAY EVENING, FEB. 22, 1873.

Tickets may be obtained at the Conservatory, No. 5 East 14th-st., next to Delmonico's; also at Steinway & Sons', and at the door on the evening of the concert.

**THE BAZAAR IS STILL OPEN.**

GOOD WORK FOR WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY.

The ladies of the Church of the Holy Trinity will hold a BAZAAR AND FESTIVAL in the Chapel of the Church of the Holy Trinity, 43d-st., between Madison-av. and the Grand Central Depot, on SATURDAY and MONDAY, Feb. 22 and 24, from 11 A. M. to 10 P. M.

The proceeds will be appropriated to the furnishing of the new church edifice.

**BRET HARTE**—OF "HEATHEN CHINEE."

STEINWAY HALL, March 4.
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC, March 10.
Get ready for a laugh, of "an hour and a half."

**ALL WHO INTEND VISITING** France should attend Prof. Etienne Lambert's free lecture on French next MONDAY NIGHT at 8 o'clock, at No. 1,288 Broadway. Simply mastering a few practical idioms, indispensable in traveling and daily intercourse, will prove the means of trebling their enjoyment, while materially reducing their expenses. Oral system. No Grammar.

**TICKETS FOR THE GREAT AN**NUAL National Concert of the American Musical Fund Society, which is to take place at Steinway Hall on SATURDAY EVENING, March 1, are now ready, and to be had at all the principal music-stores.

**ASSOCIATION HALL**—23D-ST. AND 4TH-AV. SEVENTH POPULAR MATINEE, THIS AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock.

## LOAN OFFICES.

**NO. 1,267 BROADWAY, OVER HERALD** Branch, Room 8.—Parlor for ladies. Branch No. 132 Fulton-st., Brooklyn. Money loaned on diamonds, watches, jewelry, &c. Same bought and sold. LINDO BROS.

**NO. 1,191 BROADWAY, AT H. B. MEL**ville's coral and gold jewelry-store, diamonds, watches, jewelry, &c., &c., taken on storage, and money advanced if required. No. 1,191 Broadway, near 28th-st.

## STEAMBOATS.

**NEW WINTER LINE BY STEAMBOATS AND RAILROAD,**

To HARTFORD, MIDDLETOWN, and all the towns along the CONNECTICUT VALLEY, connecting at Saybrook, with the new Valley Railroad. The steamers consist of the STATE OF NEW-YORK, CITY OF HARTFORD, and GRANITE STATE; one of which leaves Pier No. 24 East River, (Peck slip,) daily (Sundays excepted,) at 3 o'clock P. M.

The cars of the Valley road run alongside of the boats at Saybrook.

Passengers are not subjected to the annoyance and danger of getting to and from 42d-st., or to expensive hack-hire, or a LONG WALK, to reach the cars at Saybrook.

The boats and cars on this route are first-class. PASSENGERS AND FREIGHT taken as low AS BY ANY OTHER LINE WHAT EVER.

WM. H. GOODSPEED, Vice-President.
SAXTON & SEABURY, Freight Agents, 112 South-st.

**FALL RIVER LINE FOR BOSTON,** VIA NEWPORT.—The steamers EMPIRE STATE and OLD COLONY, from Pier No. 28 North River, foot of Murray-street, daily (Sundays excepted) at 4 P. M. Tickets sold to principal points in New-England, the White Mountains, and Provinces.

A. P. BACON, Superintendent.

**FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD, &c.**—Steamers leave Peck-slip for New-Haven at 3:15. Trains north and east at 11 P. M.

**FOR BRIDGEPORT AND ALL POINTS** on Housatonic and Naugatuck Railroad.—Fare, $1. Steamers leave Catharine-slip at 12 noon, and 12 night.

## TEACHERS.

**A GRADUATE OF COLUMBIA COL**LEGE, an experienced professional teacher, having the best references, desires engagements as private tutor; preparation for college a specialty. Address Z., Columbia College, New-York.

## AMUSEMENTS.

**GRAND OPERA HOUSE.**

Mr. AUGUSTIN DALY....Sole Lessee and Manager

OVERWHELMING SUCCESS!!!

Will be presented
EVERY NIGHT

The new and totally original, strikingly picturesque, and absorbingly interesting kaleidoscopic drama, by Mr. AUGUSTIN DALY, being particularly comic from beginning to end, called

ROUGHING IT!!!

Characters by Mr. John Brougham, Mrs. John Wood, Mr. J. K. Mortimer, Mr. Owen Fawcett, &c.

EVERYTHING NEW!
ACT I.
SCENE I.—A Villa in the grand Drive or Boulevard.
ACT II.
SCENE I.—No. 1 City Hall-place.
SCENE II.—Room No. 409 at the Metropolitan Hotel.
SCENE III.—The Comedienne's Parlors at the "Metropolitan."
SCENE IV.—Castle Garden.
SCENE V.—Interior of the Grand Union Depot, and departure of the Pacific Express Train.
ACT III.
SCENE I.—The Red Dog Tavern at Simpson's Bar.
SCENE II.—On the borders of civilization.
SCENE III.—At the foot of the Rocky Mountains. An Indian Camping-ground by Starlight.
ACT IV.
SCENE I.—Interior of a Chinese Opium Den.
SCENES II., III., IV., and V.—An elaborate Transformation, or Dissolving Vision of the Four Seasons.
AN OPIUM SMOKER'S DREAM!!

FIRST MATINEE
OF
ROUGHING IT.
THIS SATURDAY, AT 1½ O'CLOCK.

**GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.**

*** WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY!!! ***
THIS SATURDAY, Feb. 22,
SPECIAL MATINEE AT 1½ O'CLOCK,
of
ROUGHING IT.

**FIFTH-AVENUE THEATRE.**

(Nos. 728 and 730 Broadway. Begins at 8.)
Mr. AUGUSTIN DALY....Sole Lessee and Manager

ALIXE!!!
THE GREAT EMOTIONAL SENSATION!
ALIXE!!!

*,* Fifth ALIXE MATINEE THIS SATURDAY, at 1½ o'clock. Mr. DALY begs to announce that owing to the continued demand for places to witness ALIXE, which has been unanimously praised by the Press and public as embodying

The Perfection of Dramatic Representation!

All novelties and changes of programme will be POSTPONED for the PRESENT, and ALIXE will be acted every evening, including Saturdays.

**FIFTH-AVENUE THEATRE.**

SPECIAL ALIXE MATINEE
THIS, SATURDAY, 1½.
WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY.
ALIXE!

**ASSOCIATION HALL.**—23D-ST. AND 4TH-AV. SEVENTH POPULAR MATINEE, THIS AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock.

**HARLEM MUSIC HALL.** ALIXE

The extraordinary extent of Mr. DALY'S company permitting a complete EXTRA CAST of this very emotional play of

ALIXE!!!

now creating such a sensation at the new Fifth-avenue Theatre, that drama will be given in HARLEM, at the above place, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, Feb. 26, 1873, with a cast of singular merit. Messrs. C. Rockwell, W. Davidge, G. H. Griffiths, B. Ringgold, Mrs. G. H. Gilbert, Misses Sara Jewett, Rosa St. Clair, Kate Claxton, Mary Griffiths, &c., &c., will appear.

*,* Tickets, securing seats, may be had at the Harlem Post-office and Harlem Railroad Depot office.

**BOOTH'S THEATRE.** FLORENCE.

Proprietor and Manager.........Mr. Edwin Booth.
THIRD WEEK. LAST NIGHTS,
Of the Popular Comedian,
Mr. W. J. FLORENCE, as BOB BRIERLY,
In THE TICKET-OF-LEAVE MAN.
Mr. FLORENCE will appear as BOB BRIERLY at the MATINEE on SATURDAY at 2.

> "I have heard
> That guilty creatures sitting at a play
> Have, by the very cunning of the scene,
> Been struck so to the soul, that presently
> They have proclaimed their malefactions."
> —*Hamlet, Act II.*

The London *Times,* in speaking of this great Moral Drama, mentions a fact to which the provincial Press of Great Britain and Ireland has given confirmation: "A clerk who had absconded from Liverpool with £2,500, the property of his employers, and after visiting many places, arrived at Birmingham about 5 o'clock, and after taking some refreshments went to the theatre to while away an hour. As it happened, the piece which was being performed on the occasion of his visit was the "Ticket-of-leave Man," and the guilty man seems to have drawn a moral from the representation, for, when the scene in which the interview between Hawkshaw, the detective, and the "Ticket-of-leave Man" took place, Parker, the clerk, became so affected that he went out of the theatre, got three envelopes, and sent £1,500 back to his employers."

**WALLACK'S.**

Proprietor and Manager..........Mr. Lester Wallack.
Mr. SOTHERN AS
DAVID GARRICK.

It is respectfully announced that, although additional accommodation has been provided to meet the demand for seats,

EARLY APPLICATION

is strongly recommended—the stalls and dress-circle places being rapidly disposed of two weeks in advance.

The performances of Mr. John Gilbert, Mr. Polk, Mr. Browne, Mr. Holland, Mr. Edwin, Mr. Leonard, Miss Katherine Rogers, Mme. Ponisi, and Mrs. John Sefton have also received from the

PRESS AND PUBLIC

the most unqualified expressions of approval.

DAVID GARRICK
EVERY EVENING AND SATURDAY
MATINEE
until further notice.

Box-book open one month in advance.
Carriage may be ordered at 10¾.

**UNION-SQUARE THEATRE.**

Proprietor...............Mr. SHERIDAN SHOOK
Manager..................Mr. A. M. PALMER
Begins at 8. Saturday Matinée at 1½.
FOURTH WEEK AND
UNDIMINISHED SUCCESS
of the most wonderful play of the year,
ONE HUNDRED YEARS OLD.

| | |
|---|---|
| HOUSE CROWDED EVERY NIGHT. MATINEE EVERY SATURDAY AT 1½. | Characters by Messrs. Mark Smith, F. F. Mackay, W. B. Laurens, George Parkes, H. Montgomery, Claude Burroughs, W. H. Wilder, W. Stuart, and Mrs. Clara Jennings, Miss Mary Griswold, and Miss Imogene Fowler. |

Seats secured one month in advance.
Box-office open from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M.

**BOWERY THEATRE.**

SATURDAY EVENING, Feb. 15, 1873,
FAREWELL BENEFIT of Mr. O. B. COLLINS.
DUTCHMAN'S TROUBLES,
PAUL CLIFFORD,
CAPTAIN KYD.
MONDAY, Feb. 17.—Mr. CHAS. ABBOTT and his pantomime.

**SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS.**

St. James' Theatre, corner 28th-st. and Broadway.
BIRCH, WAMBOLD, and BACKUS.
SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS.
GREATEST SUCCESS IN THE CITY.
LAST WEEK BUT ONE.

**BRYANT'S OPERA-HOUSE.** 23D-ST.

Every Evening at 8. Saturday Matinée at 2.
Great success of the new Burlesque.
BRUT-US. BRUT-US. BRUT-US.
Characters by Dan Bryant and Company.

**ASSOCIATION HALL.**—23D-ST. AND 4TH-AV. SEVENTH POPULAR MATINEE, THIS AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock.

**A GRAND MUSICAL ENTERTAIN**MENT, entitled the "Coronation of the Rose," a cantata in two parts, to be given at the Pilgrim Baptist Church, 33d-st., between 8th and 9th avs., on TUESDAY EVENING, Feb. 25, under the direction of Prof. J. H. MUNSEY.

## LECTURES.

**BRET HARTE**—"HEATHEN CHINEE."

March 4 and 10. See Amusements.

**JOHN W. STEVENS, ESQ., WILL LEC**ture THURSDAY EVENING, Feb. 27, at Plymouth Baptist Church, 51st-st., between 9th and 10th avs., on his *Trip Up the Rhine, Through Switzerland, and Paris.*

## DANCING.

**A. DODWORTH'S**

CLASSES FOR DANCING,
AT NO. 212 5TH-AV.,
now open for the reception of pupils. Send for circular.

**TRENOR'S ACADEMY OF DANCING,** Lyric Hall, 6th-av., Reservoir-square. Pupils can commence at any time, attend at their convenience, and learn any particular dance.

## MUSICAL.

### A GREAT OFFER FOR FEBRUARY!

**Horace Waters & Son, 481 Broadway,** Will dispose of 100 PIANOS, MELODEONS, and ORGANS of first-class makers, including Waters', at EXTREMELY LOW PRICES FOR CASH, DURING THIS MONTH. New seven-octave PIANOS, modern improvements, for $250 and $275, cash. THE WATERS CONCERTO PARLOR ORGANS are the most beautiful in style and perfect in tone ever made. Prices at bargains, for cash. Monthly installments received, running from one to three years. New and second-hand instruments to let, and rent applied if purchased. Illustrated Catalogues mailed.

**AT NO. 101 4TH-AV.**

Special bargains in Square and Upright Pianos.
BETTER AND CHEAPER THAN ELSEWHERE.
NEW ROSE-WOOD PIANOS, $250, $275, $300.
Address T. H. CHAMBERS & SON.

**A LARGE STOCK OF PIANOS,** SQUARE AND UPRIGHT, to rent or sell cheap; rent allowed on purchases. Call at M. M. MERRELL'S, No. 8 Union-square, (No. 165 4th-av.)

**CHURCH ORGANS.**—W. H. DAVIS & SON, No. 40 Downing-st., offer for sale one of eighteen stops, two rows of keys, pedal bass; one of twelve stops, pedal bass; one of eight stops, do.; one second-hand, six stops, on liberal terms.

# NEW-YORK CITY NEWS.

## WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY.

### How the Day Will Be Observed—The Parades and Receptions.

To-day, the 141st anniversary of the birth of George Washington, will be observed as a holiday throughout the City. The Custom-house will be open from 9 until 10 o'clock A. M. for the entrance and clearance of vessels. The exchanges, banks, and business houses of every kind down-town will be closed. At the Post-office all mails close at 10 A. M. The Board of Police, yesterday, issued the necessary permits for the parades of the Order of United American Mechanics and American Protestant Association. The Stars and Stripes will be raised at sunrise over the old fort near One Hundred and Tenth-street. There will be but one military parade, that of the Veterans of '1812, the Second Brigade of the First Division being debarred from parading, as was their intention, by a want of overcoats.

The Sixth Regiment purpose entertaining the Veterans of 1812, and will receive them at 11 A. M., at the armory in East Fifteenth-street. The American Protestant Association will assemble in Washington Parade Ground at 12 M., right resting on Fifth-avenue. They will proceed over the following line of march, James Calhoun acting as Grand Marshal: Eighth-street to Broadway, to Fourteenth-street, to Fourth-avenue, to Twenty-third-street, to Madison-avenue, to Forty-second-street, to Eighth-avenue, to Fourteenth-street, to Seventeenth-street and Union-square, there to be dismissed. The United Order of American Mechanics will assemble in Park-place, Murray and Warren streets, and march through the Park and up Broadway to Fourteenth-street, thence to Fifth-avenue to Twenty-third-street, to Fourth-avenue thence to Union-square, and, passing round Washington's monument, will dismiss. The line will move at 12½ P. M. Receptions will be given in the evening by the Seventy-first Regiment of Infantry, at their armory, in Sixth-avenue, between Thirty-fifth and Thirty-sixth-streets, and by the Eighth Regiment of Infantry, at their armory, in West Twenty-third-street, the latter entertainment to be supplemented by a ball. The Boulevard Club will give a banquet at the Club-house, One Hundred and Third-street and Hudson River, in the evening.

The debating class of the Cooper Union will celebrate in the large hall of the Institute by the recitation of prize essays, poems, and orations.

The French residents will also do honor to the birth of Washington by a *bal masque* at the Germania Assembly Rooms, under the supervision of the united Masonic Lodges, "Concorde" and "Sincérité," which the French Consul will attend, together with many prominent French residents.

Mr. James E. Aylifte will perform on Trinity Church chimes at 12 M.

## THE HASTINGS DISASTER.

### The Inquest Concluded—No One Censured But the Hudson River Railroad Company.

The adjourned inquest touching the death of Alfred Smith, the brakeman of the Poughkeepsie train, who died from the effects of the injuries he received at the time of the collision, on Tuesday last, near Hastings, was held, yesterday, in the Old Manor House, Yonkers, by Coroner W. H. Meeks. The court-room where the investigation was held was crowded with employes of the railroad and citizens. Considerable interest was manifested at the proceedings, the evidence being, as on the previous occasion, extremely conflicting. The accident, which resulted so fatally to Smith, has given rise to some excitement in Yonkers, and the popular indignation is freely expressed at the course pursued by Commodore Vanderbilt in steadily refusing to contribute to the funds of the hospital, where so many patients are constantly being treated for injuries received on the railroad. The general opinion with regard to the accident at Hastings seems to be that, had not the depot at Yonkers been removed, contrary to the often-expressed wishes of the residents of the city, to its present site, the accident would not have occurred, for the reason that a clear view of the track can be had from the old station for at least a mile on either side, which is impossible from the present depot, owing to the site on which it is placed. It is said that a public meeting will shortly be held for the purpose of giving expression to the sentiments of the inhabitants in regard to the existing circumstances connected with the present management of the Hudson River Railroad, and the want of sympathy manifested by the President in the welfare of the City.

The first witness examined was John Ellsworth, the conductor of the caboose train, who swore that Larkin's signal showed "all right" as they passed it, but that he did not notice the signals below that.

Daniel Fitzgerald, the switchman stationed at the archway a mile below the depot, testified that he had his signal set for danger when the caboose-train passed his post, and that Larkin's signal was also so set.

Martin Tearney, a trackman, was positive that Larkin had his signal set for danger.

Michael Morgan and Patrick Macke, brakemen on the caboose train, both distinctly swore, on the contrary, that the signal was white, meaning "all right."

Michael Hagen was next examined, and gave evidence to the fact that Regan spent an hour or more in his company previous to starting with his train, thus accounting for the time he spent in New-York.

John Regan and Patrick Larkin were both, re-examined, but no new facts were elicited.

The case was then given to the jury, who after deliberating for over an hour, returned the following verdict:

We, the jurymen impaneled in this case, find that Alfred H. Smith came to his death by an accident, on the 18th day of February, 1873, on the Hudson River Railroad, at Hastings on the Hudson, while acting as a brakeman on a train belonging to said company. From the conflicting testimony, we are unable to censure the flag-men or the engineers of either No. 45 or No. 55 engine.

We, the jurymen impaneled in this case, do censure the New-York Central and Hudson River Railroad Company for allowing their engines to back down on the up track to the turn-table, the distance from the depot to the turn-table being so great that it is dangerous to trains going up; that the duties of the flag-man stationed at the foot of Main-street are so arduous that there should be an extra man at that station; also, for allowing their cars to remain on the east side-track, thereby obstructing the view of the up-track.

Cummings, the conductor who was severely injured by the collision, still lies at St. John's Hospital, but was slightly stronger yesterday, and great hopes are now entertained of his ultimate recovery. His wife, who has been constantly with him since the accident, states that the company have made no offer of assistance to her up to the present, but have granted her simply a pass to and from New-York. Cummings was for some years a conductor on the Fourth-avenue cars, and was only three weeks ago transferred to the position he occupied at the time of the disaster.

Burgess, who was the fireman on engine No. 45, and who jumped off just previous to the first collision, but who was not examined by the Coroner, stated to THE TIMES representative that Tuesday was the first day since last November on which they had backed down to the turn-table on the up track, and that they were turned on to it by the station-master.

### The German Republican Central Committee Indorse the Charter Amendments.

The German Republican Central Committee held a meeting at No. 349 Bowery, last night, for the purpose of discussing the charter amendments. Carl Schneider presided, and the Executive Committee submitted a report advocating the charter amendments, and announcing that a committee was sent to Albany to protest against the dictatorial powers sought to be conferred on the Mayor in the matter of appointments, as being against the spirit of the Constitution; and disapproving of the proposed separation of a municipal from the general elections, on the ground that a separate charter election would involve unnecessary expense, and interference with the business of the City. Resolutions indorsing the charter amendments, were adopted.

### A Dreary Day and a Pleasant Sunset.

Yesterday was an unusually dreary day in the City. True to its reputation for changefulness, the weather, from being brisk and clear on Thursday, and not unpleasantly cool, changed to a dull, chilling temperature. The preceding evening, too, was remarkable for mildness, for a clear sky, and pleasant moonlight. Returning at dawn from the "midnight masquerade," and from places where mirth and pleasure reigned, hundreds of tired revelers scented in the raw morning air the coming storm. As day broke, the fleecy clouds gathered overhead, and grew dim and threatening. Soon the snow came, hesitatingly at first, and dry, until a considerable addition had been made to the coating already fallen.

Toward noon it grew much heavier and softer, and beat fast and furiously upon luckless pedestrians who were obliged to brave both slush and storm. And so it continued until shortly before sunset, with brief intervals of cessation during the entire day. The sky still lowered and a general dullness and depression pervaded the City. From overhead the cold sleet was driving, and under foot were pools and puddles. The horse-cars, crowded to the utmost, labored slowly onward with single teams. Pressed beyond endurance, the overtaxed horses stopped on some of the roads, holding in check lines of cars that seemed to "stretch out to the crack of doom." Prompt use of snow-plows and sweepers, however, made lighter labor for the poor horses. Toward 5 o'clock in the afternoon the storm had finally subsided, while for a few hours previously it had only a struggling existence. As the sun was setting, it peeped for a moment from behind the clouds, its faint gleams at first shedding an uncertain light upon the house-tops. This was its first glimmer, and it grew in beauty as the day declined. Its parting beams were mellower and stronger, gilding the chimney-tops with rays of promise for the morrow.

## BACCHANTE AT THE BALL.

### The "New-School" of Journalism—Midnight Revels at the Tribune Office—"Temperance" with a Practical Illustration.

The New-York *Tribune* seems to depend largely upon its daily advertisement that it was "founded by Horace Greeley," for it certainly has little else to boast of.

One day this week it published an "editorial," of which the following charming specimen of writing formed the concluding passage:

"No, gentlemen of the American Congress; this is no answer to the people. Stop all this. Pass no resolution. Drop it where it is. Remand the whole business to the people. You have only scratched the surface of the whole inquiry—leave it now. Face outward. March!"

What intelligent school-boy would not be ashamed of writing such inconceivable trash as that? And pray what would Horace Greeley say to it if he were alive?

Yesterday the "Liberal" organ published a still more disgraceful farrago of nonsense. It assumed to be an account of a ball, as "seen through feminine spectacles"—the spectacles of a Bacchante, to judge from internal evidence. The account begins by saying that the supper "did not agree" with the writer—which is perfectly obvious from her very superior report of the affair. She complains that the "eating and drinking did not realize the fond anticipations of the inner man"—inner woman she meant, but was evidently too much muddled to know much about it. She then goes on to assure us, does this frolicsome writer, that it is vulgar to eat and drink, that she never does either: "Sometimes I feed on 'this 'ere,' and sometimes on 'that 'ere;' but which 'ere it be, the dish is promise-crammed. You can not feed capons so." Stimulated by this excellent wit, "feminine spectacles" goes on to make another joke, apparently thoroughly unconscious that it has been made hundreds of times before:

"It is delightful to know that in the Sandwich Islands every dog has his day. The native tonic must, in consequence, be an extract of bark. There, at least, the order of nature being removed, one's bark is on the shore."

Recovering from this tremendous effort, the artless creature says "but à nos montons," [sic,] but she does not condescend to inform us what *montons* are. Were they part of the solids or the fluids that she appears to have consumed so freely? She also speaks of one of her companions as a father of his "coustry," whatever that may be, and says: "I attempted to soothe his manly brow by turning *Shebe!*" What on earth is a Shebe? Is it another name for a tipsy reporter, or for a lazy editor who allows tipsy copy to go into a newspaper?

But this *Tribune* toper was not satisfied with prose. She—or he; let us call it by its own name, *Shebe*—breaks forth into poetry, and this is a sample of it. We quote word for word, and have not even altered the punctuation—please to observe the notes of admiration:

"I am young, I once was older,
Some day I'll be younger still,
When I'm youngest, I'll wax bolder,
Then the brimming bowl I'll fill.

"Then I'll be a man and brother,
Then I'll murder many a friend;
Then I'll love, oh yes, another!
Then my wicked ways I'll mend."

"To the Pen-i-ten-ti-a-ry
Never will a freeman go!
Why of throats should we be chary!
Cut and come again!
(All of us in chorus), Just so!"

"Let us, then, be up and doing!
Forward, on our murderous way!!
Something in the air is brewing!!!
If we go, we may not stay!!!!"

"List! I hear an angel singing;
Aye, it is my long-lost snore!
Whisp'ring faintly, sweet thoughts bringing.
Let us leave it bathed in gore!"

"Shebe" then appears to have fallen asleep and dreamt that it had returned home, but on waking up it burst into another flow of melody—a "more excellent song than the other:"

"But here we are again, at the Liederkranz! Why is this?

There was a man in our town,
And he was wondrous wise;
He jumped into a bramble bush,
And scratched out both his eyes.
And when he saw his eyes were out,
With all his might and main,
He jumped into another bush,
And scratched them in again.

Dost thou not perceive?"

The New-York *Tribune* has hitherto been noted as a "temperance" paper. It is quite evident that temperance principles are not at present very popular in that office. This is the conclusion of Shebe's wondrous tale:

"The popular bosom swells with emotion. We feel that this is the proudest moment of our most proud lives. We have licked our mother o'er again, and, with the national anthem ringing in our ears, we put on our dominoes and show how fields are won. H. M. Y. M. No. 2 trips the light fantastic toe in a ryhthm that reminds me of his tenderest poem. H. M. Y. M. No. 1 fastens his glittering eye upon a black domino whose pink fan waves a gentle recognition. My domino—well, never mind the color. 'By the pricking of my thumbs, something wicked this way comes.' Yes, it is—it is—but why are you not here to see for yourselves? The rest is silence."

We take this to be about the most extraordinary article ever published in a decent newspaper. Was everybody "tight" at the *Tribune* office after the Liederkranz ball? And pray what would poor Mr. Greeley have said to the revelers if he could have looked in upon their orgie? Probably he would have borrowed the words of his strange successor, and said to him, and to Shebe, and to all the rest of the brilliant party, "Leave now. Face outward! March!"

### Banquet of the Theta Delta Chi.

The Theta Delta Chi Fraternity concluded its twenty-sixth annual session at the Astor House yesterday. Mr. F. W. Stewart was elected President of the Grand Lodge for the ensuing year, and Mr. George W. Haight, of the University of Rochester, and Mr. Robert Briggs, of Hamilton College, were chosen associate members.

At night a grand banquet was given at the Metropolitan Hotel, which was largely attended. Wm. H. Merriam, Samuel D. Morris, of Brooklyn; John Hay; Gen. Wm. M. Coleman, of North Carolina; Clark Fisher, formerly of the United States Navy; Charles A. Stetson, and a number of other invited guests were present. Mr. William H. Paine, of this City, presided, and several toasts were offered and appropriately responded to.

The oration of the day was delivered by Jacob Spahn, the subject being "Reminiscences of College Life." The historian of the occasion was Mr. Franklin Burdge, who gave an interesting account of the origin of the fraternity at Union College, twenty-six years ago. Of the five original founders only two were living—Andrew H. Green, of Syracuse, and Abel Beach, of Iowa. Letters were read from these two gentlemen, expressing regret at not being able to participate in the convention and banquet. A most interesting part of the evening's entertainment was the delivery of a poem by John Brougham, entitled "The Age of Gold." The festivities of the evening closed at a late hour.

### Jay Gould's Nocturnal Visits to Albany.

It is rumored on the street that Jay Gould, during the last week, has been in the habit of making nocturnal visits to Albany. That he has taken the afternoon train over the Hudson River and Harlem Road, concealing his presence by occupying a private compartment in the drawing room and sleeping cars. That during his stay in Albany he has been visited by two well-known lobbyists, in whose judgment he has previously confided. It is generally believed that these visits must be occasioned by the resolutions recently passed by the Legislature demanding an investigation into the affairs of Erie. But whether Gould wishes the investigation to be vigorously prosecuted or discontinued, does not seem to be generally known. It is said that Gould at present will not trust any one to carry money to Albany, since the trusty henchman, who in the times of Fisk & Gould, carried bags of greenbacks thither, departed from the secret service. It is said that should the investigation be vigorously prosecuted by the Legislature, this Albany money man of the old Erie management may be willing to testify.

### Concert at the Church of the Reformation, Fiftieth-Street.

The Church of the Reformation, in Fiftieth-street, between Second and Third avenues, never presented a more lively and interesting appearance than it did last evening. Its walls were beautifully decorated with evergreens and suitable mottoes, while from the ceiling hung festoons and banners. Every seat in the edifice was occupied early in the evening, and 8 o'clock the building was filled and all standing room occupied. The occasion was a grand vocal and instrumental concert, which had been arranged by the friends of the church for the purpose of adding to the fund for maintaining and improving the building. The following artists volunteered their services: Miss M. O'Keefe, Mrs. R. H. L. Waters, Miss E. C. Foster, Miss S. Hodges, Miss E. C. Serenberg, Miss E. Ball, Miss R. J. Johnston, Mr. G. W. Berry, Mr. G. W. Hamilton, and Master S. W. Ball. The programme was an excellent one, and both ladies and gentlemen acquitted themselves remarkably well. The piano duet by Master and Miss Ball was admirably executed. Miss M. O'Keefe's rendering of "Ruth and Naomi" secured her a well-earned encore, when she substituted the Scotch ballad, "We had better bide a while." Miss Hodges' "Isolena" was enthusiastically received and encored.

## THE LOSS OF THE ERIE.

### Further Particulars of the Disaster—Return of the Crew.

The steam-ship Ontario arrived at this port yesterday, bringing the passengers, officers, and crew of the lost steamer Erie, of the same line, which, as will be remembered, was burned off the South American coast on the night of Jan. 1. The account of the disaster furnished by the officers, confirmed in every respect the reports already published in THE TIMES, adding also new and interesting details. The Erie left Rio Janeiro on her return voyage at the usual time, with 24,756 bags of coffee, the largest cargo of that staple ever taken out in a single vessel. She reached Pernambuco in due time, and sailed thence at 4 o'clock on the afternoon of Jan. 1, with fifteen passengers and a crew of eighty, including the officers. During that afternoon land was kept in sight, while steaming northward along the coast. Shortly after 10 o'clock one of the crew observed smoke issuing from the midship section of the vessel, and immediately notified the chief engineer, who, on examination, found the hold on fire at that point. The fire apparatus was at once got ready, and the crew brought into service, with the exception of a few, who were detailed to assist the chief officer, Mr. Russel, in getting the boats ready to be lowered. The passengers, some of whom had retired, were alarmed, and gave their assistance; but as it was thought likely that the fire would be subdued, no one thought of saving their effects. On the starboard side the smoke was coming out in volumes forward of the galley, and flames could be seen through the ventilators of the original deck-house. Four streams of water were directed to the fire, but without success, for at 11½ P. M. flames burst out from the ice-house and on both sides of the vessel, and the order to lower away the boats was at once given. The burning ship was now driving toward the land, and when within twelve miles from the beach, at midnight, her engines were stopped and all on board got into eight boats, and laid by till daylight, when, after seeing the hull sink, they succeeded in effecting a landing on a beach near Simbaho, a small fishing settlement. Here the shipwrecked band was hospitably entertained by a Portuguese gentleman who was on a visit to the settlement, and in the afternoon they walked overland to Parahiba, seven miles distant, where they were taken in charge by the American Consul. On the 4th the coasting steamer carried them to Pernambuco, where a large building which had been erected as a marine hospital was placed at their disposal. The second mate and two of the crew left on the 9th in the bark Polly Lewis, for New-York, and the rest were brought on by the Ontario, and landed safely in this City last night. The personal losses of the passengers and crew have been heavy, all that was saved being a few clothes and other articles, which were hastily got together just before leaving the vessel. The officers are unable to explain the cause of the fire, as there was nothing particularly combustible in the cargo. An investigation will shortly be held by the Government inspectors.

## THE LITTLE NECK MURDER.

### Continuation of the Inquest Yesterday—The Mystery Yet Unsolved.

The inquest relative to the cause of the death of James Graham, who was murdered at Little Neck during the night of Feb. 7 instant, was resumed, yesterday, before Coroner Reimer, at the North Shore Hotel at Little Neck. The witnesses were examined at length by District-Attorney Downing, and the following is the substance of the testimony taken:

George Wright, a wheelwright, testified that he had seen Graham put his money in a cigar-box, and had sometimes seen the box full; on the evening of the murder was at Moser's Hotel, and left there about 9½ P. M.; when witness passed the blacksmith's shop, he noticed a light in that part occupied by Bagadan. This being unusual, he informed Bagadan at his house, and Daniel Collins was sent to see what it meant. Witness went with Collins, who opened the shop-door and put out the candle. Witness heard the next morning of Graham's murder, and told Bagadan, who informed James McConnell; witness then told his father, and together they (father and son) went to Graham's shop. Witness knew Graham had been murdered by the condition of the body. When witness first left his own house, at 7 P. M. on Friday evening, Feb. 7, he noticed a strange man standing on the north-west corner of the blacksmith's shop, and the man seeing him approach, crossed the road. Witness went in for his hat, and on returning to the street saw the man again. Supposing him to be one of the men working in the shop, witness took no further notice of him. He could not describe him, and he had not seen him since.

Delia Bagadan, wife of Patrick Bagadan, testified that she knew James Graham, who had often visited her house, and had loaned herself and husband money; two years ago Graham loaned witness' husband $200 on a note, the interest of which was paid last April and the note renewed, the renewed note falling due on April 1 next; she owns property on which there is a mortgage of $1,000; during the latter part of January Graham made an arrangement to loan her husband $500 with which to build a shop. On Jan. 29 deceased called at her house and told her that he had drawn the money out of the bank, and that it was at Van Nostrand's, in Flushing, where they would be able to get it. On Saturday, Feb. 1, witness went to Van Nostrand, who said the money was there, but he wanted to see the deed of the land; she took the deed to him on Monday. On the following Thursday, Graham talked with her husband about the money, and on Friday she went to see Van Nostrand, but he was from home, and next morning witness heard of the murder, and saw the body; she went subsequently to Van Nostrand, but was told that Graham's death put an end to the transaction.

Daniel Collins, one of Bagadan's workmen, testified that Bagadan worked with him on and off on Friday, Feb. 7. Witness left the shop about 6¾ P. M. Dunn, one of the workmen, assisted to close up, and in doing so left the candle burning; told Dunn of it, and he said it was only the forge fire. Patrick Bagadan was in the house all the evening, and witness heard him and his wife go to bed.

Thomas Dunn also testified that Patrick Bagadan was in his own house on the night of the murder. Collins and himself lodged and boarded with Mr. and Mrs. Bagadan.

Alexander McCreary, of Philadelphia, testified that he knew James Graham in Ireland, and had corresponded with him since he came to America. Witness is brother to John and Thomas McCreary, of Little Neck. James Graham, the deceased, was his half brother. He saw Graham last in March, 1861, when he left Ireland for America. Witness had not seen his brothers, John and Thomas, for seven years until Thursday. Graham often wrote to witness in an affectionate manner.

James Cunningham, an uncle of the murdered man, was examined, but nothing material was elicited.

After the taking of some additional testimony of an unimportant nature, the District-Attorney suggested to the jury the advisability of further adjourning the inquest for two weeks, in order to allow the officers an opportunity to investigate any rumors that might be current. The adjournment was set down accordingly.

### The Newsboys' Lectures.

The third of the course of free lectures for the benefit of the newsboys was delivered by Dr. C. E. Lockwood, last night, at the Rivington-street Lodging-house, to a large audience. The subject was "The Nervous System." The lecture was illustrated by a fine manikin, bullock's heart and lungs, and various charts and diagrams. Dr. Lockwood dissected a large specimen in presence of the audience, minutely describing all its parts. The action of the lungs was also clearly shown by inflating that organ, and exhibiting it to the boys. The dangerous nature of bad air was illustrated by filling a large jar with carbonic acid gas, and shewing that a candle would not burn, nor animal life exist, in it—the latter fact being proven to the boys by placing a mouse in the jar, where it died in a few minutes. The lecturer also showed, by means of a galvanic battery, how the muscles and nerves were controlled by the brain. The lecture throughout was interesting and practical, and at the close a hearty vote of thanks was given to Dr. Lockwood for his trouble and kindness.

### Park-Avenue Opening, Brooklyn.

The Brooklyn Committee on Street-openings met last evening to consider the matter of opening Park-avenue from Hudson-avenue, its present termination, to Bridge-street. The opposition to the measure comes from property-owners and residents along the west line of the proposed opening, while those east of Hudson-avenue are in favor of it. The committee after hearing both sides, passed a resolution instructing the Corporation Counsel to draw up a bill to place before the Legislature, providing for the opening of the avenue as proposed, and repealing the old act.

## APOLLO HALL PRIMARIES.

### The General Committee for 1873—Prominent Tammanyites Among the Delegates.

In response to the call of a committee appointed by the Apollo Hall General Committee of 1872, primary meetings were held in the several Wards last evening, to elect delegates to form the General Committee for 1873, each Ward electing as many delegates as there are election districts in the Ward. Executive committees were also elected in each Ward, composed of not less than three delegates for each election district in the Ward. The names of the delegates to the new General Committee comprise many who have heretofore been prominently connected with the Tammany Hall and National Democratic organizations.

In the Eighth Ward there was a very close and exciting contest between the Norton and Cox factions. The polling was at the corner of Prince and Sullivan streets, in a small hall on the second floor. A strong force of police was present, ranged about the room, and had plenty to do in keeping the noisy crowd in order. The Norton ticket was elected.

The following is a list of the delegates elected:

*First Ward*—Cornelius Flynn, Edward Fitzpatrick, Charles Schultz, James Skuse, John P. Ryan, Matthew Stripp, Patrick Dollard, Edward Burke, Thomas Foley, Patrick Fitzgerald, Daniel Kennedy, Henry M. Ahrens, Patrick Cavanagh, Patrick McTiernan, John Moore.

*Second Ward*—Samuel H. Randall, P. Monahan, James Ledwith.

*Third Ward*—Patrick T. Carney, Hugh Egan, Arthur T. Halliday, Terence Hyland.

*Fourth Ward*—Patrick Diven, James McCabe, Joseph Shaw, James Coman, George Wilson, A. J. Fullerton, Daniel Scully, Felix Murphy, Jeremiah O'Brien, Timothy Radican, Thomas Wild, James Donovan, John S. Roche, Daniel Leary, James Murphy.

*Fifth Ward*—James Fitzgerald, Wm. H. Crane, Chas. H. Tucker, M. C. Murphy, John Connolly, Michael McDermott, Terence Duffy, Michael Madigan, George A. Barney, James H. Madigan, James Carey, Frederick Jurges, Thomas Fallon, James Hunt, Carral Cunmeen, James McBriarly, Matthew Thompson, David Jackson.

*Sixth Ward*—Morgan Jones, Patrick Kane, Owen Hunt, Wm. Kennedy, Thomas Healy, Cornelius Shea, Michael McCarty, Thomas Maher, John Quinlan, Andrew McIntire, Henry McCluskey, Jas. Coulan, Matthew Gilligan, John E. Brennan.

*Seventh Ward*—P. H. Keenan, John Galvin, Bryan Reilly, Wm. McMahon, E. N. Raffey, Andrew Lennan, Joseph Kaim, Wm. Churchill, George Cowan, J. J. Ford, Thomas Brady, John Shiel, C. Barry, Louis Levy, Michael Wall, Peter Hell, Denis Considine, James Turner, James O'Connor, John J. Reilly, Anthony Burke, Charles Reilly, Daniel Ryan, Hugh McGlynn, E. J. Cunningham, Patrick Scanlin.

*Eighth Ward*—Michael Norton, Wm. Cleary, John Kelly, Henry Husch, Amos Cummings, Wm. H. Berrigan, Wm. O'Day, Wm. Butler, Wm. Walsh, Frederick Steringer, Patrick Burke, James Cavanagh, Thos. Kelly, Michael Eagan, Lawrence Finegan, George Hagerty, Chris. O'Donnell, Cyrus Harris, Thomas Fitzgerald, John Troy, Thomas Canary.

*Ninth Ward*—Charles W. Brooke, Alex. N. Davidson, Wm. Dodge, Peter Culkin, Wm. G. Bergen, Daniel Williams, Patrick Hernon, James D. McClelland, James Roon, H. McCutcheon, Wm. H. Spear, Michael McKenna, Ignatius Flynn, Thomas Fitzsimmons, Thomas Ryan, John Mack, Jacob B. Davis, Thomas Coonan, John Houghtalin, Moses Hamilton, Patrick Lynch, Patrick Kehoe, John Morris, T. Shea, P. McGarvey, Thomas Dunham, David Westervelt, Thomas Fitzpatrick, John Boyle, Thomas Simmons, A. J. Terhune, Patrick Anderson, Joseph O'Neill, Louis Beers.

*Tenth Ward*—Charles Gausmann, W. E. Burckhardt, J. T. Brinkman, George Grenhart, Henry Snellback, John Hoemberg, John A. Hassler, S. Brady, D. J. Sullivan, Daniel Eiselzer, Frank Stroebel, Joseph Fleischel, Thomas Finnigan, Eugene French, John McCauley, Richard Cullen, Robert Burkhardt.

*Eleventh Ward*—Wm. W. Vanderbilt, Peter Bowe, P. Kearney, N. Murphy, J. Mack, John J. Lorey, Wm. Donnelly, Francis Cox, Owen Boyle, John T. Birden, John Reardon, P. Casey, John Schuff, John McGuikin, John H. Dengler, Andrew Balldorf, John Stalch, Moses Michaels, Nicholas Benner, Martin Stumpf, Wm. Hartting, Christian Walls, R. J. Welch, Jacob Bischoff, Martin Schreiner, Thomas C. Cahill, Geo. B. Rhodes, Philip Eckhardt, Hamilton Platt.

*Twelfth Ward*—Levi C. Adams, Thos. P. Tappen, John E. Devlin, Chas. B. Morris, Chas. Borst, John W. Smith, Geo. Underholzer, Andrew J. Keating, Addison Smith, John Cunningham, Patrick Bannon, John F. Toomey, Louis Frank, Jas. Hodges, Frits Loeber, Isaac White, Dr. Demarest, Mathew Coogan, Chas. Dowd, Isaac J. Lockwood, Shepherd Knapp, Bartholomew McDonald, Jas. A. Deering, J. Romaine Brown, Lorenzo Hefter, Thos. Daly, Jas. Kehoe, Archibald Phillips, Isaac J. Stillings, Thos. Loughran, Mathew J. Fogarty, James Owens, Edward Jones.

*Thirteenth Ward*—Frederick Gorman, John C. Rapp, Patrick O'Connor, Charles Koster, Thomas H. Sullivan, John Phelan, Isaac S. Baker, William Quinlan, William Hennessy, John Sigerson, L. E. Hill, J. D. McKinnon, Charles Lewis, James Kirkwood, John G. McGee, James Towers, Isaac Brush, Morris Meyers.

*Fourteenth Ward*—William H. Rooney, James J. Slevin, Owen Kavanagh, Mathew Perkinson, James Giblin, Bernard J. Dennin, Matthew Cassidy, Thomas Stanton, Frederick J. Byrne, Jacob Sauer, Thomas Carey, Henry Kruger, Patrick Oakley.

*Fifteenth Ward*—Jenkins Van Schaick, Frank A. Ransom, Michael O. Finnell, John McNicoll, D. Crump Ormsby, John C. Butts, J. O. Tobias, Michael Smith, John Gilmore, Martin H. Lewis, Timothy O'Brien, William J. Gibson, Frederick L. Comstock, Thomas J. Miller, James McPyke, Benjamin Wood, George H. Purser.

*Sixteenth Ward*—Joseph W. Lamb, Michael Gallagher, Bernard Goodwin, John Ford, Robert Tinly, Wm. Carr, Edward McNamee, Thos. Gibney, Cornelius O'Reilly, Thos. Miller, John Shanley, A. R. Herrick, John Donnelly, Richard Docharty, Robert Borland, Frank Leahy, John Kinney, B. Van Buren, S. D. Peters, Geo. W. Mitchell, Valentine Fink, Geo. Bough, John Gallagher, Michael K. McCartney, John Clark, John F. Higgin.

*Seventeenth Ward*—George Hencken, Jr., James Daly, Frederick Rollwagen, Jr., Henry T. Carroll, William P. Mitchell, P. J. Carty; Henry Allen, Christian Frank, P. Dunkin, Patrick Cunningham, Thomas Clark, Bernard F. McGill, Andrew Ceder, John Theiss, John Regelman, Alexander Sutter, Nicholas Muller, Anton Sauer, William Gleason, Richard G. Duffy, Thomas J. Creamer, P. J. Hanbury, Anthony Hartman, Anthony Clinchy, William J. Lynch, John Winters, Jacob A. Haizel, Louis Fauerbach, Bernard Kenny, Henry Rommell, Henry Banks, Nicholas Seger, Robert Schrend, Cord Mahnken, Prosper J. Blum, John Guth, John C. Meister, George Schuster, John Clarz, Bernard Dugan, Patrick Mullen.

*Eighteenth Ward*—Burton N. Harrison, Robt. B. Nooney, Nicholas Haughton, Solomon Mehrbach, John J. Hearn, John Scott, Patrick T. Cunningham, John E. Cumiskey, Christopher Hackett, Patrick Brady, Michael Kelly, John O'Toole, John Tierney, Thos. Mismer, Peter Wheartry, Patrick Mylean, Jas. Mackin, Wm. Padean, Joseph J. McCarthy, Andrew F. Connolly, Kanfrau Worms, John Brannigan, Fred. Koch, Timothy Geary, Robt. M. Fleis, Henry B. Mulhall, John Maguire, Aaron Churchill, John Tarbel, Walter S. Lawrence, Chas. P. Sykes, Joseph Powell, D. V. Williamson, John Bell.

*Nineteenth Ward*—John McCool, James Cunningham, K. F. Page, Cor. O'Reilly, E. S. Cauldwell, Cornelius Horgan, Wm. A. Butler, James G. Coffey, Michael Mahoney, Con. Desmond, Frank McCabe, Denis Looney, Denis DeCourcey, Jacob Cohen, Michael Tuomey, John McCafferty, F. M. Bixby, James R. Keeler, Hamilton Bruce, Philip F. Smith, Wm. F. Howe, James McGovern, John Murphy, James McCabe, Barnard Wilson, John Tomey, Peter Dempsey, John Connors, Patrick McManus, Michael Casey, Jer. Feore, John A. Butler, Geo. W. Van Slyck, Chas. H. Rielly, Henry Hinck, Wm. Heboard, Michael Whalen, John Doyle, Philip Shefer, Peter Mehan, James Brady, Michael Vail, Robert J. Campbell, Patrick Kirwin, Matthew Baird, John Lalor, Thomas Corcoran, William Frazer, P. H. Lyden, William Hitchman.

*Twentieth Ward*—Samuel J. Courtney, Alfred Spaulding, Valentine Cook, Nicholas Judge, Dennis Mannion, John Murray, Sr., John Fudge, Jas. Beggan, Thos. J. Quirk, Morgan R. Billinger, Nathan Byrnes, Wm. E. Demarest, Wm. B. Pettit, John Fehr, Benj. Currin, John Bate, Henry C. Palmer, Chas. Appell, M. P. Golden, A. N. Radcliff, James Devine, James P. Winters, Alex. Frear, Philip Miller, Lewis Strauss, Caspar Meyers, John Muller, Lewis Smith, Caspar Wagner, F. F. Reynolds, John O'Neill, Lewis Sommers, Matthew Keane, Martin Keogh, John Gaynor, Felix Murray, Valentine Kessler, Martin Murray.

*Twenty-first Ward.*—Peter Gilsey, Henry L. Clinton, J. Nelson Tappen, Butler H. Bixby, Joseph A. Monheimer, Wm. C. Whitney, Henry Morrison, Law. D. Kiernan, Wm. D. Booth, Mathew Bymer, Nicholas H. Decker, James Everard, Thos. J. McCahill, John W. Pettigrew, James Dempsey, Patrick Handibode, Jacob Morlath, David Banks, Thomas Higgins, Peter Seery, Lawrence McMahon, Peter Hickey, Bernard O'Neill, John S. Matthews, John O'Shaughnessy, Sylvanus Haight, John Carney, Martin E. Degan, Philip Cumisky, Patrick Casey, Chas. Devlin, Patrick Larney, James O'Brien, Wm. C. Barrett.

*Twenty-second Ward*—Henry Murray, Alexander Spaulding, Roswell D. Hatch, William Joyce, Aloys Muller, Jans F. Allen, Erastus C. Wilson, Philip Donahue, Martin Buckley, John Reynolds, Thomas Dooley, Laurence Brady, David Draddy, James Monahan, Michael Kane, Bernard Docharty, John Doran, Peter McCullogh, James Donnelly, John E. Green, William Carney, John Nugent, John Quinn, Edward J. Gean, George Green, Martin Sanger, Timothy J. Evans, John McDonald, Andrew Ewald, Michael Gramonds, James J. Martin, James F. Gun, Michael Hollahan, Peter B. Masterson, John Wonnenberg, Alexander Martin.

### The Modocs.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 20.—A dispatch from Yreka, to-night, says Meecham, Applegate, and Case and Gen. Canby, the Modoc Peace Commissioners, arrived at Fairchild's Ranche on the 19th inst., and sent a messenger for Robert Whittle and his Modoc wife, Matilda, who will go with them to Capt. Jack's camp—Matilda to solicit an interview and ask Capt. Jack to appoint a day for a council. The Commissioners will insist on the unconditional surrender of Capt. Jack and party, the trial of the murderers by civil authority, and the removal of the remaining Modocs to a distant coast reservation. Two mortars, a lot of hand-grenades, and other munitions of war were shipped from the Benicia Arsenal to-day. Gen. Gillem and all the troops before stationed at Benicia are now at the front. Probably two days must elapse before the result of the peace commission can be known.

### Senator Morrill's Committee.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—Senator Morrill's Special Committee on Credit Mobilier held a secret session to-day, during which they examined the evidence taken by the Poland Committee in connection with that taken by themselves, with a view to making up the report. Nearly all the evidence is in, and the committee will probably present the report to the Senate by the middle of next week. Mr. John B. Alley has been summoned, and will be examined to-morrow in relation to the $10,000 given Senator Harlan by Mr. Durant, and if Mr. Durant made claim on the Union Pacific Railroad Company for that sum.

## NEW-YORK AND SUBURBAN NEWS.

### NEW-YORK.

The annual ball of the Plate-printers' Union took place last evening, at Apollo Hall.

The Western Union Telegraph Company has opened an office at No. 203 Fourteenth-street, near Third-avenue.

Sergt. William E. Brush, of the Twentieth Precinct Police, was placed on the retired list, yesterday, with a pension of $600 per annum.

Rev. John Breery, late pastor of the R. C. Church of the Annunciation, Manhattanville, was buried yesterday in St. Patrick's Cathedral.

Fulton-street prayer meetings for business men are now held in the church corner of Fulton and William streets, and are largely attended.

The Spaniards of this City and Brooklyn will celebrate the proclamation of the Republic of Spain at the Maison Dorée, Fourteenth-street, this evening.

Father Burke was entertained last evening by the Dominican Fathers, at Sixty-sixth-street. He will leave to-day on the City of Paris for Europe.

George Moorehouse alias Wm. H. Burke, an alleged sawdust swindler, was examined before Commissioner Shields, yesterday. The case was adjourned to Monday.

The new steam-ship Pembroke, of the line from Cardiff to New-York, built at Renfrew, on the Clyde, is expected to leave Cardiff for this port on the 12th of March.

On Thursday night the store of J. W. Johnson, No. 260 Grand-street, was entered by burglars, who carried off kid gloves, jewelry, and underwear valued at $1,150.

The congregation of the New-York Presbyterian Church, the roof of which fell on Sunday last, will assemble for worship to-morrow, at 10½ A. M., in the Bleecker Buildings.

At the Polytechnic Branch of the American Institute, last evening, Dr. Adolph Ott read a paper on "Modern Alchemists," in which he criticised the various patents for artificial stone.

The coupling of the Harlem Railroad freight-train, which left the depot at 9½ A. M. yesterday, broke, and the disconnected cars narrowly escaped a collision with the 10 o'clock Albany Express.

Frank Howard, a salesman with Seigfried, Marc & Co., jewelers, No. 367 Eighth-avenue, was arrested yesterday, charged with defrauding several of the creditors of the firm to the amount of $8,000.

The Board of Police yesterday received a communication from the citizens of the Eighth Ward, complaining of the rowdies in the ward, and calling for protection from the police. The matter was referred to the Superintendent.

John P. O'Neill, Esq., formerly United States District-Attorney in Philadelphia, has, on motion of Charles O'Conor, Esq., been admitted by the Supreme Court, General Term, to practice in all the courts of this State.

Philip Newman and Walter Develin, alias Moffit, alias Lilly, the alleged straw bondsmen, who were arrested in the United States District-Attorney's office, were yesterday indicted by the Grand Jury of the United States Circuit Court.

In the case of Henry C. Bishop, an artist, against Thomas Keech, brought in the Court of Common Pleas, to recover $1,000, the price of a picture ordered by defendant, the jury were yesterday ordered to bring in a sealed verdict on Monday.

The Committee on Legislation of the Committee of Seventy will meet this evening to complete their arrangements for the meeting to be held at the Cooper Institute, on Tuesday evening next, to protest against the passage of the charter.

At the Working Men's Union last evening a committee reported that Mayor Havemeyer promised to investigate the claims of parties occupying the sidewalks with their goods, and who alleged a right of user under permits from the corporation.

Andrew R. Robinson, an unemployed carpenter, separated from his wife, committed suicide in the Eastern Hotel, Whitehall-street, yesterday morning, by opening a vein in his left leg. Domestic infelicity is supposed to be the cause of the suicide.

Herman Goldstein, No. 140 East One Hundred and Eleventh-street, arrested a few evenings since for having stolen goods in his possession, was yesterday arraigned before Justice Bixby, at the Yorkville Police Court, and held for examination, in default of $5,000 bail.

Yesterday certain cartmen employed by Messrs. Thorpe, of Yorkville, were arrested for removing building materials belonging to the City, valued at some thousands of dollars. The men pleaded ignorance, and alleged that they acted under instructions from their employers. Justice McQuade held them in default of bail.

The subcommittee of the committee appointed by the Union League Club to confer with and consult all reform interests in relation to the new charter, met last evening, and concluded, in view of the action of the Legislature, and the probable passing of the charter on Tuesday, that further action on their part would be futile.

An inquest was held yesterday in the case of Isaac Ahrens, seventy years old, No. 315 East Fifty-second-street, whose death resulted, as was alleged by his relatives, from his premature discharge from the Mount Sinai Hospital, where he had been under treatment for debility. The jury exonerated the surgeons of the hospital from any blame.

The New-York Liberal Club held its 180th meeting last evening, at Plimpton Hall. Dr. T. S. Lambert read a paper upon the elevating tendencies of true physiology and the capabilities of the brain, endeavoring to show what it can do and what it cannot do. After the lecture a discussion upon the subject took place among the members.

The William H. Seward Club, a Republican association organized at the beginning of the present year, held a meeting last evening, at the club-rooms, corner of Thirty-fourth-street and Seventh-avenue, the President, Mr. Wm. S. Murray, in the chair. Deputy Collector Thos. L. James and Hon. George M. Van Nort, Commissioner of Public Works, were elected, among others, to membership. The club will give a reception to its members and friends in a short time.

### BROOKLYN.

A new Police Precinct has been established in the south-eastern part of the city to be known as the Tenth Subprecinct.

A second unsuccessful attempt was made Thursday night to burn the frame tenement-house No. 339 Baltic-street, South Brooklyn.

Yesterday morning City Treasurer Sprague, while crossing Poplar-street, at the intersection of Hicks-street, slipped on the ice and broke his leg.

There were 185 deaths in Brooklyn during the past week, being an increase of 17 over the week previous, and 38 less than the corresponding week last year.

Coroner Jones held an inquest, yesterday, on the bodies of Willie and Joseph Smith, the two children who perished in the fire at No. 177 Sackett-street on Tuesday afternoon. The jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

### LONG ISLAND.

Henry Jones, of South Oyster Bay, who had his jaw broken during an affray with Charles Howard, a few days ago, died yesterday morning. Howard is held to await the result of the inquest.

### NEW-JERSEY.

Henry Ford, who shot himself in Jersey City, Thursday afternoon, has since died.

John McDermott, a son of ex-Alderman McDermott, of Hoboken, died yesterday from the effects of a fall.

John Wilson, aged fifty-five years, committed suicide by hanging himself, yesterday, at his residence, Lambertville.

Thomas Farrel, who assaulted Joseph Price, of Jersey City, and stabbed him in the face, was yesterday convicted and remanded for sentence.

Constable McNeil, of Hudson County, was yesterday convicted of false imprisonment for the arrest of a woman named K[illegible]bour, and sentenced to six months' imprisonment in the penitentiary.

A post-mortem examination held by Drs. Annreaux and Balleray on the body of Mrs. Aldrich, who died suddenly at her home, No. 81 Willis-street, Paterson, on Thursday, shows that death was caused by pleurisy of the heart.

Lizzie Conville, aged sixteen, has been missing from her home, at Henderson and Tenth streets, Jersey City, for several days. She left home to visit a friend on Lexington-avenue, New-York, but never arrived there and has not since been seen.

The Methodist Seminary at Hackettstown is completed and will probably be opened the coming Summer. The cost of the building has been $148,000. Of this amount $115,700 have been collected and $20,600 pledged, leaving a balance of less than $12,000 to be provided for.

Thomas Brougham, aged sixteen years, went into a saloon on Oxford-street, Newark, on Wednesday, and called for a drink. On being refused, he struck the woman in attendance with a tumbler. Her injuries are thought to be fatal. Brougham was arrested.

### Vice-President Colfax.

*From the Detroit Tribune, Feb. 18.*

In the Fall of 1868, while Hon. Wm. A. Howard was stumping in Indiana, he met Mr. Colfax, and while conversing upon the campaign, its incidents and prospects, he remarked to Mr. Colfax that the expenses of the campaign must be considerable to him. Mr. Colfax replied that they were, but that he had friends who had generously helped him to a considerable extent, and then related his reception of $1,000 from Mr. Nesbitt, of New-York, a gentleman with whom he said he was but slightly acquainted. This statement of Mr. Howard is, to our mind, a perfect corroboration of Mr. Colfax's recent testimony, and completely clears up the suspicions that had gathered around his deposit of $1,200 in currency. The statement comes to us directly from the gentleman to whom Mr. Howard made it.

## WEST INDIES.

### Haytien Politics and Finances Equally Muddled—The Sugar Crop.

The steamer Ontario brings the following West Indian advices:

HAYTI.

President Nissage has imprisoned those who were anxious to put Gen. Salomon in nomination for the Presidency, that they might not take part in the election. The Chamber of Deputies will meet in April, and the new President will step into power in April, 1874. Gen. Domingue is almost certain to be elected. The new Assembly will decide that. All paper money to cease circulating in Hayti on the 1st of February. Twenty thousand dollars were stolen from the public treasury at Port-au-Prince the night before it was to be sent south for circulation. This will delay the buying up of paper in Jacmel, Aux Cayes, and other southern townships. The treasury officers take forged paper at a discount, and this is how so much of it is to be found in the treasury by accidental taking in.

BARBADOS.

It is believed that 5,000 laborers emigrated to Demerara, during the past year, in search of employment. Wet weather has been experienced during the month, to the great improvement of the canes, which are still under a vigorous growth. No sugar was likely to be made before March.

DOMINICA.

The weather has been very wet and heavy. While effecting much good to the growing crops, this weather has, of course, damaged the roads of the island to a considerable extent, and, should it continue, will doubtless impede the manufacture and deteriorate the quality of the sugar, which has commenced to be made on a few estates.

ST. LUCIA.

The new year has opened auspiciously for the crop. Showers of rain continue to fall daily and generally over the island, and the canes have quite recovered their growth.

GRENADA.

A bill for the disestablishment and gradual disendowment of the Church of England in this island has been read a first time in the Assembly.

The weather continued showery, and planters had nothing to complain of. Canes have wonderfully improved of late, and it is hoped the crop will not fall off so greatly as was expected.

TRINIDAD.

But little sugar has been made as yet. The weather was favorable to the planters.

### Rosenzweig Indicted for the Murder of Alice Bowlsby.

The Grand Jury yesterday ordered the indictment of Rosenzweig, the abortionist, on the charge of murder in the first degree. The bill of indictment was made out last evening, and the prisoner will be arraigned on Monday morning, in the Court of General Sessions, before Recorder Hackett.

### Chicago Cattle Market.

CHICAGO, Feb. 21.—Nearly all the stock trains were delayed to-day up to 3 P. M.; receipts were light. Cattle dull; buyers demanded a reduction, but holders of good Steers were firm, and full prices were obtained; receipts, 900; good 12 cwt. Steers sold at $5@$5 30; choice 13 to 14½ cwts., $5 62½@$6; fair fleshy light Steers, $4 65@$4 75. Shipments, 1,800. Live Hogs active and firmer; receipts about 14,000, with many trains due. Packers sold at $4 30@$4 50; shippers, $4 55@$4 60. Shipments, 7,500.

[Advertisement.]

Pimples and cutaneous affections removed by using Juniper Tar Soap, manufactured by CASWELL, HAZARD & Co., New-York.

### Passengers Arrived.

*In steam-ship Ontario, from Rio Janeiro.*—Geo. McLean, Wm. H. T. Hughes, Sache Martinez, J. de A. de Castro, J. C. Alves da Lima, Dr. C. A. da Costa Fereria, John Warwick, Master Welsh, John Larne, P. H. S. Maior, J. Y. d'Aquino, J. F. Tarbell, United States Navy, Benj. Rich, John Collins, Thos. Gaine, Pierce Garrick, José Patricio, E. O'Brien, Jas. B. Bond, R. C. Hays, P. J. C. Bentua, R. M. Calmar, wife, and 2 infants, C. A. Bonelli, Warren Hall, Augustus Hall, D. Abraham, R. F. Folsom, R. J. Duncomb, A. S. Johnson, A. Hernandes, M. F. Castro, Blac Brusual and wife, Prof. Ducumtiere, Capt. E. L. Tinklepaugh, and 72 of the crew of steam-ship Erie.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises.....6:45 | Sun sets.......5:44 | Moon rises.3:15

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook..3:22 | Gov. Island...4:11 | Hell Gate..5:33

## MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK.......FRIDAY, Feb. 21.

### Cleared.

Steam-ships Euxine, (Br.,) Staples, Bremen, &c., Funch, Edye & Co; Anglia, (Br.,) Small, Glasgow, &c., Henderson Bros.; Geo. W. Clyde, Cole, Galveston, &c., C. H. Mallory & Co.; South America, Carpenter, Rio Janeiro, W. R. Garrison; Celtic, (Br.,) Murray, Liverpool, &c., J. Hyde Sparks; St. Laurent, (Fr.,) Lemaire, Havre, &c., George Mackenzie; City of Paris, (Br.,) Leitch, Liverpool, Jno. G. Dale; The Queen, (Br.,) Andrews, Liverpool, F. W. J. Hurst; Bremen, (Ger.,) Ludwig, Bremen via Southampton, Oelrichs & Co.; Montgomery, Faircloth, Savannah, Robert Lowden; Niagara, Stark, Hamilton, Bermuda, Lunt Brothers; Consett, (Br.,) Haisman, Stettin, H. Sweetland & Co.; E. C. Knight, Johnson, Georgetown, Geo. B. Merrick & Co.

Ships Elizabeth Dongan, (Br.,) Cork or Falmouth, Peabody, Willis & Co.; R. C. Winthrop, Moulton, Antwerp, Funch, Edye & Co.

Barks Nederland and Orange, (Dutch,) Hassam, Rotterdam, Funch Edye & Co.; George & Ludwig, (Swed.,) Thomson, Konigsberg, Funch, Edye & Co.; Frey, (Norw.,) Halosen, Amsterdam, C. Tobias & Co.; Henry Flitner, Dickey, Matanzas, James E. Ward & Co.; Morning Star, (Br.,) Waugh, St. Jago de Cuba, Waydell & Co.

Brigs Angelia, Bray, Cienfuegos, Cuba, Simpson, Clapp & Co.; Haze, Hooper, Matanzas, B. P. Sherman; Veteran, (Br.,) Snow, Valenciennes, James Henry; Waltham, Trimm, Wilmington, N. C., Simpson, Clapp & Co.; J. H. Gillespie, (Br.,) Brown, Vigo, D. R. De Wolf & Co.; Wesley & Seymour, (Br.,) Speee, Cork or Falmouth, J. C. Whitney & Co.; Josie, Pettigrew, Sagua la Grande, Simpson, Clapp & Co.; Emma Smart, Havana, Cuba, James E. Ward & Co.; Juliet C. Clark, Moore, St. Jago de Cuba, Thompson & Hunter.

Schr. Sallie Burton, Burley, Stamford, Stamford Manufacturing Co.

### Arrived.

Steam-ship Ontario, Slocum, Rio Janeiro Jan. 26, Bahia 30th, Pernambuco Feb. 1, Para 6th, St. Thomas 14th, with mdse. and 40 passengers to William R. Garrison.

Bark Maria C., (Ital.,) Romano, Newcastle, Eng., 71 ds., with mdse. to H. & F. W. Meyer.

Bark Zelia, (of Ipswich, Eng.,) Holton, Messina 57 ds., with fruit to Willett C. Ward.

Brig S. P. Smith, (of Bangor,) Dodge, Cadiz 50 ds., with wine to J. Bensusan.

Brig B. F. Nash, Hopkins, Cardenas 9 ds., with sugar to Youngs, Smith & Co.

Brig Sophia, (Swed.,) Johannsen, Rio Janeiro Dec. 19, via Hampton Roads 5 ds., with coffee to C. G. Ramsay & Co.

Brig Amilcare, (Ital.,) Romano, Beyrout 85 ds., via Malta 62 ds., with mdse. to Alpheus Hardy & Co.

Brig Sophia Amalia, (Swed.,) Bengston, Rio Grande do Sul 71 ds., with hides to order.

Brig Fleur de Marie, (Fr.,) Thomas, Rio Grande do Sul Dec. 6, with hides to Dowley, Comers & Co.

Brig Hattie S. Bishop, (of Harpswell,) Webber, Cardenas 9 ds., with sugar to Simon de Visser.

Schr. Ocean Queen, (of Plymouth, Eng.,) Holton, Messina 58 ds., with fruit to order.

Brig L. F. Munson, (of East Machias,) Munson, Seville Jan. 9, with cork-wood, &c., to Wm. King & Co.—vessel to F. Talbot & Co.

Schr. Mabel F. Staples, (of Harrington,) Cole, Guantanamo, 12 ds., with sugar to J. M. Ceballos.

Schr. Hattie E. Smith, (of Newburyport,) Brown, Mayaguez, P. R., 13 ds., with oranges to Jos. Eneas.

Schr. Jennie F. Willey, Willey, Fernandina, 8 ds., with lumber to T. D. Whiting & Co.

Schr. Gettysburg, Corson, Wilmington, N. C., 10 ds., with naval stores to order—vessel to master.

Schr. S. C. Evans, Yates, Demerara 21 ds., with sugar to D. Trowbridge & Co.—vessel to A. Abbott.

Schr. Kate Wentworth, (of Castine,) Meade, Cienfuegos 13 ds., with sugar to Tucker & Lightbourn.

Schr. Pathfinder, (of Gloucester,) Stapleton, Fortune Bay, N. F., 14 ds., with fish to master.

Schr. Laura A. Dodd, (of Gloucester,) Cameron, Fortune Bay, N. F., 19 ds., with fish to master.

Schr. Charles A. Ropes, (of Salem,) Kirby, Fortune Bay, N. F., 15 ds., with fish to master.

Schr. M. E. Woodhull, Davis, Indianola, 22 ds., with hides, wool, &c., to Evans, Ball & Co.

Schr. Stephen G. Hart, Hart, Savannah 7 ds., with lumber to Jonathan Beers—vessel to H. W. Loud & Co.

Schr. Queen of the South, Corson, Galveston 23 ds., with mdse. to Chas. H. Mallory & Co.

Schr. Margaret Kennedy, Baldwin, Greenport.

Schr. M. R. Carlisle, Northrop, Newport.

Schr. Evelyn, Palmer, Stamford.

Schr. O. C. Acken, Meade, Stamford.

WIND—Sundown, fresh N. N. W., with snow-squalls.

### By Telegraph.

BOSTON, Feb. 21.—Arr. steamers Thames, from London via Portland; Saxon, from Philadelphia.

Below—Bark Neptune, from Cienfuegos; brig Zerlina, from Long Cay.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Feb. 21.—Arr. steamer Charleston, from New-York; schr. G. Ferguson, from Belfast, Me.

Sld. schrs. Lizzie Florence, from New-York; Matvalla, for Baltimore; Sue W. Townsend, for Georgetown, S. C.; A. B. Heyer, for Philadelphia.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Feb. 21.—Arr. steam-ships Leo, from New-York; brig Priemerh, from Barbados; schrs. Charles H. Daw, for Wiscassett; John Ingraham, for Philadelphia; Helen Brooks and Helen M. Wait, for Boston.

Cld. steam-ships Saragossa, for Baltimore; bark Atlanta, for Bremen.

Sld. brigs Catalina, Pulma, D. E. Wallace; schr. John Shay, for Philadelphia.

### Spoken, &c.

By schr. Ocean Queen, Jan. 23, lat. 27 30, lon. 37 55, spoke ship Aurora, from San Francisco, for Liverpool, 152 ds. out; Feb. 9, lat. 39 20, lon. 66 30, brig Augusta, (Swed.,) from ——, for New-York.

By brig B. F. Marsh, Feb. 14, lat. 38, lon. 71 30, spoke brig Riverside, (Br.,) from Philadelphia, bound E.

### European Marine News.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 21.—Arr. steamers Canadian, from New-Orleans Jan. 29; Manhattan, from New-York Feb. 17; ships Ravenscrag, from New-York Jan. 25; J. A. Thompson, from New-Orleans Jan. 18.

QUEENSTOWN, Feb. 21.—The Williams & Guion line steam-ship Manhattan, Capt. Price, from New-York Feb. 7, for Liverpool, touched here yesterday at 5 P. M., and proceeded.

WATCHES.

TIFFANY & CO.,
Union-square.

THE "TIFFANY & CO." WATCHES ARE STEM-WINDERS MADE IN THE BEST MANNER, AND ADJUSTED TO HEAT, COLD, AND POSITION, GUARANTEED ACCURATE TIME-KEEPERS, AND THE BEST AND CHEAPEST YET MADE.

1873.
THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
Life Insurance Company,
NEWARK, N. J.

Statement, Jan. 1. 1873.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Balance as per statement, Jan. 1, 1872 | | | $32,241,795 83 |
| Received for premiums during the year 1872 | $5,344,188 51 | | |
| Received for interest during the year 1872 | 1,524,116 18 | | |
| Received for annuities during the year 1872 | 770 99 | | |
| Total Receipts for '72 | | $6,869,055 68 | |
| Paid claims by death | $1,311,444 72 | | |
| Paid endowments | 40,301 11 | | |
| Paid surrendered policies | 326,024 98 | | |
| Paid advertising and printing | 64,004 90 | | |
| Paid contingent expenses | 55,345 91 | | |
| Paid postage and exchange | 11,051 49 | | |
| Paid taxes and internal revenue | 34,544 09 | | |
| Paid commissions to agents | 406,342 88 | | |
| Paid "physicians' fees | 20,882 22 | | |
| Paid annuities | 1,486 70 | | |
| Paid return premiums | 1,660,426 00 | 4,573,069 94 | [illegible] |
| | | | [illegible] |

ASSETS.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Cash on hand | $603,717 94 | |
| Real estate | 149,052 39 | |
| United States securities | 1,551,509 00 | |
| State, City, and County bonds | 6,135,809 00 | |
| Bonds and mortgages | 10,224,202 70 | |
| Loans and policies in force | 6,862,970 00 | |
| Loans on scrip | 1,455 41 | |
| Due for premiums in course of transmission | 118,979 25 | [illegible] |
| Interest due and accrued | 534,651 38 | |
| Premiums due and not yet received, on issues principally of November and December, (of this sum $150,000 has since been received, Jan 15, 1873) | 428,651 95 | [illegible] |
| Total Assets, Jan. 1, 1873 | | [illegible] |

Ratio of expenses to income, (excluding taxes,) 8.57 per cent.

The dividend of Return Premiums declared by the Directors in 1872 will be paid to the assured, as their premiums fall due in 1873, in conformity with the rules of the Company.

DIRECTORS.

| | |
|---|---|
| LEWIS C. GROVER, | I. H. FROTHINGHAM, |
| HENRY McFARLAN, | RANDALL H. GREENE, |
| A. S. SNELLING, | JOSEPH A. HALSEY, |
| MARCUS L. WARD, | H. N. CONGAR, |
| NEHEMIAH PERRY, | OSCAR L. BALDWIN, |
| JOSIAH O. LOW, | THEO. MACKNET. |

LEWIS C. GROVER, President.
H. N. CONGAR, Vice-President.
EDWARD A. STRONG, Sec'y.
BENJ. C. MILLER, Treas.

SAMUEL H. LLOYD,
State Agent Eastern District of New-York,
NO. 137 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

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WALTHAM WATCHES,
FOR LADIES.

SMALL IN SIZE.
SUBSTANTIAL IN CONSTRUCTION.
ACCURATE IN PERFORMANCE.
ELABORATE IN FINISH.
MODERATE IN PRICE.

A full assortment always on hand, carefully regulated, and ready for immediate use.

HOWARD & CO.,
NO. 865 BROADWAY, above Union-square.

NOTICE.
J. & C. JOHNSTON,
BROADWAY, 5TH-AV.,
AND
22D-ST.
OPENING DAY
OF THEIR
NEW
CARPET DEPARTMENT,
Monday, Feb. 24, 1873,
WHEN THEIR
CUSTOMERS
AND
THE PUBLIC GENERALLY
ARE INVITED
TO THE EXHIBITION.

SPENCERIAN
Double Elastic
STEEL PENS

These celebrated Pens are increasing very rapidly in sale, owing to their unexcelled manufacture. They are of superior English make, and are famous for their elasticity, durability, and evenness of point. For sale everywhere.

For the convenience of those who may wish to try them, we will send a sample card, containing all of the fifteen numbers, by mail on receipt of 25 cents.

IVISON, BLAKEMAN, TAYLOR & CO.,
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